all the leading varieties of Worsteds, the most carefully selected patterns, ly inspection.

WHITEHALL STREET.

VN & KING,

JRERS OF AND DEALERS

N AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES,

TOOLS, LEATHER AND RUBBER

ACKING, ETC., PORTABLE FORGERS, PRESSURE BLOWERS

NS, WROUGHT IRON PIPE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS.

Telegraph & Electrical Apparatus & Supplies

Sole agents for the J. RANDOLPH HARD PATENT IN-PROVED ELECTRO MEDICAL APPARATUS, the most perfect and durable Battery in the market. Special agents, Georgia, Albama and Florida for HESS ELECTRIC GUEST CALL and FIRE ALARM for hotels.

ELECTRO - PLATERS. Chandellers and Brass Goods of every description, pol-ished and lacquered equal to new.

Medical Batteries and other Electrical Apparatus scription promptly attended to, in the city or out end for specific to the city or out.

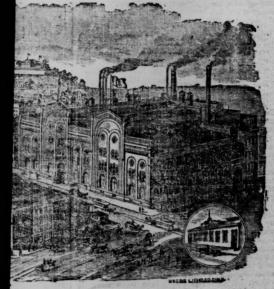
Stove Flue, absolutely Terra Cotta Chimney d Stove Thimbles.

IME, S MENTS ASTER PARIS,-RAIN PIPE, EWER PIPE, IRE BRICK, FIRE CLAY,--MARBLE DUST,--SHOP COAL,-GRATE COAL. ATLANTA. GA

LAGER BEER.

GEO. MOERLEIN, Vice-Pre

CINNATI, OHIO. 0,000 BARRELS YEARLY.



le Everywhere in Atlanta.

our "NATIONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade mail, and piece and according to the most approved methods. It is a toutain a fracticle of any injurious ingredients, and being shouvariably preserbed by the nost prominent physicians for the The "NATIONAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Australier cased facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our custom-

L EXPORT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnation in the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the HRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be tewed at home or abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dosen

ig, Atlanta Agent.

DERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

President.

JACOB HAAS, Cashier

CITY BANK

daysand Mondays Until 7 p. m e England, Germany, France and all owest market rates.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIX.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY MORNING, MARCH 22, 1888.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A Cyclone Arises From the Bosom of the Gulf,

BREAKS AGAINST THE BORDER

Distinctive Columns

THE TOWN OF CALHOUN A WRECK

Four Men Crushed to Death in Lumber City.

CASUALTIES THROUGHOUT THE STATE

The storm of Tuesday night was remarkable for its unusual electrical display. The rain which accompanied it was terrific. As seen from Atlanta, the skies atound were frequently a ring of fire. It was evident from the first that great damage must have re

sulted, and that the extent of the storm was

Early yesterday morning news began to come in from various parts of the state detailing great disaster. The tragic occurrence at Lumber City was the most serious incident of the storm. The destruction of Calhoun was remarkable because of the absence of casualty

The story of the storm, its scope and its dreadful work will be found in that which fol-

THE TERROR AT AUSTELL. The Freaks of the Elements in Sweetwater

Valley.

Austell, March 21.—[Special.]—The most destructive cyclone ever known in this section of the state swept through the little vale in which Austell and Salt Spring is located last night, scattering death and ruin upon all

The storm began about eleven o'clock The day was the most beautiful one of the spring. It was a perfect spring day, and when the storm, which was then hanging over the place, and the people with no thought of the dangers to which they were to be subjected before another day came sought their homes. Austell is built upon two hills—one upon the north side of the railroad and the other upon the south side. Between these two hills is a narrow vale in which the business houses is located. The hills are considerably higher than the little valley and upon them the greatest destruction to property and the loss of

Some time after dark Tuesday night, dark clouds began gathering and by half past nine o'clock the heavens were perfectly black. Only a few of the citizens observed this, however, as the Austell residents are early to bed and early to rise. Those who were up paid no attention to the threatening clouds. About ten o'clock lightning began flashing. At first the flashes were at irregular intervals and were foling far away thui in a short time the lightning became brighter and more rapid and the thunder louder, more distinct and nearer. Finally the flashes became one continuous flame and the thunder kept pace with it. So bright and continuous were the flashes that any portion of the city could be plainly seen almost constantly by those who were up. Just as the electrical display was mest intense rain began falling. At first it came steadily in large drops, but in a minute a perfect deluge ensued. Then with the rain came the wind. The wind was intense. It moved along only as a cyclone can move, and with it houses, barns, fences and timber

Nothing like that wind was ever seen by any one here. It roared and moaned and went by like a flash. For ten minutes it continued, and then a calm ensued. But during that ten minutes one man was killed, another severely burt, in addition to the live stock and property which was destroyed. The wind moved from the west to the east and went along with a roll and dip, howling, whistling and singing, until every body in the town was aroused. Its ve-locity was intense, and houses waved and rocked upon their foundations until people fearing that the building would go over ran out into the drenching cold rain.

The rain reached every portion of the city but the wind—the most severe part of the storm—divided j st east of the town and leaving the vale untouched swept the hills upon either side. On the north side of the road and just upon the top of the hill, Rafe Howard, a negro blacksmith,

ONCE AN ATLANTIAN, lived. Howard's house was a one story frame of four rooms, and upon either side were houses less substantial, each about twenty to twenty-five feet distant. Immediately in front 1 Howard's, on the opposite side of the street

Mulberry street—is a small frame shanty.

The wind passed along the hill and over the shanty without as much as moving it. Then it struck Howard's house with full force. Howard and his wife were in one room in bed, and their son, a boy of sixteen years, was in another room. When the wind hit the house it rose and dropped back. Then it rose again and again dropped back. Then the timbers began cracking and in our instant the roof. began creaking and in an instant the roof dropped in, the walls tumbled down and the house was flat upon the ground, completely ruined. The

WIND SWEPT ON and a hundred yards further east struch a new two-story frame house. The building was one of the most substantial in the place, but so great was the force of the wind that the house was lifted from its foundation and thrown several feet. Within a few feet of this house was the residence of Rev.T.F.Pierce, but the wind only whistled around the corners nearest the new

Duilding and went on its wild race.

Upon Mulberry street, on the south side of the road, Hon. N. A. Morse, mayor of the city, resides. His house is upon a hill, just as is the one upon which Howard lived, and along that the wind ran with the same destruction. In front of Mr. Morse's residence was a barn about 30x50 feet, in which he had some ons, a buggy and some lumber stored. On se with that barn the gentleman had another, a little south of his residence. Both of

IN THE LINE OF THE CYCLONE, and both were thrown to the ground. The wind rushed by Mr. Morse's residence, and for nearly ten minutes the building heaved and tossed about almost as a ship upon the water. Finally it went by, and after the storm had subsided, the gentleman and his family native to the powing the heavy loss he family retired, not knowing the heavy loss he had sustained.

When Howard's house gave way and went down the falling timbers were heard above the storm by a negro man living in the next building. The negro ran to his window, and, looking out, saw by the lightning that Howard's house was down. He then ran out and gave the alarm. In a few minutes a half hundred men braved the storm, which was then lull-Where It Separates Into Two ing, and began an investigation. Some on knew about where

THE OLD NEGRO'S BED WAS, and seeking that part of the building they began throwing timbers right and left. In a few minutes a groan was heard and then the rescuers began working harder. Finally they came to the bed, or rather what was left of the bed, and upon it found the old man and his wife. They were both pinioned down by timbers, and as the workmen reached them one asked:

"Are you hurt?" "I ain't hurt," answered the old woman "but I believe my old man has been killed."
In a short time the old woman was taken out, and as she was deposited upon the ground she walked away with a heavy limp. Then the old man was taken out and was found to be stone dead. While the old man and his wife were being dug out by one party another party was searching for the boy. He was found in another part of the building

BURIED UNDER TIMBERS AND FURNITURE, l was taken out. He was unable to walk and was carried to a neighboring house wher was cared for. The blown absolutely flat by the The escape of the old woman and her son is a miracle. The roof appeared to drop in and everything in the hous was broken up except a bureau. The beds upon which the people slept were mashed to the floor. The dishes and stove were broken to pieces. Chairs were broken and the few ctures up the wall demolished. The old bureau was the only piece of furniture which escaped destruction. The front of the building was piled upon the roof, indicating that it fell

after the roof went down. The two-story house in the same track was built by Mr. Morse for Dr. Potter, of Macon, who was to have moved in the first of next month. It was so thoroughly torn up that a new building will be about the cheapest way of repairing it. The well near the house was blown full of dirt, but no one knows where the dirt came from

THREE FINE HORSES KILLED About the time Howard's house tumbled in apon him, both of Mr. Morse's barns went down, but that gentleman knew nothing of it until this morning. In the one barn he had a buggy mashed flat, and a wagon or two damaged, but in the other one he sustained his heaviest loss. Three fine horses, worth \$700, were killed and another one hurt. Two bug-gies were mashed and a quantity of provender destroyed. On the second floor of the barn Mr. Morse had between three hundred and four hundred bushels of cotton seed, two hundred bushels of oats, three hundred to four hundred bundles of fodder and two hundred bushels of corn. All this tell with the roof and the second floor upon the horses. In the barn were twelve cows, too, and a fine colt, worth \$200, which were not hurt.

HOW HE HEARD IT. While the storm was raging Mr. Morse was up. He and his family were quite uneasy. They could feel the house move and were to frightened to lie down, but when the storm had gone by they went to bed and slept soundly. About eight o'clock this morning Mr. passing Mr. Morse's, saw that both barns were down. All along the road the gentleman ob-served the effects of the storm and was not much snrprised. He was surprised, however, to find everything so quiet about Mr. Morse's place and dismounting approached the door and pulled the bell. Mr. Morse finally responded, rubbing his eyes with one hand as he opened the door with the

"Oh, not up yet," said Mr. Hardage. "No, the storm kept me up until after mid-night, and I have been sleeping ever since,"

inswered the mayor.
"Well, you'd better get up I guess. The wind has blown both your barns down.' HE VIEWS HIS LOSS.

Mr. Morse was was dressed in a very short time and then with Mr. Hardage hurried to his barn. From his front door he could see the old barn, but as there had been no live stock in it he gave it no thought and rushed on to the other. As he turned the corner of his house he saw that the building had been laid almost flat, only one cor-ner standing. For a second he stood gazing upon the destruction and then moved on. At the barn he found his cows huddled in the corner still standing, some free to move a little, others fastened with timbers. The alarm was given and in a few minutes half hundred men were around the barn throwing timbers here and there. The cows were quickly liberated and as they walked out Mr. Morse was pleased to count his even dozen cows with none badly hurt. The work went on and the fine colt was taken out unhurt. Then the THREE HORSES WERE FOUND DEAD,

buried under the floor with the four hundred bushels of cotton seed around them. The horses were mashed, one almost flat. The men continued the work and when the dead horses were taken out the provender, which the wind had not carried away, was gathered up. The building was completely ruined and when Mr. Morse began replacing it today he moved every timber away.

timber away.

A short distance from Mr. Moore's residence -a quarter of a mile—is the Dozier house. The wind caught the ell of this building and Then trees and fences in all directions were blown up and down.

Mr. Morse stood upon his veranda yesterday pointing out the destruction. From his residence the entire town can be seen. Pointing to the hill upon which Dr. Potter's residence stood, mashed out of shape, he said:
"That house I had just finished at a cost of

\$1,200 and you see the shape of it now. It will take a new one. The wind just lifted it up and tossed it over. See, it didn't touch Mr. Peirce's house, and they ain't many feet

"Maybe it did touch it," was suggested.
"Well, it may have done that, but not hard.
The current was a narrow one, not more than three hundred or four hundred yards wide, I guess, but I tell you it was mighty hard and strong."

"Strong, was it?"
"Well, yes. I had gone to bed, and when

he storm came up we got up. The lightningt was one solid sheet and the thunder almost constant. The wind whistled, and made more noise than the thunder. It sounded like

AN ARTILLERY DUEL, and was awful. It had a waving motion—first up and then down—just like water driven by wind," and as the gentleman spoke he indicated with his hand the motion of the wind. "It dipped down and then "It dipped down and "It dipped "It dipped down and then up," he continued, "and made the most doleful noise you ever heard. My house moved up and down with it. It rocked like a cradle."

"Think so?" "Yes. You can see now where it has been moved on the foundation, and once or twice I began to fear it might fall."

"Why didn't you leave it?"
"What for; to be blown away? I don't believe any man could have stood up in that gale at one time. I believe it would have carried him away.'

"How much damage do you suppose was "I have no idea. I think we got of light. 'DIDN'T TOUCH ANYTHING DOWN THERE

n the hollow, down in town. It only got this hill and the one like it on the other side of the road," and Mr. Morse pointed over the road. "As I told you, it was not very wide," he continued, "I think it just took my house in on this ide and the Dozier house down there on the other side.

If my house had been where either barn was I guess it would have gone, for the wind must have been harder there than here. I am glad no one else is hurt." "Now, over on the other hill it went between two houses, neither stronger than Howard's and yet knocked only Howard's down. But in it all I have found one thing."

"And what's that?" "Friendship. See those friends down there nelping me voluntarily? Isn't that pay for

"Is there any other loss about?" "I have heard of miles of fencing that ha been blown away, and I have heard of several cows that were killed by trees falling on

The telegraph wires along the road were blown down, and the transmission of message At Sweet Water park, two miles from here

two small cottages, not yet completed, were blown over, but the damage is not great. The Bulah church, a large frame structure near Salt Springs, was blown from its founda-tion, and so twisted and torn that it will have to be rebuilt. The church is an old land mark and the good people who have been worshiping in it are sorely distressed. Mr. Westmore-land's house in the same neighborhood was

considerably damaged.
On every hand evidence of the storm is seen today. The rain came down in torrents, and the fields are soaking, but the farmers are not hurt. The streams are all swollen and still rising. Sweetwater creek is full of black, water, and is rising rapidly. The wind, though severe all about the town, seems to have been worst upon the two hill upon either side of the town. There it was terrific, and when in its heighth no one would venture out except those who went t the rescue of the Howard family, and they did not get out until the wind had about spent its force. In other sections many persons left their houses, fearing that they would all and took the drenching rain, and this morning colds are numerous. The devastation might have been greater, but it was great enough.

In West Point.

WEST POINT, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-Last night ominous clouds gathered in the west, and at 12 o'clock the rain came down in torrents, while a stiff gale set up, which lasted for several hours. Fortunately no great damage was done. Only a few trees uprooted and fences scattered broadcast. Near Fredonia, fences scattered broadcast. Near Fredonia, Mr. J. H. Todd, of Nashville, a commercial Old Tom, the truck man at the railway depot, was in his bed and was blown out into blew with tremendous velocity. We were on the edge of the track of what must have been a terrific tornado, though we have not heard of any loss of life or any serious damage to property in the surrounding country.

In LaGrange. LAGRANGE, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-While the storm was very heavy here, there has been no damage reported either in LaGrange or surrounding country.

In Palmetto. PALMETTO, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-The PALMETTO, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Ine storm passed here last night at 11 o'clock. It passed north of here, going in a northernly direction. The wind was strong, but did no damage, except to blow down a few fences, etc., in the country. The lightning was vivid, the thunder heavy, and was accompanied by the usual heavy roaring, caused by a cyclone. It lasted about one hour. It caused a good deal of alarm, but no one was hurt. It blew the top off a stove chimney at P. W. Arnold's.

Newnan, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The electric storm, which passed Newnan last night, was the grandest display of electricity ever witnessed here. The wind was very high and rain fell in torrents after the wind storm In Newnan. subsided. The trees and fences north of town were blown down, but no serious damage was done so far as heard from. The whole firma-ment seemed to be one sheet of lightning, and accompanied by heavy rumbling in the air like a heavy train passing over a long trestle.

In Griffin.
GRIFFIN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Griffin fortunately escaped the storm last night. Just before 12 o'clock a dark, ominous looking cloud was seen approaching from the west. When a few miles from the city the storm divided and went around the city. As it passed the town was brilliantly lighted by lightning. The wind blew and the rain fell in torrents. There was no damage done in this section except some leaks made by the driving rain.

Acworth, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—A severe wind storm passed on the north side of

Acworth last night.

A dwelling house belonging to Mr. E. B.
Holcomb was blown down, and all of the fami-Mr. James McLain's house was also leveled to the ground, but no one hurt. Many outhouses and fences completely destroyed, and other houses unroofed.

No one killed as far as heard from.

In Powder Springs.
Powder Springs.
Powder Springs, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]

Last night at half-past ten o'clock a severe storm swept over the town. This morning the fences are scattered helter skelter, house blown down and some moved off their founds tion. No one in town was hurt, but all badly James F. P. Lindley is the heaviest suf-

ferer. His ginhouse, barn and smokehouse were blown down. His buggy and separator were smashed to pieces. The house on the Stovall place, occupied by Sam Miller, was moved off its foundation and the chimney blown down.

In Marietta.

Marietta, Ga., March 21. - [Special.]—The

ttorm struck this place about 11 o'clock p. m., and lasted about fifteen minutes. No damage in town except fencing in 15any places is down.

Your correspondent could learn of no damage in the county except in fencing and some few extend in the neighborhood of Mr. Creas wares were waren. in the county except in fencing and some few trees uprooted in some sections. The rain fall

was very heavy.

In Cartersville.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—We had a right hard storm, but no casualties and no very serious damage in city or surround ing country, as far as heard from.

In Douglasville.
Douglasville, Ga., March 21.—[Special.] This place was visited by a severe wind and hailstorm about eleven o'clock last night. Beulah (Baptist) church, in the country, was blown down; also, the roof from the house of W. H. Brown, Jr., was carried away. Trees and fences generally were scattered in all directions. So far as ascertained no persons were injured, but many were badly fright-

Jn Tallapo TALLAPOOSA, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]

This place was visited, commencing last night about 9 o'clock, by a severe storm, accompanied with thunder and rain. The Baptist church was blown down and

completely demolished.

A dwelling house under construction was cut in twain and scattered about promiscu-Also, a barber shop, which was in one of these light, portable houses, was blown to

No one was hurt. In Cave Springs.
CAVE SPRINGS, Ga., March 21.—[Special.] The storm reached here last west. No damage was done, except to fences

little after 10 o'clock, coming from the southand to barns of Messrs. Connor, Wright and J. B. Lapsley, which were blown down. The lightning was incessant for ten minutes before the wind was at its worse. Cyclone pits were In Rome.

BOME, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-Our city was visited last night by a wind and rain-storm. For half an hour the storm raged considerable violence. The lightning was vivid and continuous. The damage was very slight. A few chimneys and signs were blown down, but otherwise there was no dam age in the city. In the country trees, fences and outhouses were blown down or injured. No accidents have been reported as yet.

In Cedartown. CEDARTOWN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—A evere wind struck Cedartown last night about 9:30 o'clock, and for one hour blew alarmingly. Many who had storm pits fell into then without much ceremony, while others dressed themselves for any emergency that might arise. The barn of Mr. W. T. Gibson was blown down and killed his mule. A number of small uthouses and a vast amount of fencing were blown down throughout the valley. So far heard of no one being hurt and no serious damage to residences. We hope the weather phets are satisfied with this verification and will let things remain quiet for this season.

THE CRASHING OF CALHOUN. The Singular Path That Was Cut Through

the City.

CALHOUN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Calhoun was a happy and prosperous town yes-terday. Today it is in ruins. the town was asleep, the terrific cyclone came with irresistible force, and played with houses

as children would play with toys. The night was sultry, and the atmosphere was surchared with electricity. In the language of Captain A. Y. Sheats: "The air was thick with electricity, and the flashings of lightning were continuous, It looked just like a dozen locomotives standing in a row and emitting bushels of sparks.

Before reaching Calhoun I met on the train of his experience: "I was a guest in the Calhoun hotel, and occupied a room in the upper story. The night had been remarkably clos and warm for the season, and an unusual drowsiness crept over me. So I decided to re-tire, and to bed I went. How long I had lain in bed I do not know, but I suddenly became sensible of a strange disturbance. I heard an ominous noise. It was like a heavy train rat-tling past the house, and just like the whole train had struck the house. This was about half-past ten o'clock. There were three distinct gusts of wind which came from the southwest. I thought the house would certainly be shaken down, for it rocked like a cradle. Before I could fully realize the danger it passed. The duration of the cyclone was not more than two and a half minutes. It was a fearful experience, and I fervently hope I shall never be called upon to go through a similar one." CAPTAIN SHEATS'S NARRATIVE.

The proprietor of the Calhoun hotel is Cap-tain A. Y. Sheats, a man of more than ordinary intelligence. He was one of the few men who was not frightened, and he gave the suboined narrative: "In the afternoon I thought there were premonitions of a storm, and to ward night, as it became still more sultry, and as the lightening illumind the heavons and fresh gusts of wind to sweept over the town, I felt certain that a severe storm of some sort was impending. I did not dream, however, that a resistless cyclone was gathering its forces to break with devastating fury on the head of our devoted town. I was in the hotel in bed. It was about 10:30 o'clock. I heard the significant, rumbling noise which is the forerunner of cyclones. The noise grew into a terrific jarring sound like twenty trains of cars running along a railway track.

All of a sudden the force of pent up wind struck the hotel squarely and jarred it to the very foundations. I expected the building would crash upon me every moment. My wife was dreadfully alarmed, but, strange to say, I was not frightened. I suppose the reason is that the suddenness of the visitation left me no time for thinking about the danger. After it was all over I became nervous and then wondered why I had not been more alarmed at the time the house was rocking. I am convinced that the cyclone came from due southwest to northeast. There were three distinct lurches. Some say there were only two, but I am sure there were three. It was not raining at the time, but in a few moments the rain and hail came down in torrents. The cyclone proper did not last over thirty seconds. There was one continuous rain of electricity and the sky was in a blaze of light all the time. The sparks floated through the air and seemed like engines emitting sparks." THE TRACK OF THE STORM.

This cyclone was not only one of the most terrific on record, but one of the most eccen-

tric. About half a minue before it manifested itself at Calhoun, it struck the residence of Farmer Gains, about a mile and a half southwest of the town. He and his family were sleeping when the storm laid low their house. They were covered with debris, and why they were not instantly killed is a mystery. As it was they were only slightly hurt. It was rumored that Ms Gaines war killed, but this

Gaines's house; only a few trees were uprootlost their highest limbs and their tops, while below their trunks they were not disturbed. This indicates that the cyclone was high in the air, and it swept above the forest until it was a few hundred vards from Calhoun. Then, like an eagle, it pounced down on its prey. According to the testimony of several persons who saw its approach, it came in the dread form of the funnel-shaped cloud. It was as black and forbidding as Poe's raven—a bird of evil omer —and it came from the dark, Plutorian shores There was a copse of pines. The trees were of all sizes. Many of them were tough sizes. and hoary headed with age. Others were young, tender saplings, But it was a grove which was attractive to look upon. What is it now? Why, the trees have been swept down as with the besom of destruction. Immense trees which have defied the storms of a hundred years are up-rooted and overturned. Others are snapped in twain. Others twisted into splinters. Hundreds of these trees are prostrate. A large limb was driven like a spea into the heart of a monster oak, and a sapling was lodged into the topmost branches of an other. These manifestations of the cyclone's eccentricities show its power as well. Leaving this cluster of pines it passed harmlessly over a four acre field in which there was nothing for it to harm. Then it caught in its embrace a negro hut and demolished it. Strange to tell, the occupants escaped unhart. They

were picked up in the field twenty yards from where the house had stood. THE CYCLONE'S DEVASTATING WORK

The first building of any importance that was struck was a saw-mill owned by Mr. Z. D. Gray. This was leveled to the ground. The wreck was complete. The damage cannot be stated, but Mr. Gray's loss will reach about \$1,000.

The colored Baptist church, near by, was simultaneously razed to the earth. The walls and ceiling fell and crushed the benches and the pulpit to the earth. Had a congregation been in the church at the time many persons would have been killed; indeed, it is not easy to see how any person could have escaped Loss about \$600.

Haynes's hotel, a new and handsome building, was not much damaged, but was fearfully wrenched and thrown out of position. It will cost about \$400 to repair the damage.

The Western and Atlautic railroad agent's ouse, occupied by Mrs. Willingham as a boardinghouse for school children, was blown to atoms. It was nothing less than a miracle that any of the inmates escaped alive. But none of them were hurt, A young man, named Sale, had gone to the top of the house only a few moments before. He rushed down just in time to save himself. The damage here must reach about \$1,000.

Near by was situated a handsome residen belonging to N. J. Boaz, and rented to a lady. The roof of this house was blown off, the chimneys were broken to pieces, and the window blinds blown away. About \$200 will repair this damage.

On the corner of the street was a one-story frame house, occupied by an aged negro-woman named Mary Montgomery, and her two grandchildren. This was literally lifted off-the ground, and shaken into fragments. The occupants were buried beneath the boards and plastering, and they screamed for help. Some men hastened to their assistance, and extricated them. The woman sustained very serious injuries, and the children were slightly hurt. It will-cost about \$400 to replace this

Mrs. Dyer's residence was visited by the storm, and demolished. At the time, it was unoccupied. Damage about \$600.
Old Tom, the truck man at the railway

the darkness, twenty feet or more. He was severely cut in the head but will recover. The railway depot felt the fury of the storm. It is a large, substantial brick build-ing. The wind grabbed the tin roof and peeled it off as easily as a lady would peel an orange. The tin was twisted in curious shapes. Coils of it blew like kites away up in the air and fell half a mile away. A scool of this tin was found more than a mile off, wrapped around a tree. Pieces were scattered in every direction. This building was considerably injured. Every particle of the tin roofing was blown off, and much of the sheeting was unloosed. Heavy boards were sailing through the air, and even the thick brick walls were broken. The agent's room and the offices were rendered untenantable. The wareroom was filled with

goods. Considerable damage was done to flour and bacon. The damage will not fall short of \$1,500. An extensive lumber kiln, owned by Messrs. Gray & Mims, was blown down and in a few minutes caught fire. The pile of lumber was wholly destroyed. Damage about \$500. Several small houses in this neighborhood was completely ruined. All the shade trees along this street was wrenched off at the trunk or uprooted, showing that when the cyclone reached this point it was not more than a few

feet above the ground. CROSSING THE RAILROAD. The ruin thus far described was wrought in a small part of the town on the left hand side of the railway. Crossing the line and entering the main part of Calhoun, a sight which no pen can adequately describe met my eyes. In and many robust, brave men were completely front of the Calhoun hotel has stood for many unnerved. Immediately after the cyclone had years a row of shade trees. These stately oaks have been pointed out with pride to the visitor. In the heat of the long summer days they afforded a shady retreat for the workmen. and in the afternoons the young people whiled away hours under their branches. But they are no more. Nature's mighty axman has are no more. Nature's mignty axman has cut them down. The cyclone would not spare those trees. With deadly precision these proud oaks were felled. Not one is left to mark the row. Some are snapped short off; others twirled and twisted and others dragged out by the roots. Proceeding toward the courthouse I stumbled at every step over heaps of boards and brick and mortar. The worst wreck along here is the general merchandise store kept by Hicks & Engrains. I could hardly tell where the store had stood. The goods were buried in the debris and many of them wholly ruined. These merchants think they have lost about \$1,500. Continuing my walk toward the courthouse I saw marks of the

destroyer on all sides. One peculiar manifestation of the cyclone's power arrested my attention. On the left side of this street there stands a large two-story brick building. In the front wall a hole has been blown big enough for a wagon to pass through. If a mammoth cannon ball had struck this wall it would have made an opening like this. The roof above this hole is not blown off.

When I reached the courthouse I was somewhat surprised to see it standing apparently intact. "Come round this side," said Mr. J.

C, Herkins, my pilot. "But the storm did not come that side," I replied, "When it got near

here," Mr. Hopkins continued, "it changed its building, and, sure enough, there was unmis-takable evidence that the cyclone had turned n its course, for the side of the roof was dr in with stupendous force. A close examina-tion of the building showed that it is ruined. It is a massive brick structure, which was erected about thirty years ago. It was built in the most substantial manner, and one would suppose that it could withstand any storm. It was lifted up and twisted out of gear. In the opinion of several practical workmen who examined it, it will have to be pulled down.

A FITTABLE SIGHT.

Turning to the left I traversed the prettiest part of the town. I felt like standing still and weeping. What a pitiable scene greeted me! Beautiful residences leveled with the ground. Stately edifices marred and defaced. Not one of these houses escaped the touch of the monster. The rows of shade trees which had adorned the sidewalks were hewn down and lay in confused heaps. Here and there some tall tree escaped. One of these was filled with sheets of tin, and lodged on the top bough was dangling a chicken coop.

Two freight cars, heavily loaded, were blown

from the side track

"Here," said Captain Sheats, "is the worst wreck of all. It is the white Baptist church.' And so it proved. The demolition could not possibly have been worse. It had been a spa-cious edifice, well furnished. Now it is only a mass of broken posts, split boards and smashed pews. The sacred desk lies in fragments, and the costly organ is crushed into pieces and ruined. The church is as completely wrecked as if it had been blown down by dyn-

amite. The loss is exceedingly heavy.

The Methodist church is not entirely lestroyed, but the damage is considerable.

The Presbyterian church is injured, but to esser degree than any of the others

In this part of the town the storm was resistless. Everything it touched it laved low. Captain Sheats and Mr. Herkins accompanied me in my walks, and they gave me nuch valuable information. They aided me in

compiling the subjoined This is only relatively correct, as it is not possible to say exactly how heavy is the dam-

age in any given case. This list is, however age in any given case. This list is, however approximate correctly:

M. Mataew's carriage and wagen shops.

Stray & Mims, sawnills and buggy warehouse.

J. B. T. Horrell, store houses.

Hicks & Engram, grocery store.

Himes & King, general merchandise.

J. N. Patrick, general merchandise.

J. N. Patrick, general merchandise.

W. M. Hughy, general merchandise.

M. B. Pitts, dwelling.

G. W. Reed, dwelling.

Reens & Malone, druggists.

J. M. Hotland, & On general merchandise. J M Horian & Co, general merel County courthouse, 'useless... Mrs Sue Foster, rosidence Mrs EJ Simmons, miffinery EJ Ricker, dwelling, barns, etc M E Ellis, carriage and wagon i Daniel Ellis, dwelling NJ Booz, store house, botel, etc.... B G Booz, socks, barn etc.... Depot W & A R R Co and dwelling Other losses.

Making a grand total of ..

.926,860 A young lady had been playing the plane and singing. She closed the instrument and went to the window to draw in the shutters. At that momont she saw the ominous funnelshaped cloud, and she rushed into another Had she been a moment later she would have been killed, for the window crashed into the room with terrific force,

smashing a table into pieces.

An aged colored woman was asl bed in a cabin on the outskirts of the town. The cyclone lifted the house, and the bed and the old woman were taken fifty feet away The fall awakened the sleeper, who declared she did not know anything about the storm,

A REMARKABLE PROPHECY. The story I am about to tell seems so absurd that I would not risk telling it but for the fact that a dozen responsible people of the town vouch for its truth. Three years ago there was a half-witted colored girl who professed to be able to read into the future. She would go up the side of the hill and stay there alone hours at a time. One afternoon she came back very much excited and told several people that she had seen a strange sight; that some-thing had come to her and told her that Calhoun was to be destroyed by a cyclone, March the 20th, 1888. She was so earnest, that somebody wrote up the incident, and it was published in TH Constitution and other newspapers. Of course, nobody attached any importance to it, and it would never have been recalled, but for the fact that the cyclone came so very near fulfilling her prophesy. She missed it only

THE FEELING TODAY.

In addition to the material damage done by the dreadful cyclone, there was another kind of injury wrought, which it will take a long time to repair. The nervous systems of nine-tenths of the people in the com munity have been severely shocked. The women and children sustained a fright which will not leave them for a long time to come, spent its fury there was utter darkness and the rain came down in torrents. No body could tell how much damage had been done. could tell now much damage had been done. It was feared thet many persons must inevitably have been killed, and it was not until this morning that their apprehensions were dispelled. Happily not one life was lost. "How do you account for it?" I asked Captain Sheats. "It was a miracle," was the answer. It was indeed provi-dential. It seemed almost impossible that so many dwellings could have been dashed upon their occupants and yet none of them were killed or fatally injured. Of course, so disastrous an occurrence has fallen like a pall upon this town. It was enough to unnerve the stoutest-hearted and depress the most manly. The depression came, but it is already disappearing. The people are not dejected; they are not moping and cursing providence. They have taken in the situation; have nerved themselves for a new struggle and have gone to work to repair their losses and to rebuild their dismantled houses. It is true most of them are in an em-barrassed condition and will find it difficult to rebuild at once, but they are full of pluck and energy and will go to work with a vim. This was a peculiarly sad blow to the town, which was on the verge of a boom. Indeed, something like a boom had already set in. There are some poor women upon whom the dire visitation has brought complete ruin. They are left penni-less. Their homes are demolished, and it will

Continued on Fifth Page.

He Wants to Leave Town, and His Employer Does Not Want Him to Leave-A Curlons Story.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-A strange story has interested a quiet gentleman of Savannah and Pinkerton's agency. Last ight Mr. Charles Miller, a clerk at the Marshall house, said he was going to leave Savan-nah, and left the hotel. The proprietor, Mr. James Hodges, got a carriage and drove atter him. There was a dispute, but finally both returned, and with them a policeman. Mr. Hodges said that he wanted a statement from the books before Mr. Miller left. The clerk said that they were all right, and wanted to count the eash right then, and leave to catch

There are two stories of his desire to leave Savannah. Mr. Miller is a German by birth, and is exceedingly pleasant mannered. In Germany he was a socialist, and wrote articles which did not meet the approval of Bismarck. That is why Mr. Miller is in this country, where a man can express all the opinions he has from Castle Garden to the golden gate a great deal cheaper than he can a package from Savannah to Walthourville. Three years ago or thereabout, Mr. Miller wooed, won and married a beautiful and charming young lady of Aleghany City, Pennsylvania. Scarcely was the solemn marriage ceremony over when the blushing bride slipped away from her husband, and from that day until yesterday her disappearance was as great a mystery to him as the fate of the Venetian bride, who stole away to the garret and hid in a chest with a spring lock, was to her husband. The case was placed in the hands of Pinkerton's detectives. On Monday they found the missing bride in Pittsburg, just across the river from Aleghany. Mr. Miller has not heard the explanation of her disappearance, and it was said at the hotel last night that he was going after her. Mr. Miller swys that the reason he wanted to quit the hotel was because the management had refused to pay one of the employes, whom he believed was entitled to his money. He added that he intended to go to Charleston, and had bought his ticket. He is not going after his wife, he says. His accounts are all right. There are two stories of his desire to leave

THE NEGRO WAS DEFIANT, And Met the Sheriff and Posse With a Smok-

And Mct the Sheriff and Posse With a Smoking Pistol.

Maddison, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Intense excitement prevailed here at one o'clock today, when it was learned of the arrest of King Broner, alias Henry Hudson, a negro who has been working for Hampton & Bradeen, railroad contractors. It will be remembered that Sunday's Constitution contained an account of a shooting affray which occurred in this city, also that the negro who shot at Mr. Bert Simmons made his escape. A warrant was sworn out for his arrest and placed in the hands of our plucky little sheriff, J.A. Hilsman. The negro, whose name is King Broner, or Henry Hudson, as he is known here, thinking the excitement had about died out here, concluded to go to work for his former employers, who have a contract for grading, about a mile from town. Our sheriff, having got a whiff of this, summoned a posse of three got a whiff of this, summoned a posse of three citizens, including Pete Bearden, the marshal, and went out this morning to arrest him. They found him in a house near, where the hands were at work, and when told to surrender, the negro drew his pistol and opened fire on the sheriff and nosse.

the negroes at work hearing the firing, ran down to the scene of war, and would have Joined in the fray had not Messrs Hampton and Bradeen, arming with guns, interfered.

After the firing ceased the negro was found to be slightly wounded in the leg, and was arrested and lodged in jail. None of the posse were injured. The negro was a desperate character and is a preparent was a desperate character and is a preparent was a desperate character and is a preparent was a desperate character. injured. The negro was a desperate character, and is a prominent man among the hands, and much trouble is feared. Had not the two gentlemen, Messrs. Hampton and Bradeen, interferred at the time they did, perhaps a most serious affair might have occurred. This negro now has two or three grave charges against him. Messrs. Hampton and Bradeen did a great deal toward quieting the negroes, and at this writing all is quiet at the camps.

CLAYTON'S COURT CALENDAR. The Business Sent Through the Grist the

JONESEORO, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The county of Clayton is in admirable condition every way. Her excellent county officers have been materially aided by the prudence, sagacity and fidelity of Judge Richard H. Clark and Solicitor General John S. Candler. For two weeks Judge Clark presided with firmness two weeks Judge Clark presided with firmness and close attention, and more business was done on the civil docket than ever before. Solicitor General Candler was very active. The following convictions and pleas of guilty were had: Isaiah Brown, assault with intent to rape; five years in the penitentiary; Jack Middlebrooks, burglary, ten years in the penitentiary; John Kinnebrew, Elijah Kinnebrew, Ben Fears, Jeff Holland, larceny from the house, twelve months each; Samuel Hammond, Augustus Betts, assault and battery, six months each. A mistrial was had in the case of E. F. Sorrows for horse stealing, and Will Travis was acquitted of stabbing. Not a drunken man was seen in town during court week.

The Burial of Major Pate.

The Burlal of Major Pate.

HAWKINSVILLE, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—

The remains of Major J. H. Pate, Hawkinsville's great loss of the Hurricane accident, was interred with Masonic honors. The general suspension of business—every business house closing its doors—the tolling of all the church bells, both white and colored, the large concourse of friends and acquaintances who followed his corpse to its last resting place, told something of the esteem in which he was held by his town and countyship, and the sorrow felt over his untimely end. He was the brother of Judge A. C. Pate, and was about fifty-eight-years old. His family here, and their connections, are large. ctions, are large.

Cedartown's New Paper. Cedartown's New Paper.

CEDARTOWN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—
Mr. M. M. Folsom, of Macon, paid our city a
visit Saturday and Sunday, called by a joint
stock company of citizens to confer about securing his services at a liberal salary as editor
of a new paper to be set up here. A large
capital stock has been raised, and Mr. Folsom
engaged as editor. The gentlemen at the head
of this enterpise means business, and
expect to have one of the best papers in the
state, with all modern improvements and appliances. This gives Cedartown two papers
and adds to the many evidences of her wonderful growth and prosperity.

Court Held in a Diningro

Court Held in a Diningroom.

CAMILLA, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The superior court, Hon. B. B. Bower, met here Monday. Owing to the insecurity of the courthouse, it is held in the diningroom of the hotel Georgia. Couet Reporter J. R. Bussey Solicitor W. N. Spence are on duty. The attendant legal lights are A. T. McIntyre, Jr., Thomasville; A. L. Hawes, O. G. Gurley, Bainbridge; Captain R. Hobbs, Albany. The civil docket—a heavy gne—was taken up, and his bonor is pressing business energetically. The criminal docket will be taken up Thursday.

Bremen, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—About twenty cars are standing on the Chattanooga, Rome and Carrollton railroad at Bremen, unloading iron, etc., and a big lot of hands are at work opening a space, indicating something more than a double track, for depot. Work is being pushed all along the line. Our merchants are busy. A new furniture store is today receiving its first quota of goods. Crosstie and lumber business active. Farmers are at home planting guano.

Stricken With Apoplexy. BAINBRIDGE, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]— Major R. R. Terrell, a prominent citizen of this town, was stricken with apoplexy this morning and will die.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is peculiar to itself, and superior to all other preparations instrength conomy, and medicinal merit.

MRS. KELLY'S FUNERAL.

One of The Victims of the Blackshear

Tragedy.

LOUISVILLE, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—
This town was thrown into a fever of excitement jast Sunday afternoon when the news of the terrible disaster on the Savannah, Florida and Western railroad was announced, and excitement ran higher when news of the death of Mrs. G. W. Kelly was announced. Mrs. Kelly had left Louisville one week previous to the accident. She had remained in Savannah with her only sister, Mrs Medlock, one week before going to her future home, in Palatka, Florida, where her husband had his headquarters. He was a traveling salesman for Lippman Brothers, of Savannah, and is an headquarters. He was a traveling salesman for Lippman Brothers, of Savannah, and is an excellent gentleman, of many noble impulses. Mr. Kelly came to Jacksonville to meet his wife. Not finding her there, and hearing of the wreck, he proceeded at once to Waycross. After looking over the remains of several, he went at once to Blackshear, and, after looking over the dead once or twice, he recognized the dress of his wife. Her face was covered with smoke. After wiping her face off he became satisfied. Mr. Kelly has been married only about six months. His wife was Miss came satisfied. Mr. Kelly has been married only about six months. His wife was Miss Kate Robinson, and was a lovely young lady. Her remains were brought to Louisville and buried in the Louisville cemetery. The town is in mourning over the loss of such an excellent lady. She was loved by all who knew her. The record deadly symmetries with the lie-

lent lady. She was loved by all who knew her. The people deeply sympathize with the bereaved mother and husband.

Mrs. Kelly had on her person a fine gold watch, which was taken by a gentleman arrd turned over to her husband. She had about seventy-five dollars in money, which has not been heard of. Her pocketbook was found and had in it her three trunk checks and tickets to Jacksonville.

THE DOCTOR'S HORSE STOLEN And the Doctor Himself in a Sorry

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—George T. Galloway, sheriff of Baker county, reached here Saturday night. He took Lew DeLacey alias "Roving Joe" to Newton, the county site, where he will be jailed until the superior court in May next, to answer the charge of stealing the horse of Dr. George W. Couch.

Couch.

The doctor did not commit suicide as previously reported. A few days after he was missed a negro found him wandering hatless through the woods. He got him into his wagon and carried him to Newton, where he is cared for by friends. Couch is a young physician of fine abilities and good family, but his love for the flowing bowl has wrecked his life and ruined the happiness of a loving, trusting wife.

ACWORTH'S NEW HOTEL. The Citizens Unite to Erect a Creditable

Acworth, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—A citizen's meeting was held here, and it was resolved by said meeting to build a first-class forty room hotel in Acworth at a cost of from \$25,000 to \$40,000. A committee consisting of Colonel A. T. Simons, Captain J. L. Lemon, Colonel C. C. Phillips, Major O. Awtrey and 'Squire L. A. Litchfield was appointed to arrange the details, and find out what stock would be taken and report at another meeting last right. The committee reported the enterlast night. The committee reported the enter-prise moving along smoothly and meeting with general approval and commendation. Such a house under the proper management, will be of incalculable benefit to our town and when any enterprise is taken in charge by such citi-zens as compose this committee, always make a success.

THE PASSENGERS SHAKEN UP. An East Tennessee Strikes into a State Road

Train. Dalton, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The 2:23 p. m. passenger train on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad crashed into a heavily loaded Western and Atlantic freight this afternoon, near the compress. The engine is totally disabled and one car knocked to pieces. All trains on the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad will be delayed six hours. The apringer and forman sequency by hours. The engineer and fireman escaped by jumping. The passengers were badly shaken up, but no one hurt.

Southern Female College.

Lagrange, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—At the approaching commencement of the Southern Female (Cox's) college, Rev. Dr. H. McDonald, of Atlanta, is to preach the sermon, Mr. J. H. Pitman, of LaGrange, is to deliver the address before the juniors, and Judge John T. Clarke, of Cuthberty before the seniors. The exercises promise to be unusually brilliant this year. The music class now numbers 143 and has in it some rare talent. The course of study has been raised again this session; some industrial and practical features have been added to the school. Normal classes have been organized in the literary and music departorganized in the literary and music departments, and a teacher's bureau has been established to secure the young ladies positions.

A Grand Scheme for Cedartown.

CEDARTOWN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]— Messrs. Pace & Herbert have secured of Dr. Thompson, on the border of the incorporate limits, a beautiful hill that overlooks even the limits, a beautiful hill that overlooks even the church steeples of Cedar; own, upon which to place a large reservoir of suefilient capacity to water the town, put out all fires and supply any and all engines for manufacturing purposes. A large spring of the best water is near the base of the hill, that sends forth a large creek, from which they propose to supply the reservoir. Cedartown will need no fire engines, but only pipe and hose, in order to deluge the whole town.

Wet and Dry in Bainbridge.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—
The anti-prohibition element here are so dry
that they are circulating a petition to present
the ordinary asking an expression of the voters
on the subject of liquor or no liquor. The
requisite number of names have been secured
and the matter will be laid before the ordinary
for his action this week. for his action this week.

Putnam Superior Court.

EATONTON, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Putnan county superior court convened here, with his honor, Judge W. F. Jenkins, presiding. The docket is not crowded at all, and the week will not be entirely consumed. There are very few criminal cases before this court. *Colonel Hal Lewis is attending court here this week from Greensboro, Ga.

Death of a Prominent Citizen.

Death of a Prominent Citizen.

FAIRBURN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—
Grant Roberts, a prominent citizen of Campbell county, died on Friday night last. Mr.
Roberts owned a large plantation on Bear creek, in Campbell county, but for several years had been living with his sons at Whitesburg. To add a tragic interest to his death, one of his married daughters, Mrs. L.A.McLarin, of Fairburn, died immediately afterward.

The Cropping Interest.

Nashyille, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—
Spring is upon us, and heavy preparations are making for the cropping interest of the county. If the crop should be commensurate with the purchases of fertilizers we shall reap a grand harvest; yet frost is visiting us every morning for the last week. No disastrous results; only checking of the growth of vegetation.

* The Amateur League.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The Interstate Amateur league was organized at Savannah, March 19th, and another meeting will be held in this city again on March 29, to arrange a schedule, and determine other maters. ters. The amateur club of Atlanta are re-quested to send their representative at the meeting on March 29.

Clayton's Choice,

JONESBORO, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The people of Clayton very much regret to see the announcement that Hon. Clark Howell will not stand for the senate. He is Clayton's choice and it would greatly rejoice us to see him reconsider.

Those who are trying to break up the baneful habit of intemperance will experience great benefit from the use of Prickly Ash Bitters Liquor deranges the system. Prickly Ash Bitters will remedy the evil results and restore the brain, stomach and liver to healthy action, thereby strengthening the will power, thoroughly cleaning and toning up the system, and memove every taint of disease. It is purely a medicine, and while pleasant to the taste, it cannot be used as a bevarage by reason of its cathartic properties.

HE DIDN'T GET IT.

Wanted Twenty Thousand Dollars and Gets

Macon, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—At the opening of the United States circuit court this morning, Judge Speer delivered his decision on the motion to strike the plea in mitigation of damages filed by the defendant, Dr. Barnum, in the case of J. W. Brooks vs. W. P. Carter, Dr. Barnum et al., which was reported as having been taken under advisement by the court when the trial closed for the day on yesterday. The judge sustained the motion to strike the plea, on the ground that the words which gave the provocation came to the doctor's knowledge three hours before he horsewhipped the plaintiff, and in all his course afterwards as set out in his own plea, the doctor showed such deliberation as made it inconsistent with that sudden action under passion which the law excused to some extent. The doctor sought the defendant, hunted down the rumor as he Three Hundred. cused to some extent. The doctor sought the defendant, hunted down the rumor as he thought, and constituting himself the law, the judge and the executioner gave the defendant twenty minutes in which to give his authority for the slanderous rumor, and then proceeded deliberately to horsewhip him. Counsel, however, in the meantime had agreed upon a settlement, which gave the plaintiff a verdict for \$300 and costs.

A Jolly Big Shovel. A Jolly Big Shovel. Macon, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—There has arrived, from Philadelphia, an immense shovel to be used in the work on the Macon and Covington railroad. Its size is something of note. The shovel proper is twelve by ten feet and three feet high. With its traces, supports, etc., it covers a space of fifteen by twenty-eight feet. This will do the work of about fifteen men and in less time, and also better work. The Macon and Covington is booming.

A Macon Student Dies.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Mr. W.
L. Denham, a theological student of Mercer university, died at the residence of his parents in Eatonton, Ga., last night, after an illness of about two weeks. He had been at college here several years, until last week, when he was taken suddenly sick and returned home, where his life lingered but a few days. Mr. Denham stood well in his class, and was quite a favorite with the boys and professors, and was very much hked by all who knew him.

Want to Go to the Sub-Tropical. Macon, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-The enior class of the Mercer college are contemsenior class of the Mercer college are contemplating a trip to the Sub-Tropical exposition at Jacksonville, Fla., in the later party of April next. Dr. Battle, president of the college, has consented to act as their chaparone if they consent to go.

Macon Personals.

Macon, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Dr.
Henry P. Derry, who has been visiting friends and
relatives in the city, has returned to his home in
Augusta.

Augusta.
Mr. H. B. Howard is at the Hotel Lanier.
Mrs. Dr. R. O. Cotter, after a pleasant visit to
Barnesville, has returned to the city.
Mr. J. H. Hertz, our popular ciothier, has returned
from New York. from New York.

Miss Clara Harris is visiting the family of Colonel Robert Wnitfield, in Milledgeville.

Hon. C. J. Thornton, a prominent lawyer of Columbus, is a guest of the Hotel Lanier. He is here attending to several important cases in the United Steters can.

THE NEWS FROM JEFFERSON. Rev. Z. B. Graves Sent to the Lunatio

Asylum. JEFFERSON, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.] JEFFERSON, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Rev. Z. B. Graves, a very popular and excellent minister of the Presbyterian church, was tried on a writ of lunacy before Judge Bell, and the jury recomend that he be sent to the asylum. This is quite a blow to our people, as Mr. Graves was loved so much by his flock.

Deputy Sheriff Clayborn arrived last night with one Ramsey, who was wanted by the court, for violating the prchibition law.

Quite an enthusiastic railroad meeting was held here on Saturday, for the purpose of extending the G. J. and S. railroad to Athens. The following delegates from Athens were at the meeting: Prince Hodgeson, R. B. Russell, Charles Baldwin, and Pope of the Banner-Watchman. They seem anxious for the con-

Watchman. They seem anxious for the con-nection. Farmers are raising a great cry about no guano, but perhaps they will be happy in

Mr. Brand's New Picture

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Mr. Carl Brandt, director of the Telfair academy, is putting the finishing touches on a painting which will shortly be placed on exhibition in the gallery of the academy. The work is intended to represent painting, and will be placed in a panel of the frieze, directly opposite the entrance. Apelles, the father and site the entrance. Apelles, the father and great Greek master of painting, is the study of the picture. Mr. Brandt has gone farther than any other painter in this country in the ere are two or three hundred shades darker than they are when they dry out. Mr. Brandt will place the painting in the gallery in a few weeks, and then there will be a re-

Comptroller Trenholm's Bill.

Comptroller Trenholm's Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—After five months' work the house committee on banking and currency has finally ordered the Trenholm bill, to codify and amend the national bank laws, to be reported to the house. A number of amendments were made in the original bill, nearly all being made at the suggestion of the comptroller of currency with the view to perfecting the language and giving additional force to its provisions. Among them is one making it a violation of law for a bank examiner to give any except official information, of the result of his investigation, and punishing collusion between such officials and banking institutions in the ascertainment and statement of the condition of banks.

Making Good Use of His Time.

Making Good Use of His Time.

ALBANY, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Henry A. Hooks, a shoemaker here, was sent to the guard house for ten days for drnnkenness, and today by permission-of Officer James, he had bench, tools, and unfinished work placed upon a dray and taken to his cell, where he he is now industriously at work while serving out his sentence. A sheemaker at work in a city prison cell is rather unusual.

The Funeral of Judge King. AUGUSTA, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The funeral of Judge John P. King, was largely attended at St. Paul's church this afternoon. No remarks of any kind were made by Rev. C. C. Williams, who conducted the services, and the exercises consisted simply in the reading of the Episcopal service. The burial took place in Summerville cemetery on the sand hills.

A Woman Assaulted.

AMERICUS, Ga., March 24.—[Special.]—Willie Williams, a negro woman, was assaulted upon the streets by a couple of country men, and was badly carved up by one of the men. No cause was assigned for the attack, which was wholly unprovoked. The men were arrested and locked up. Five wounds were inflicted, one of which, under the left shoulder, is considered quite serious.

The Athens and Jefferson. Athens, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The executive committee appointed to arrange plans as to the building of the Athens and Jefferson road will hold a meeting in a few days. A meeting of citizens will be held shortly to find out the sentiment of the poople on the subject. Everyone seen is enthusiastic on the subject.

It is a Favorable Sign.

CEDARTOWN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—It is said that the East and West railroad of Alabama has gone into the hands of a receiver is favorable rather than hurtful to the old company and the road, and that matters will move right on better than before. This is also good for Cedartown, for the East and West is one of her pets.

Returned to His Home.

CRDARTOWN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—
Mr. F. F. Falger, of New York, who was the guest of Mr. W. F. Turner for several days, has returned home. Mr. Folger has the most extensive and richest iron ore property, undeveloped, in this country, to be found in north Georgia. He has left it in the hands of Mr. W. F. Turner for sale.

Two More Convicts Caught. BRENEN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Two more of the escaped convicts were brought in yesterday. They were caught near Newnan. Only one of the six is yet at large. THEY WENT OUT IN FINE SPIRITS,

But They Have Returned Despondent and

Forlorn. Augusta, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-Tues day morning a gun party left Augusta to shoet snipe at Coosawatchie, below Yemassee. The superintendent of the Port Royal accompanied superintendent of the Port Royal accompanied the party, intending to go down the road on business, and turned over his private car, to a cozy and comfortable coach, with berths, kitchen and every convenience for housekeeping, to the party, consisting of Messrs. Morangne Fleming, L. G. Doughty, E. W. Alexander, C. C. Heard, S. E. John Moore, L. L. Fleming and Arthur Nowel. They had provisions for a hunt of several days, complete hunting outfits, changes of clothing, overcoats, etc., and were accompanied by the popular majordomo, of the club, and by a cook. They came back without car, game and guns, their entire outfit having been burned. The fire caught from a kerosene stove.

THE LIGHTS TURNED OUT. Young Mr. Dickens Passes Through an Un

Young Mr. Dickens Passes Through an Unusual Experience.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 21.— [Special.]—Chas. Dickens will probably regret that his distinguished father ever saw fit to revise his American notes. He read here tonight, but he came very near being compelled to read in the dark. Mr. Dickens selected Oud Fellows' hall to read in. About the time the reading was to begin, Mr. Arthur Lewis, the agent of the tour, was presented with a bill for advertising in the Morning News. One item was a reading notice. Lewis declared that he would not pay that item. Tickets were the only compensation he was accustomed to give, and these he had furnished. The bill was presented by the janitor of the building. was presented by the janitor of the building.

The agent of the building had given it to him to collect before the performance. Lewis was obstinate, and the janitor, in accordance with instructions, he said, put out the lights. Lewis relented and paid the little bill, and the gas

FROM THE WRECK.

Mrs. Gould Believed to be Seriously Hurt-Other Matters.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—
President; Wilbur, of the Lehigh Valley railroad, left with his family in a special car this
morning. The party arrived here at 2:15
o'clock, and were driven to the Pulaski house.
They came in the private car of Mr. Roberts,
president of the Pennsylvania Central.
Colonel H.S. Hines, Dr. Duncan and Colonel
C. D. Owens, have returned from Blackshear.
Information from that point is to the effect
that the valuables of the passengers were not
stolen, but have been carefully taken care of.
An attempt was made to rob Mr. McGriff's
body. Other Matters.

body.

The following dispatched to the Times, was JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 21.—[Special.]—Mrs. George Gould has not left her private apartments. It is thought she must have been injured more than her friends care to admit.

Greets the Opening of Rabun County Superlor

CLAYTON, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The superior court at this place is now in session, and everything moving along in harmony. This session of the court bids fair to be a short one, but will likely be prolonged from the fact that the court will be called upon to try affether that the court will be called upon to try affether. murder case. Sunday, at a church, on War-wonan creek, where services were being held, Bill Hopkins killed a Mr. Thomas. Both boys were very young. It seems that the difficulty occurred about a young lady. When services were over, Thomas walked out at the door, when Hopkins was in readiness and struck him a mortal blow in the head with a rock. Thomas ran about one-half a mile and fell in the road. He died this morning at seven o'clock. Hopkins is now under guard in the county jail. He has a brother arrested as an accomplice. Both will likely be tried at the present term of court

FINED FIVE DOLLARS.

present term of court.

And Mr. Meldrim Will Not Rely on His Watch Any More. SAYANNAH, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—The Sayannah lawyers returned from Jesup today, Ond of them learned a lesson in punctuality that cost him five dollars. Mr. Meldrim appeared in court five minutes after nine yesterday morning. Judge Atkinson said:

"Mr. Clerk, fine Mr. Meldrim a dollar a minute."

In vain Mr. Meldrim produced his watch to show that time was a thing open to dispute and Jesup clocks were at fault. The judge was not to be moved, and a large fiver went into the treasury of the county. The judge ruled that lawyers, jurors and witnesses stood under the same footing in his forum.

The Bride From Atlanta.

ALBANY, Ga., March 21.- [Special.] -Albert ALBANY, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—Albert L. Fields was married to Miss Mary Cortey last night. The bride is from Atlanta, and was here on a visit to her aunt, Mrs. Albert Fields. The groom 's only eighteen years of age, and a cousin of his wife, and his parents knew nothing of the marriage. It was a great surprise to every one. surprise to every one.

SURRENDERED BY THEIR SISTER. A Young Woman Gives Her Brothers Up to

the Law. COLUMBUS, Miss., March 21.—The coroner's jury in the case of David Gordon has cometed the work with a verdict of willful murder by William and Jonathan Blalock. Constable Gordon was assassinated by the accused on Friday last. The Gulf depot had been broken open Thursday, and he was watching a house where the stolen goods were supposed to be secreted. The next day Miss Clara Blalock, a teacher in one of the city schools, confessed to the authorities that her two brothers did the killing. They were arrested and made a full confession of their multitudinou crimes. They have been connected for years with a gang of horse thieves which extends from Kansas City to Arkansas, Texas and Col-

Their crimes include robbing mails, blowing open safes, sand-bagging and murder. Fifteen arrests have alreadybeen made, and information has been telegraphed that will lead to the arrest of as many more. Miss Clara graduated last year at the high school and made a successful teacher, yet she was the secretary of an organized gang of horse crooks and burglars. A family of ten persons by the name of Fry were the principal accessories here, and their cousins by the name of Allen. A search warrant brought stolen goods and bushels of criminal correspondence to the light and the promise of immunity for Clara and her mother brought out the confession. Their crimes include robbing mails, blowing

He Cannot Recover.

CHATTANOGGA, Tenn., March 21.—[Special.]
Samuel Kousen and Elias Smith, two small boys of London, procured some powder and adjourned to the Tennessee river to blow something up yesterday. They placed a large charge of powder in the ground, and put a match to it. Smith was blown ten feet away, and his clothes set on fire. He was so badly injured that he cannot recover.

Taken Back to Rising Fawn.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 21.-[Special.] Joe Rutherford, an escaped convict from the mines at Rising Fawn, Ga., was arrested in this city today. He confessed that after his escape he assisted in blowing open the safe of Davenport & Co., at Valley Head, Ala., last Sunday night, and took therefrom one hundred and fifty dollar. He had a suit of clothes which he stole from the same house. He was taken to Rising Fawn t night.

The Bonds Nearly All Funded. NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 21.-[Special.]-Comptroller Pickard said today that the duties of the funding board were drawing to a close. That very few bonds were coming in, and up to date about \$25,000,000 of the state debt had been funded, leaving (nly about \$1,000,000 to be funded. He thought that there might possibly be some bonds outstanding, which would never be presented.

How to Gain Flesh and Strength Use after each meal Scott's Emulsion with Hypophosphites. It is as palatable as milk, and easily digested. The rapidity with which delicate people improve with its use is wonderful. Use it and try your weight. As a remedy for Consumption, Throat affections and Bronchitis, it is unequaled. Please read: "I used Scott's Emulsion in a child eight months old with good results. He gained four pounds in a very short time."—Tho. Prin, M. D., Alabama.

ANOTHER CREMATION. Gas Explosion in a Portugal

Theatre.

The Building Burns-Eighty Charred Corpse Taken From the Ruins-Whole Families Perish.

OPORTO, March 21 .- While a performance was in progress at Banquet theater last night an explosion of gas occurred and the theater took fire and was destroyed. The house was full of spectators. Eighty bodies have been taken from the ruins. Most of those burned were in the third tier boxes and galleries, where whole families were suffocated. There was a terrific struggle at the doors when the pectators tried to escape.

Large numbers were suffocated and trampled

upon. Nearly all the victims were spectators The actors escaped in their theatrical costume. Many in the theater finding themselves unable to reach the doors jumped from the windows. ome corpses were found in the stage boxes. The gas was extinguished shortly after the fire broke out, thus adding to the confusion.

THE GREAT AMERICAN HOG. anger That Evidence in the Lard Investi-

gation May Injure Foreign Trade. WASHINGTON, March 21 .- At a meeting of the house committee on agriculture this morning, discussion arose as to whether the same ng, discussion arose as to whether the same restriction should not be placed upon the latitude which has been allowed to counsel on both sides in the pending lard controversy in acting persons engaged in the manufacture of hog products.

acting persons engaged in the manufacture of hog products.

Mr. Laird made the point that the only interest unrepresented by counsel in the pending investigation was that of the original producer. It was in his judgment high time that something was said in the interest of the American farmers. He said that during the year just ended 177,000.000 hogs were slaughtered in the United States, producing 527,000,000 pounds of land, 321,000,000 pounds of which were exported and 260,000,000 pounds consumed at home. The major part of this output was furnished by the states of Nebraska, Missouri, Iowa, Kansas and Illinois.

Formerly, he said, a large part of this vast output of hog products had been manufactured and handled in the east. Afterwards the center of this business was transferred to Chicago. Later still, it had passed largely to Kansas City, Omaha, Sioux City and other western points. This was to the manifest interest of the producer and consumer, because large shippoints. This was to the manifest interest of the producer and consumer, because large ship-ments of live hogs must entail great loss in the quantity and quality of the output. Out of these changes had grown friction between these sections, which he thought was plainly visible in the pending controversy, and the danger was that witnesses before the commitdanger was that witnesses before the commit-teee urging their severat private interests would, if not restrained, go to such length in the effort to expose, if not to injure, one another as that permanent injury would be done to the foreign and domestic trade in this product, to the necessary loss of the disinter-ested party in the controversy, namely, the farmer. The fact, that American pork pro-ducts had been excluded from covering foreign

farmer. The fact, that American pork products had been excluded from certain foreign markets, was evidence that foreign consumers only awaited the slightest pretext to shut it off entirely, consequently, he contended for a rule of evidence which would limit the case in rebuttal to the issues presented by the pure lard people to the end that contestants in their anxiety to "throw mud" at others, should not be permitted to do injury to this vast American industry. industry.

Mr. Laird's remarks met with the approval of the committee, and a rule was agreed upon which will prevent the impeachment of Amer-

CONSTERNATION AT THE CAPITOL. The Goddess of Liberty Struck by Lightning-

Congressmen Shocked. Washington, March 21.-At two o'clock washington, March 21.—At two o clock this afternoon a heavy storm accompanied by thunder and lightning broke over this city which flooded the streets and interrupted all overhead telegraph and telephone wires, but two, connecting the capitol building with the rest of the city. The underground wires were not interrupted. Lightning either struck the capitol building or was carried into it on many not interrupted. Lightning either struck the capitol building, or was carried into it on many wires, which enter it, because occupants of all parts of the building were startled out of their usual serenity and treated to rather an

their usual serenity and treated to rather an exciting electrical display. It brought every judge of the supreme court, every lawyer at the bar, and every clerk at his desk to his feet with a jerk, as if they were all moved by some spring. Then they all sat down again and tried to look as if nothing had happened. Much the same thing occurred in the hall of the house and the senate chamber. It seemed as though balls of flame played about and dropped from every chandelier and ran around the gilded cornices. The building shook and rattled in a manner to suggest that the roof was coming down. An engineer in the sub-basement was knecked off his chair. A cab horse outside the building his chair. A cab horse outside the buildin was knocked down. Theorists have it tha the charge struck the plume of the goddess of liberty on the dome, spread over the metal roofs in all directions and sought the ground by the thousand of chandeliers, steam pipes and electric wires in the structure.

TASCOTT IN CHICAGO.

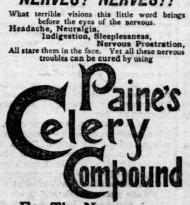
Two Men Meet the Murderer, But Do Not

Arrest Him. Arrest Him.

Chicago, March 21.—A morning paper says that the much sought after William B. Tascott was seen in town last night by two hotel employes who formerly worked with him. Their story is that they were walking on Clark street about 10:30, when they suddenly came face to face with Tascott, who they recognized imflediately. The first impulse of Easy and McCall was to speak to their old acquaintance, but they were dumbfounded. The eyes of all three met, and the recognition was mutual three met, and the recognition was mutua and instantaneous A momentary pause was made, and then Easy and McCall stammered out a casual greeting. Tascott, who was equally astonished at the meeting, quickly recovered himself, and making some unintelligible reply, lowered his head, and passing them by, walked quickly on. Easy and McCall were so excited that they could not sneak or think, until their dutchy on. Easy and accept were so exacted that they could not speak or think until their man was out of sight. Later on they remembered the \$10,000 reward for the man who had thus slipped by them, and then they hastened to police headquarters with their story. Detectives are now working on the clew.

A National Bank Suspends. WASHINGTON, March 21.-The comptroller w Ashington, March 21.—The comptroller of currency received a telegram today saying the Commercial national bank of Dubuque, Iowa, has closed its doors and he directed Bank Examiner Stone, of that district, to proceed at once to Dubuque and take charge of the affairs of the bank.

NERVES! NERVES!!



For The Nervous The Debilitated

The Aged. THIS GREAT NERVE TONIC Also contains the best remedies for diseased conditions of the Kidneys, Liver, and Blood, which always accompany nerve troubles.

It is a Nerve Tonic, an Alterative, a Laxative, and a Diuretic. That is why it CURES WHEN OTHERS FAIL. \$1.00 a Bottle. Send for full particulars. WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors, BURLINGTON, VT.

A Proclamation! Dr. I. Guy Lewis, Fulton, Ark., says.— "A year ago I had billous fever: Tutte Pills were so highly reccommended that I used them. Never did medicine have a happier effect. After a practice of a quarter of a century, I pre-

ANTI-BILIOUS

POND'S EXTRACT VEGETABLE. AIN DESTROYER

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomesh Nose, or from any cause is speedily controlled and stopped,

Sores, Sprains, Bruises. It is cooling, cleansing and Heating.

Catarrh, It is most efficacious for this
disease, Cold in the Head &c.

Pond's Extract Catarrh Care (75c.)

specially prepared to meet serious cases, should be applied with Pond's Extract Nasal Syringe, (25c.) Rheumatism, Neuralgia No other preparation has cured more cases of these distressing complaints than the Extract, Pond's Extract Plater is invaluable in these diseases, Lumbago, Pains in Back or Side, &c.

Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Use the Extract promptly. Delay is

Use the Extract promptly. Delay is dangerous.

Piles, is the greatest known remedy; rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Oilment, (50c.) is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.

In Bottles only. Prices, 50c., \$1, \$1,75.

Note our name on every wrapper and label.

Prepared only by PONDS EXTRACT CO.,

NEW YORK AND LONDON.

POND'S

TRACT

It's remarkable specific

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over Piles, however severe.

Also for Burns, Scalds,
Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.
Testimonials from all classes
prove its efficacy. Price 50c. POMD'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. L.

BITTERS

ON TAINING ASH BARK AND BERBLES
PRICKLY ASH BERBLES
PRICKLY ASH BERBLES
SENNA-MANDRAKE-BUCHU It has stood the Test of Years, in Curing all Diseases of the
BLOOD LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, BOWELS, &c. It Purifies the
Blood, Invigorates and
Cleanses the System. BITTERS CURES LIVER KIDNEYS!

DYSPEPSIA, CONSTI PATION. JAUNDICE. SICKHEADACHE.BIL IOUS COMPLAINTS, &c disappear at once under its beneficial influence.

STOMACH It is purely a Medicine as its cathartic properties forbids its use as a beverage. It is pleased and as a put to the taste, and as ALLORUGGISTS PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO PRICE DOLLAR Sole Proprietors,

MILLS,

On Line C. R.

R. & E. T., V.

&G. Ry.

D. C. BACON, Pres. ATLANTA LUMBER COMPANY

YARDS, Humphries St., & E. T., V. & G. Railway.

OFICE

Marietta Street. Long Leaf Pine, KILN-DRY DRESSED FLOORING CEILING.

WEATHERBOARDING, SHINGLES AND LATHS, BRIDGE AND TRESTLE TIMBERS. Best in quality, lowest in price. Write for esti-

Take the Midland Route

(Georgia Midland and Gulf R. R.)

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE NO CHANGE OF CARS -BETWEEN-

ATLANTA DO COLUMBUS -AND ONLY ONE CHANGE TO-

UNION SPRINGS, TROY AND EUFAULA TRAIN LEAVES ATLANTA (via C. R. R. and Griffin) 2:30 p. m.,

ARRIVES COLUMBUS 7:15 p. m.

NORTH BOUND TRAIN.

LEAVE COLUMBUS 8:20 a. m.,
In advance of other trains.
Making connection certain in Union Depot for all points beyond Atlanta.
Trains leave McDonough southbound at 2:30 p. m.
Accommodation train leaves Griffin at 5:00 a. m.,
arriving Columbus 10:55 a. m.
C. W. CHEARS,
Gen 1 Pass. Agt.,

M. E. GRAY.
Superintendent.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

For ticker or further information. A.S.I

THE INSPECTION OF MEATS.

The Bill Passes the Senate-Other Busine

Washington, March 21.—The bill providing for an inspection of meats for exportation, and prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food or drink having been reached, Mr. Beck asked Mr. Evarts, who had reported it from the committee on foreign relations, whether it was the unanimous report of that committee, and whether due care had been taken to protect property rights.

Mr. Evarts replied that a like bill had been passed at the last session. It was the unanimous report of the committee, but he had an amendment to offer allowing the inspection of meats at places of packing.

meats at places of packing.

The amendment was offered and agreed to, and the bill passed.

and the bill passed.

Bills were also passed authorizing the Misalssippi and Louisiana Bridge and Railroad
company, of Natchez, Miss., to construct a
bridge over the Mississippi at or near Natchez.
To authorize juries of the United States circuit and district courts to be used interchangeably and to provide for drawing talesmen.
To provide for holding terms of United
States courts at Mississippi City.
Appropriating \$10,000 for the repair of Fort
Marion, at St. Augustine, Fla.
Regulating fees for the amplification of land
patents.

patents.

Appropriating \$10,000 for the prosecution of inquiries by the commissioner of fish and fisheries in respect to the destruction of oysters in natural oyster beds lying within the waters and jurisdiction of the United States by star-

and jurisdiction of the United States by star-fish, etc.

Mr. Frye, from the committee on foreign re-lations, reported back the house bill authoriz-ing the president to arrangs a conference for the purpose of promoting arbitration and en-couraging reciprocal commercial relations be-tween the United States and Mexico, Central and South America and Brazil. Placed on the The senate adjourned.

LABOR LEGISLATION.

The House Has a Heated Discussion Over a Bill.

Washington, March 21.—The house then went into committee of the whole on the bill referring to the court of claims for adjustment of accounts of workmen and mechanics arising under the eight hour law.

Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, regarded the measure as an attack upon the treasury. He had carefully considered the question in 4884 and at that time he had estimated that the bill would involve the expenditure of \$30,000,000. He declared that whenever a labor bill was brought into the house it stampeded the members as a hawk, tampeded pigeons in a dove cote. The most humiliating thing to him in connection with his congressional labor was the way mombers fluttered whenever any proposition came up relating to labor. The pending proposition was one to give a man ten hours' pay for eight hours labor in order to create an aristocracy of labor and give to claim agents twenty-five or fifty per cent of the amount they might recover.

Mr. Taulbee, of Kentucky, declared the house was utterly at sea as to the amount involved in the bill. He admitted that the question of expenditure did not enter into the case. WASHINGTON, March 21.-The house then

tion of expenditure did not enter into the case, but tended to impress on members the importance of an inquiry into the bill, and he maintained that the language of the measure was a virtual acknowledgment on the part of its framers that there was no existing law of specific or good science upon which these claims

equity or good science upon which these claims could be based.

Mr. Tarnsey, of Michigan, earnestly supported the bill. He stated that the committee on labor had given a careful hearing to mechanics and laborers who asked that which could never be denied in any civilized country—the right to go into the courts of their country and have their rights and duties of government defined and placed on record. He then moved that the committee rise statius that his intenthat the committee rise, stating that his inten-tion was to let the bill go over till April 16th, in order that gentlemen who were shooting at a bird that they didn't see, and that wasn't

there, might have an opportunity to examine the record and become better informed as to the merits of the case, than their speeches to-day indicated them to be.

The committee then rose and the bill went

Bills were passed to prevent the product of convict labor from being furnished to or for the use of any department of the government. and from being used in public buildings or other public works and to prevent the employment of alien labor on public buildings and other public works, and in the various depart-

other public works, and in the various departments of the government.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the bill to establish the department of lalor. The provision for an assistant commissioner of labor was stricken out.

Mr. Buchanan moved to strike out the clause charging the commissioner to ascertain, whenever industrial changes shall make it essential, the cost of producing articles at the time tial, the cost of producing articles at the time dutiable in the United States, in the leading countries where such articles are produced, by fully specified units of production and under classification, showing the different elements

of cost or the approximate cost of such arti-cles of production.

Mr. Buchanan said that the commissioner would be unable to gather information with the force at his disposal, and that if the force were increased sufficiently for him to do so the expense of the department would become

the expense of the department would become
so great that he feared congress would refuse
to appropriate money.

Mr. Mills regarded the clause which it was
proposed to strike out as the most important
feature of the bill. If it were stricken out
there would be nothing left in the bill. The
people were told that the wages of labor on
the other side of the ocean were less than
those on this side, and that the cost of production was less in Europe than in America. those on this side, and that the cost of produc-tion was less in Europe than in America.

Who knew whether that was true or not? He wished the commissioner to-get information from men thoroughly equipped for work. Then when congress came to legislate upon the tariff question, gentlemen would not be able to find people who would be able to see for themselves what the labor cost able to see for them of the production in European countries. Let the gentlemen come up to the scratch and have this matter investigated. Gentlemen should not tell the people that tariff was in-tended for their benefit. Every line of it was intended for the benefit of trusts.

intended for the benefit. Every and of it was intended for the benefit of trusts.

Mr. Reed expressed wonder whether the chairman of the ways and means committee, if he got information, would allow it to be read to the committee?

Mr. Buchanan's amendment was rejected.

Mr. Randall offered an amendment to extend the inquiry to the amount of wages paid in the various industries, accompanying his amendment with the remark: "We all stand on the question of labor."

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Mills offered an amendment to insert the words "per diem weekly and otherwise."

After the word "wages" in Mr. Randall's amendment, the amendment was adopted.

After the word "wages" in Mr. Randall's amendment, the amendment was adopted.
On motion of Mr. McKinley an amendment was adopted adding to Mr. Randall's amendments the words "and hours employed per day."
The following amendments extending the scope of the inquiry were adopted:
By Mr. Buchanan—Whether any convictmade goods are imported into this country and whence.

By Mr. Bland-Profits of the manufacturer and producer of dutiable articles.

By Mr. Washington, of Tennessee—The comparative cost of living in this country and Europe.

Europe.
By Mr. Milliken—And the kind of living.
Mr. Brown, of Indiana, offered an amendment
extending the inquiry as to the effect of the
protective tariff in the United States on the
agricultural industry and especially as to its
feffect on the mortgage indebtedness of farm-

To this amendment Mr. Randall offered another, extending the inquiry as to the effect of the state of currency upon agricultural inter-ests. Mr. Milliken, of Maine, another, requir-ing the ing the commissioner of labor to investigate the Mills' tariff bill, and report what effect it would have on the labor and industry of the United States and on foreign industry, and on the profits of foreign manufacturers and the markets of the American farmer.

Pending action, the committee rose, and at 6:15 the house adjourned. The Territory of Alaska

Washington, March 21.—The house committee on territories today decided to report a bill for the organization of the territory of Alaska. The bill provides that all that portion of the country ceded by Russia to the United States by the treaty of March 30, 1867, shall constitute the territory of Alaska. The territory shall have a governor, secretary and

IATION. Portugal

harred Corpse -Whole

d the theater s have been ind galleries. ors when the

and trample ical costume selves unable the windows e stage boxes rtly after the IN HOG.

n Trade. a meeting of

ere slaugh ng 527,000 ds of which

agreed upor ment of Amer

E CAPITOL. ly Lightningt two o'clock roke over this city one wires, but ilding with the and wires were ther struck. the

AGO. r, But Do Not ith him. Their on Clark street d acquaintance,
The eyes of all
n was nutual
ary pause was
all stammered
who was equalickly recovered
telligible reply,
hem by, walked
were so excited men by, walked were so excited ink until their in they remem-e man who had a they hastened heir story. De-e clew.

he comptroller a today saying c of Dubuque, ad he directed district, to pro-take charge of RVES!! ttle word brings nervous. essness, ous Prostration, t all these nervous by using

ends.

aine's pound OUS

ilitated

and Blood, which ive, a Laxative, IERS FAIL.

A Proclamation! Dr. I. Guy Lewis, Fulton, Ark., says:
A year ago I had bilious fever; Tatty
Pills were so highly reccommended
that I used them. Nover did medicine
have a happier effect. After a practice of a quarter of a century, I preclaim them the best

ANTI-BILIOUS

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Sores, Sprains, Bruises.

It is cooling, cleansing and Heating.

Catarrh, It is most efficacions for the disease, Cold in the Head ac.

Pond's Extract Catarrh Cure, (75c.)

Specially prepared to meet serious cases, should be applied with Pond's Extract Nasai Syringe, (25c.) Rheumatism, Neuralgia,

Diphtheria, Sore Throat,
Use the Extract promptly. Delay is

Piles, Bland, Bleeding or Itching. Resided, Fond's Extract Ointment, (30c.) is of greatest known remedy; rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Ointment, (30c.) is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient. In Bottles only. Prices, 60c., \$1, \$1,75. Note our name on every wrapper and label. Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

EXTRACT OINTMENT. It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over Piles, however severe.

Also for Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c. Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. L.

PRICKLY ASH BERNEY
PRICKLY ASH BERNEY
SENNA - MANDRAKE-BUCHU
AND OTHER EQUALLY EFFICIENT REMEDIES
It has grood the Test of Years, BLOOD, LIVER, STOM-ACH, KIDNEYS, BOW-ELS, &c. It Purifies the Blood, Invigorates and Cleanses the System. PASH BITTERS DYSPEPSIA, CONSTI-CURES

SICKHEADACHE.BIL-LIVER IOUS COMPLAINTS, &c disappear at once under tits beneficial influence.

STOMACH
AND
BOWELS
BOWELS
COR SACCE
BY A CORD STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO ALLDRUGGISTS PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO

PRICE DOLLAR Sole Proprietors, ST. LOUIS and KANSAS CHTT M. F. Amorovs, Gen. Mgs

ATLANTA LUMBER COMPANY,

YARDS. MILLS,

Humphries St., & E. T., V. & G. Railway.

On Line C. R. R. & E. T., V. &G. Ry.

Long Leaf Pine. KILN-DRY DRESSED FLOORING CEILING,

WEATHERBOARDING, SHINGLES AND LATHS, BRIDGE AND TRESTLE TIMBERS. Best in quality, lowest in price. Write for esti-mates on house bills.

Take the Midland Route

(Georgia Midland and Gulf R. R.)

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE NO CHANGE OF CARS

-BETWEEN-

ATLANTA DO COLUMBUS -AND ONLY ONE CHANGE TO-

UNION SPRINGS, TROY AND EUFAULA TRAIN LEAVES ATLANTA (via C. R. R. and Griffin) 2:30 p. m.,

ARRIVES COLUMBUS 7:15 p. m. NORTH BOUND TRAIN.

LEAVE COLUMBUS 8:20 a. m.,
ARRIVE ATLANTA 1:15 p. m.
In advance of other trains.
Making connection certain in Union Depot for
all points beyond Atlanta.
Trains leave McDohough southbound at 2:30 p. p.
Accommodation train leaves Griffin at 5:00 s. m.,
arriving Columbus 10:55 s. m.
C. W. CHEARS,
Gen 1 Pass. Agt.,

M. F. GRAY,
Superintendent

Louisiana State Lottery Go. mi o ami o

THE INSPECTION OF MEATS.

Transacted.

Transacted.

Washington, March 21.—The bill providing for an inspection of meats for exportation, and prohibiting the importation of adulterated articles of food or drink having been reached, Mr. Beck asked Mr. Evarts, who had reported it from the committee on foreign relations, whether it was the unanimous report of that committee, and whether due care had been taken to protect property rights.

whether it was the unammous report of that committee, and whether due care had been taken to protect property rights.

Mr. Evarts replied that a like bill had been passed at the last session. It was the unanimous report of the committee, but he had an amendment to offer allowing the inspection of meats at places of packing.

The amendment was offered and agreed to, and the bill passed.

Bills were also passed authorizing the Missispip and Louisiana Bridge and Railroad company, of Natchez, Miss., to construct a bridge over the Mississippi at or near Natchez. To authorize juries of the United States circuit and district courts to be used interchangeably and to provide for drawing talesmen.

To provide for holding terms of United States courts at Mississippi City.

Appropriating \$10,000 for the repair of Fort Marion, at St. Augustine, Fla.

Regulating fees for the amplification of land patents.

patents.

Appropriating \$10,000 for the prosecution of inquiries by the commissioner of fish and fisheries in respect to the destruction of cysters in natural cyster beds lying within the waters and jurisdiction of the United States by starand jurisdiction of the Critical States by star-fish, etc.

Mr. Frye, from the committee on foreign re-lations, reported back the house bill authoriz-ing the president to arrangs a conference for the purpose of promoting arbitration and en-couraging reciprocal commercial relations be-tween the United States and Mexico, Central and South America and Brazil. Placed on the

calendar.
The senate adjourned. LABOR LEGISLATION.

The House Has a Heated Discussion Over a

Washington, March 21.—The house then went into committee of the whole on the bill referring to the court of claims for adjustment of accounts of workmen and mechanics arising

referring to the court of claims for adjustment of accounts of workmen and mechanics arising under the eight hour law.

Mr. Tillman, of South Carolina, regarded the measure as an attack upon the treasury. He had carefully considered the question in 1884 and at that time he had estimated that the bill would involve the expenditure of \$30,000,-100. He declared that whenever a laber bill was brought into the house it stampeded the members as a hawk_stampeded pigeons in a dove cote. The most humiliating thing to him in connection with his congressional labor was the way mombers fluttered whenever any, proposition came up relating-to labor. The pending proposition was one to give a man ten flours' pay for eight hours labor in order to create an aristocracy of labor and give to claim agents twenty-five or fifty per cent of the amount they might recover.

Mr. Taulbee, of Kentucky, declared the house was utterly at sea as to the amount involved in the bill. He admitted that the question of expenditure did not enter into the case, but tended to impress on members the importance of an inquiry into the bill, and he maintained that the language of the measure was a virtual acknowledgment on the part of its framers that there was no existing law of equity or good science upon which these claims could be based.

Mi. Tarnsey, of Michigan, earnestly supported the bill. He stated that the committee on

could be based.

Mr. Tarnsey, of Michigan, earnestly supported the bill. He stated that the committee on labor had given a careful hearing to mechanics and laborers who asked that which could never be denied in any civilized country—the right to go into the courts of their country and have their rights and duties of government defined and placed on record. He then moved that the committee rise, stating that his intention was to let the bill go over till April 16th, he order that gentlemen who were shooting In order that gentlemen who were shooting at a bird that they didn't see, and that wasn't there, might have an opportunity to examine the record and become better informed as to the merits of the case, than their speeches to-day indicated them to be.

The committee then rose and the bill went over.

over.

Bills were passed to prevent the product of convict labor from being furnished to or for

convict labor from being furnished to or for the use of any department of the government, and from being used in public buildings or other public works and to prevent the employment of alien labor on public buildings and other public works, and in the various departments of the government.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the bill to establish the department of labor. The provision for an assistant commissioner of labor was stricken out.

Mr. Buchanan moved to strike out the clause charging the commissioner to ascertain, whenever industrial changes shall make it essential, the cost of producing articles at the time dutiable in the United States, in the leading countries where such articles are produced, by tully specified units of production and under the states.

countries where such articles are produced, by fully specified units of production and under classification, showing the different elements of cost or the approximate cost of such articles of production.

Mr. Buchanan said that the commissioner would be unable to gather information with the force at his disposal, and that if the force were increased sufficiently for him to do so the expense of the department would become so great that he feared congress would refuse to appropriate money.

the expense of the department would become so great that he feared congress would refuse to appropriate money.

Mr. Mills regarded the clause which it was proposed to strike out as the most important feature of the bill. If it were stricken out there would be nothing left in the bill. The people were told that the wages of labor on the other side of the ocean were less than those on this side, and that the cost of production was less in Europe than in America. Who knew whether that was true or not? He wished the commissioner to get information from men thoroughly equipped for work. Then when congress came to legislate upon the tariff question, gentlemen would not be able to find people who would be able to see for themselves what the labor cost of the production in European countries. Let the gentlemen come up to the scratch and have this matter investigated. Gentlemen should not tell the people that tariff was intended for their benefit. Every line of it was intended for the benefit of trusts.

Mr. Reed expressed wonder whether the chairman of the ways and means committee, if he got information, would allow it to be read to the committee?

Mr. Buchanan's amendment was rejected.

Mr. Randall offered an amendment to extend the inquiry to the amount of wages paid in the various industries, accompanying his amendment with the remark: "We all stand on the question of labor."

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Mills offered an amendment to insert

question of labor."

The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Mills offered an amendment to insert the words "per diem weekly and otherwise."

After the word "wages" in Mr. Randall's amendment, the amendment was adopted.

On motion of Mr. McKinley an amendment was adopted adding to Mr. Randall's amendments the words "and hours employed per day."

day."
The following amendments extending the scope of the inquiry were adopted:
By Mr. Buchanan—Whether any convictmade goods are imported into this country and By Mr. Bland-Profits of the manufacturer

and producer of dutable articles.

By Mr. Washington, of Tennessee—The comparative cost of living in this country and Europe.

Europe.
By Mr. Milliken—And the kind of living.
Mr. Brown, of Indiana, offered an amendment extending the inquiry as to the effect of the protective tariff in the United States on the agricultural industry and especially as to its effect on the mortgage indebtedness of farmers. To this amendment Mr. Randall offered an-

To this amendment Mr. Randall offered another, extending the inquiry as to the effect of the state of currency upon agricultural interests. Mr. Milliken, of Maine, another, requiring the commissioner of labor to investigate the Mills' tariff bill, and report what effect it would have on the labor and industry of the United States and on foreign industry, and on the profits of foreign manufacturers and the markets of the American farmer.

Pending action, the committee rose, and at 6:15 the house adjourned.

The Territory of Alaska.

Washington, March 21.—The house com-

Washington, March 21.—The house committee on territories today decided to report a bill for the organization of the territory of Alaska. The bill provides that all that portion of the country ceded by Russia to the United States by the treaty of March 30, 1867, shall constitute the territory of Alaska. The territory shall have a governor, secretary and

legislative assembly, a supreme and four inferior courts, an attorney, marshal and delegate in congress, the latter to be appointed and selected under the provisions of the Revised Statutes relating to the government of territories. Sitka is to be the capital, at which place the supreme court shall sit. The four inferior courts shall be located at the settlements of Sitka, Junean, Wrangel and Urga. The legislative council is to consist of nine members, and shall put into operation the government provided for.

No Vote Taken on the Bill.

No Vote Taken on the Bill.

Washington, March 21.—The session of the ways and means committee today lasted but three minutes. Contrary to general expectation, no attempt was made to formally vote upon and dispose of the tariff bill, and republican members were left in the dark as to the reason for adjournment. A conference of democratic members was held immediately after adjournment, at which it came out that the report which will accompany the bill when presented was not completed and another day's time was required to give it shape. There was also discussion as to the proper time to present the bill to the house. The committee will meet again tomorrow.

How They Marry in Louisiana.

From the Newman, Ga., Herald.

Ever marry anybody in Louisiana? No. Well, marriage is a mighty serious matter in that commonwealth, and the young man who contemplates a matrimonial incursion into the pelican state cannot be too careful. I know whereof I speak, having married there once myself. In the first place a license costs \$2.50, and before a minister is allowed to officiate you must not only present your marriage license, but are required to give bond and security in the sum of \$2,500 for the proper maintenance of your prospective bride during married life. Imagine the dilemma of a stranger who arrives in the night, knows nobody except his girl, and wants to get married at early candlelight and take the next train. Imagine his embarrassment, I say, when he finds that he is compelled to go out among a lot of strangers, who have all been apprised beforehand of the nature of his expedition, and are more or less jealous of him, and make a \$2,500 bond before the ceremony can proceed. It is worrisome, I can tell you, but it is the law, and you must either comply or return home alone. No spirited youth will allow himself to be baffled right on the brink of the nuptial altar, and, of course, he complies, even if he has to ask the sheriff and town marshal to go on his bond. From the Newman, Ga., Herald.

The Situation in Stewart.

From the Sumter, Ga., Republican.

A Stewart county man who is a strong prohi writes from his neck 'o woods, that prohibition doesn't prohibit, by long odds. He says: "It is shipped from Americus to our dry county, until we are just flooded. It comes scaled up in vari-colored jugs, cans. bottles, kegs and half-barrels, labelled as kerosene, sweet oil, linseed oil, vinegar, pickled peaches, etc., etc., until one grows aweary of the divices of the initiated and sighs for the old days of freedom from the deceits and hyporrisy of the apostles of the swilltub." It is too bad, but our correspondent seems to have lingered around the unhallowed precincts until he has been seriously infected with the spirits, generate or degenerate, to a degree that his complaints should be of his own weakness and not that of others.

The peculiar combination, proportion and preparation of Hood's Sarsaparilla makes this medicine different from others and superior to them all. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Decoying a Gobbler. From the Sumter, Ga., Republican.

Decoying a Gobbler.

From the Blakely, Ga., News. From the Blakely, Ga., News.

Speaking of turkey hunting reminds us of a novel way our friend, Golden, has of decoying the gobbler. For instance, he makes a levy on a tame turkey, takes it into the woods and tethers it out (Bill is not up to snuff on the yelp) and takes his position and awaits developments. The boys tell a good one on Bill. A few mornings since, he took out the tame turkey, and soon a fine gobbler come upon the scene, but the two turkeys were in such close proximity, he was afraid to shoot for fear of killing both, he saw him and begun putting distance between him and Bill's gun. But the hunter says he gave him a farewell salute.

The Beautiful Spring Days.

From the Leary, Ga., Courier.

Everyboby seemed to enjoy the beautiful spring days of last week, and all anxious for the time to come for pienics. The last cold spell did not injure the fruit trees; the gardens are looking well, and some tables can boast of a few of spring's first vegetables.

THE PUPPET IN THE CHEST.

Dancing Without a Moment's Pause for Many Years.



The thousands of curious people who go to Europe to see something

Europe to see something new, and yet have never explored the wonders of their own country, are not the only persons who miss many curious sights for lack of looking for them. Take, for example, that wonderful dancing puppet hidden in everyone's chest,—the human heart. In some it dances away merrily for 70 or 80 years; in others it labors hard to stop suddenly at 20, 30 or 40 years, weak, wasted and worn out.

Commencing its work some months before we are born, it keeps up its movement of at least 70 times per minute, or nearly nineteen

Commencing its work some months before we are born, it keeps up its movement of at least 70 times per minute, or nearly nineteen million beats a year. Think of it. Enough to wear out the stoutest piece of machinery. And yet it is like any other puppet. It is influenced by two strings (nerves,) that the brain pulls, the one or the other as it wishes the movements to be faster or slower.

Fear, anger, excitement, love, passion, overstrain, weakness, exhaution, debility, disease, medicines or poisons by acting or the brain influence the heart, and the little pump works faster or slower as the case may be. This is why there are so many weak and diseased hearts, so many sudden deaths, that palpitation is so frequent and cold hands and feet so common. The brain exercises like control over the stouden fright or over-mastering anger has not felt immediately a loss of appitite, pain in the bowels, and perhaps a desire to urinate.

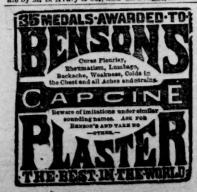
The brains pulls the strings of every organ in the body, and disease in any part is at once telegraphed to it. How many persons who die from Bright's Disease, die from failure of the brain or convulsions? How many cases of Bright's Disease of the kidneys have resulted from over-work, excitement, worry or exhaution of the brain.

Study these fact, for facts they are, and you will then understand why that great remedy, Scotch Oats Essence, acting primarly on the brain and nerves to strengthen and heal them, has saved so many lives, has averted thousands of cases of Heart and Kidney Disease that would have been fatal otherwise. It is both medicine and food, and is the most remarkable medical discovery of modern times.

LADIES

Do Your Own Dyeing at Home With

PEERLESS DYES! THEY WILL DYE EVERYTHING. THE ARE sold everywhere. Price 10c a package. 40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, ornonading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For ale by M. B. Avary & Co., and all Druggs ts.



KEEP YOUR EYE OPEN if you would no be victimized by impostors and frauds who are flooding the market with worthless imitations of Benson's Plaster. These "pirates" who seek to float their worthless products on the reputation of Benson's Plaster resort to many tricks for which their class is famous, and if buyers are not exceedingly cautious they frequently find themselves vic nized by unscrupulous dealers who aid and abet in such deception for a division of the profits Honest dealers will unite with physicians in recom

EMORY COLLEGE,

Sole Manufacturers, New York.

mending Benson's Plaster as superior to all other external remedies for coughs, colds, pleurisy, ches pains, backache, kidney affections, malaria, rheun atism, sciatica, lumbago and aches and pains of

SCHOOLS. Coleman National Business College, Newark, N. J. Open all the year. Best course of Business Training. Best facilities. Pleasantest location. Lowest rates. Shortest time. Most highly recommended write for Catalogue and be convingent. COLEMAN, Pres't. Miss Peebles and Miss Thompson's SCHOOL WILL REOPEN MONDAY, OCTOBER 31 82 and 34 East 57th Street, New York.

OXFORD, GA.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,

THE INSTITUTION ENTERS UPON ITS FIFTY first session October 12, 1887, with enlarged aculty and increased iscilities. For catalogues and nformation write to tf ISAAC 8. HOPKINS, President.

MOST WONDERFUL

FAMILY REMEDY

HUNNICUTT & BELLINGRATH,

Sanitary Plumbers, Steam and Gas Fitters, Galvanized Iron and Tin Workers, Fine Gas Fixtures, Hard Wood and Marbleized Iron Mantels. Grates, Tile Hearths and Facings a specialty.

CARRIAGES! BABY

Cheaper than anywhere in the City. Water Coolers, 'Tin Water Sets, Granite Iron Ware, Stoves, Ranges and all kinds Housefurnishing Goods. Call or send for prices.

ATLANTA, -GEORGIA.

John Goetz, Jr., Vice-Pres't. J. A. Eberhardt, Sec'y Treas. & Gen. M'gr THE SOUTHERN GRANITE COMPANY, QUARRIES AT LITHONIA, GA.

General Contractors in Granite

We take pleasure in announcing that we are now prepared to furnish estimates upon the finest quality of Lithonia

FINE ARCHITECTURAL, MONUMENTAL AND STREET PAVING WORK.

For any and all purposes, especially in the line of

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES WILL BE PROMPTLY FURNISHED. BRANCH OFFICE: PRINCIPAL OFFICE:

20 Kimball Ho ATLANTA. jan 14-d3m

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD of GEORGIA

Passengers for Carrollton, Thomaston, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buens Vista, Blakeley, Clayton, Ala, Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a.m. train from Atlanto.

Atlanta.

Leave Savannah.
Leave Millen.
Leave Montgomery via Eufaula.
Leave Atlanty.
Leave Atlanty.
Leave Atlanty.
Leave Macon.
Leave Barnesville.
Leave Hapeville.
Leave Hapeville.
Arrive at Atlanta. 9:30 am 11:15 pm 7:25 pm 7:40 am 10:12 pm 10:47 am 4:25 am 8:10 pm 10:30 pm 12:15 pm 10:30 pm 12:15 pm 10:30 pm 12:15 pm 10:30 pm 5:40 pm 7:15 am 1:15 pm 10:35 pm + 8:15 am * 9:50 am + 1:40 pm

'STAR" FOUNTAIN PEN, Best Writing Pen ever offered to the Public. At a price within the reach of all. Holds Ink for a Week's use. UNEQUALED FOR BUSINESS OR GENERAL WRITING

PRICE \$1.50 AND UPWARD. Every Pen warranted and satisfaction guaranteed Cut shows exact style, but is not a fac-simile of size.) The "Star" Pen consists of a highly finished hard cubber holder, fitted with a superior Gold Pen, to suit any writer. In ordering, specify style of pen wanted oliciting a trial order. Send by mail or express on receipt of price. Repairs to pens of all kinds a spesialty. N. R.—All goods will be shipped promptly on receipt of order. Enclose ten cents extra for registraon. We are not responsible for goods sent in the regular mails.

ULLRICH & CO., Manufacturers of the "Star" and "Independent" Fountain and Stylographic Pens, 106 and 108 Liberty street, New York. Liberal discount to agents and dealers. febil 50t sat tu thu

IRON ROOFING





PROFESSIONAL CARDS

EUGENE M. MITCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga., Grant Buildin Damage suits a specialty PROF. OTTO SPAHR,

Teacher of Vocal and Instrumental Music, 171 South Forsyth Street, ROBERT HARBISON,
COUSSELOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Gate City Bank Building,
Rooms 54 and 55.

Attorney and Special Agent in Georgia for the AMERICAN SURETY COMPANY OF NEW YORK. (Paid up cash capital \$1,000,000.)

Guarantee and Surety Bonds. FRANK CARTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga. Refers to Moore, & Co., Gate City National Bank. 'Phone 333. G. T. OSBORN,
OFFICIAL STENOGRAPHER COWETA CIRCUIT.
All calls by telegram or otherwise promptly attended to. Office 21 Marietta Street.

HUGH ANGIER, CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Railroad and Sanitary work a specialty. 14½ Whitehall St. Room No. 22.

GOODE & ANDERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Offices No. 1 Marietta street, corner Peachtree. Will do a general practice in all the courts, State and Federal. Real Estate and Corporation Law specialities. tope

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.
Booms Nos. 41 and 42 Gate City Bank Building.
Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets.
T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking epositions in Fulton County.

H. A. I. I. J. G. ZACHRY

LAMAR & ZACHRY.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Washington, D. C. Refer by permission to Hons.
A. H. Colquitt, J. E. Brown, John D. Stewart, J. H.
Blount, C. F. Crisp, A. D. Candler, George F.
Barnes, T. M. Norwood, H. H. Carlton, Thomas
Grimes and H. G. Turner.

EDMUND W. MARTIN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, No. 55½ Whitehall Street Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 512. Atlanta, Ga.

WILLIAM A. HAYGOOD. HAMILTON DOUGLAS.

HAYGOOD & DOUGLAS.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office 17½ Peachtree St.

Telephone 117.

Atlanta, Ga.

WALTER GREGORY, Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Attorney and Counselor at Law.

Room 5, Jackson Building. Special attention given
to damage and insurance cases, and collections.

JOHN M. SLATON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

2014 Peachtree Street,

Healy Building.

Atlanta, 63.

I. H. JOHNSON JOHNSON & JOHNSOL ATTORNEYS AT LAW. (B. J. Hammond's Old ffice.) 21½ E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia. A.R. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT,
MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
Collections a specialty.

Rome, Ga ARCHITECTS. EDMUND G. LIND, Office, 63½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

W. H. PARKINS, ARCHITECT, Office 7½ N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga. L. B. WHEELER,
ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga.
Office 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building
or. Whitehall and Hnter streets. Take elevat

QUICKEST ROUTE __TO__ COLUMBUS

Atlanta & West Point R. R. **FARE ONLY \$2.90!**

And corresponding reduction to Union Springs, Troy and Eu aula. ONLY LINE running solid trains Atlanta to Co-ONLY LINE running double daily trains Atlanta to

ONLY LINE over which trains can be run Atlanta to Columbus in 4 hours and 20 min-Leave Atlanta 6:45 a. m. and 2 p. m.

CECIL GABBETT, CHAS. H. CROMWELL. Gen'l Pass, Agen ALL PERSONS intending to travel may obtain valuable information free by addressing feb11-26 c od

Notice to Contractors.

CEALED PROPOSALS WILL BE RECEIVED BY the undersigned until 12 M., Thursday, March 29, 1888, for the erection of a BRICK COURTHOUSE for Pickens county at Jasper, Georgia. Plans, specifications and drawings can be seen at the office of the Ordinary, at Jasper, Ga., and also at the office of Bruce & Morgan, Architects, Atlanta, Ga.

The right is reserved to reject any or all bids, and the usual state bond required of the contractor.

Address

E. HOOD, Ordinary, 6t

Jasper, Pickens county, Ga.

Addres

Addres

Jasper, Pickens county, Ga.

CEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—TO THE SUPEROf for court of said county: The petition of Dr.
D. C. Bacon and H. P. Smart, of Chatham county,
Ga., and Martin F. Amorous, of Fulton county,
shows that they desire for themselves, their associates successors and assigns to be incorporated and
made a body corporate and politic under the name
of "The Georgia Lumber company." with all the
powers specified by the code of Georgia of 1832, section 1679, and such others hereln asked for.

The particular business of said corporation and its
purpose is the manufacture and dealing in lumber
and naval stores, to manufacture, buy, self and deal
in lumber, timber, doors, sashes, blinds and all
kinds of material for building; to deal in, buy, self
and own naval stores, to buy, lease own and operate steam saw mills, planing mills, sash and blind
factories and turpentine stills, at all such places as
they may see fit; to construct, buy, lease, own and operate steam yeas eit; to construct, buy, lease, own and operate steam saw mills, coal and all other kinds of railroad, street and any other kinds of cars, and for the
rebuilding and repairing of the same, or any of
them at all such places as they may see fit; to buy,
lease, own and sell lands, timber and timber lands,
to buy and own stock, tools, implements and all
other necessary appliances and appurtenances and,
generally, to do all such matters and things as are
incident or common to the business of manufacturing timber, naval stores, operating saw mills, car
works, turpentine stills, etc., and dealing in lumber,
naval stores, car supplies, land, timber and timber
lands; and to buy, lease and own all such property,
real and personal, as may be necessary in the conduct and course of the business aforesaid, and the
same to sell, convey, let, mortcage and dispose of in
any manner and at any time it may deem proper.

The principal office and place of business of said
corporation will be in Fulton county, said corporationned as s

permits.

They pray that this petition be filed and recorded as by law provided and be published once a week for one month in the Atlanta Evening Journal, a public Gazette of said county, and that petitioners be then incorporated by order of this court with all the powers, privileges and in the manner above set forth.

And petitioners will pray.
CALHOUN, KING & SPALDING, Filed in office this 5th day of March, 1888.

A frue and correct copy as appears of record in this office, March 5th, 1888.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. this office, March 5th, 1888.

C. H. STRONG, C. S. C. march 8—5 Thur

NOTICE.

POLICE HEADQUARTERS.
AUANTA, Ga., March 13th, 1893.

I WILL RECEIVE BIDS FOR FURNISHING until Thursday, March 224, 1883.
The uniforms are to be made of Middle force and 17, 0 spods for coats and vests, and 17, 0 spods for pants.

A. B. CONOLLYICE.
Chief Pol

W. L. DOUGEAS 22 SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.
All the all-ve goods are made in Congress, Button and I ce, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGEAS 23 SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the all-ve goods are made in Congress, Button and I ce, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGEAS 23 SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the all-ve goods are made in Congress, Button and I ce, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGEAS 23 SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the all-ve goods are made in Congress, Button and I ce, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGEAS 23 SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the all-ve goods are made in Congress, Button and I ce, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGEAS 23 SHOE is worn by all boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the all-ve goods are made in Congress, Button and I ce, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGEAS 23 SHOE is worn by all boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the all-ve goods are made in Congress, Button and I ce, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGEAS 23 SHOE is worn by all the boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

HELP WANTED-MALE.

WANTED—A CARRIAGE DRIVER, ONE WHO can do general work about the lot. Apply to W. A. Hamphill, Constitution office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED CANVASSER and collector for installment furniture house; state salary expected; reference exchanged; all communications confidential. Address Installment, Constitution office,

WANTED—A FEW PERSONS IN EACH PLACE book of particulars te J. H. Woodbury, Albany, N. Y. thur sat tues book of particulars te J. H. Woodbury, Albany, N. x., thur sat tues

WANTED—A COLORED BOY TO TAKE CARE of horse and wait in dining room of small family. Must come well recommended, salary \$10 per month. Apply to Earl Price, business office constitution.

WANTED—ORGANIZERS FOR SOCIETIES—Successful men can secure permanent position. All correspondence confidential. Address, room 91 No. 230 La Salle street, Chicago, Ill. tus, thurs, sat

Us, thurs, sat

WANTED—BY THE PRESIDENT OF A MAN

unceturing company, private secretary to go
to New York. Must have one or two thousand dollars and give first-class references. Address Mig Co.,
this office.

WANTED-YOUNG LADY STENOGRAPHER and typewrit r. Remington machine. Ad-dress, stating salary, etc., Muncie, care Constitution, thurs fri sat

WANTED—LADIES AND YOUNG MEN TO decorate holiday novelties for fall and win ter trade: steady employment; \$9 per week earned All materials furnished; work mailed free. Address New England Decorative Works, 19 Pearl street, Boston, Mass., P. O. Box 5078. SITUATIONS WANTED-MALL. WANTED-POSITION BY YOUNG MAN, WITH six years' experience with one of the leading wholesale drug houses of the north. Can furnish satisfact ry references. Correspondence solicited, J. D., care Constitution office.

CIVIL ENGINEER AND DRAUGHTSMAN OF ten years' experience desire position. Accuse

ten years' experience desire position. Accus-ned to city work. Address "W. D.," care Atlanta WANTED—A SITUATION BY A MAN WILL-ing to work and who has the ability and intel-legnee to do so. Will guarantee satisfaction to his employer. Can give the best of references. Ad-dress "W," Constitution office,

WANTED—AGENTS. GRANDEST MONEY
making business ever offered. A golden harvest
for the next two months; \$75 per month and expenses to active men to sell our goods. No capital required. Sample case of goods and full particulars frea.
We mean just what we say. Address Standard Silver
ware Co., Boston, Mass. nov—tue thu sat sun
WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR BUSTLE AND
extender combined; just the thing for winter
dresses. Also the "B" hose Supporter. Both entirely new. Ladies' Supply Co., 257 Washington
Boulevard, Chicago. these shapes at sun
A GENTS WANTED FOR THE NEW REyelsed Imperial Edition of Zell's Encyclopedias
(and other works) just issued. New features, 50 per
cent thicker and retail prices reduced. Exceedingly ill eral terms to experienced men. Address, T.
Ellwood Zell, Publisher, Philadelphia, Pa. 3t WANTED-AGENTS.

Ellwood Zeil, Publisher, Philadelphia, Pa. 3t

100 TO SNO A MONTH CAN BE MADE
who working for us. Agents preferred
who can furnish their own horses and give their
whole time to the business. Spare moments may be
profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns
and cities. H. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Maine street,
Richmond, Va. Im. WANTED-MISCELLANEOUS. WANTI D -GOAT-WELL BROKE TO HAR, ness. L. J. Daniel, 3 Pryor st., Kimbail house

PERSONAL.

Description of the second of the

FOR SALE CHEAP—SEVERAL IMPOSING stones, with tables, almost new. Call on or address Weekly Department of Constitution. declo-if dress Weekly Department of Constitution. dec10-1f

AUCTION SALES.

WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE, 98 WHITEHALL
street—The only place in this city where you
can buy enything you want at your own price; bed
steads 31.00 to 85; burea is \$1.50 to \$12; dressers 50 to
\$15;good eassimere pants \$1.50 to \$2.00good eassimere
coals \$1.25 to \$1.50; boys knee pants 50c to 75c. Coustantly on hand carpets, spring mattresses, lounges,
oil paintlines, writing desks, show cases, sewing machines, lambraquins at slaughtering prices; money
advanced in any amount on consignment; auction
sales primptly attended to on liberal terms; highest
cash price paid for office and household furniture.
H. Wolfe, agent.

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street ROARDERS WANTED. EVEN HOUSE. CLEAN, HEALTHY LOCAtion. Board and rooms as reasonable as any
first-class house can afford. No. 121 Peachtree st.

Local, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS CAN
obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and
excellent board at Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR WANT THE BEST VACANT OF ON Capitol avenue, one block from new espetol, or a vacant lot or house and lot on loss expensive street, apply 17% Peachtree street, room 8, from 3 to 5 p. m.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE - HORSES, CARRIAGES

CHETLAND PONY FOR SALE ONE YEAR OLD Address, E. V., Branchville, S. C., care of Postmaster.

FOR SALE—AN ESTABLISHED MANUFACTURing business: a good opening for a live business
man with moderate capital; no patent right affair.
Address M. A., Constitution office.

FOR SALE—A COAL, WOOD AND GROCERY
store; well located, good trade; other business
demands my attention; will give good bargain;
small capital required. Address H., Constitution
office. office.

BIRDS, CHICKENS, EGGS, ETC.

FINE, BROWN LEGHORN AND PLYMOUTH
Rock chickens and eggs for sale. Write for circulars to W. E. Thomrson, Dallas, Ga. tu th sun

Rooms.

FOR RENT—TWO CONNECTING ROOMS ON first floor suitable for light housekeeping; near in; water and gas. 58 Luckfe st.



W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE GENTLEMEN.

The only fine calf \$3 Seamless Shoe in the world made without tacks or nails. As stylish and durable as those costing \$5 or \$6, and having no tacks or nails to wear the stocking or hurt the feet, makes them as comfortable and well-fitting as a hand sewed shoe. Buy the best. None genuing unless stamped on bottom "W. L. Douglas \$3 Shoe, warranted."

W. L. DOUGLAS \$4 SHOE, the original and only hand sewed welt \$4 shoe, which equals cus-tom-made shoes costing from \$5 to \$9.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$2,50 SHOE is unexcelled for heavy west. W. L. DOUGLAS SE SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

Is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed postage free, at \$1.00 per month, \$2.50 for this month, or \$10.00 a year. THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION (Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, post-paid, for \$1.25 a year, or for \$1.00 in clubs of five of more. Address all letters to THE CONSTITUTION,

Atlanta, Georgia 47 J. J. Flynn, General Eastern Agent, ark Row, New York City.

ATLANTA, GA., MARCH 22, 1888.

THERE will be published in Saturday's CONSTITUTION of March 24 and the Weekly of March 27th, the first installment of "The Outlaws of Tunstall Forest," a new serial by Robert Louis Stevenson, the author of "Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde," "Kidnapped," and "Treasure Island," and of several books of travel and many stories of adventure. Some English writer has pronounced Mr. Stevenson "the most romantic and unmodern character of his time, the Knight Errant of the nineteenth century." He has written some seventeen volumes, and every one has been read and enjoyed. This new story, "The Outlaws of Tunstall Forest," covers the most romantic period in English history, and it is full of adventure, rich in excellent characterization, in abundant invention, with a spice of that romance which belongs to many of Sir Walter Scott's novels. The story is a clear and sharp departure from the realistic fiction of the day, and will be popular with young and old.

It lies ill in the mouth of Scott, of Pennsylvania, to suggest that Mr. Randall lacks the courage of his convictions.

According to all accounts the goddess of reform is on a spree in the state of Ken-

Tuesday Night's Great Storm.

The storm which swept over the state Tuesday night was peripatetic. It dipped around from place to place in a manner at once bewildering and sensational. From the fatal visit to Lumber City to the housebreaking in Calhoun was a long distance, but the country between was pretty well spotted with smaller wreck.

The storm seems to have blown up from the gulf, that fruitful nest of toronadoes, and, upon striking the western border of Georgia, to have come in collision with something which caused it to part into two columns. One of these passed on through the Chattahoochee valley, and escaped across Calhoun into Tennessee, where it went careening on its way of destruction. The other, after its fatal work in Lumber City, crossed the state into South and North Carolina, and spent its force on the At-

Considering the extent of the disturbance, the fatalities were very few. It is not claimed that Vanderbilt's new

cook knows how to bake crackling bread. He should be returned to Europe as an in-

THE St. Louis Post-Dispatch and New York World quote from each other with unfailing frequency. Both are owned by that able American, Joey Pulitzer. This is a very neat style of advertising.

They Must Have Blaine. The New York Tribune is evidently bent on bringing Blaine before the republican convention, and seems to be working sys-

tematically to that end. It recently made a canvass, through its correspondents, of representative republicans throughout the north, and announces that 7,000 responses were received, the canvass being based on the assumption that Blaine would not be in the race. Of these more than one-third say that Blaine must allow the use of his name, and that he will be forced into the race, whether or not with

his consent. for Depew, while Sherman leads, with "Blaine anyhow" closely behind him.

This is but one of the straws which show the wonderful popularity of Blaine with the republican party. Had he been avowedly in the race, of the 7,000 republicans who expressed their preferences through the Tribune probably more than 5,000 would have undoubtedly been for him. As it was, with the canvass made distinctly on the basis that he was out of the race, more than a third of those interviewed responded that they will have Blaine anyhow.

No other prominent republican seems to be able to crystallize the strength of the party. Sherman has a strong following, but Gresham or Harrison, Allison, Hiscock or Depew, Hawley, and probably others, will go to the convention with a backing which will not yield to him soon enough to give him the nomination. Just here is where Blaine's admirers will get in their work. The delegates who will compose the strength of these men will in all probability have the highest regard for Blaine, as the man whose voluntary declination took him out of the race for the nomination, in which he could have certainly succeeded had he desired. Had Blaine been in the contest many of these delegates would have been in the convention as Blaine men. If they can be con vinced that Blaine will accept, every slate will be broken and Mr. Blaine will carry the

convention by storm.

Blaine will no doubt be heard from at the proper time, and in the meantime his friends are seeing to it that they will be heard from in the convention.

THE ways and means committee con-

tinues to wander in the free-trade wilderness. The members should trot into our populous congress and report their bill.

THE Savannah News says that 'Randall is a traitor." If so, the country needs more

Following Vincent's Example.

The intelligence of the defalcation and disappearance of State Treasurer Tate, of Kentucky, is an astonishing piece of news. The sad death of Polk, the defaulting treasurer of Tennessee, and the spectacle of cent, of Alabama, working out a fifteen entence in the mines, led people to think that we had come to the end of this epidemic of defalcation, so far as our own thern state treasurers were concerned. It appears, however, that this expectation

was too, sanguine. After holding the office for more than twenty years, "Honest Old Taxe," as he was called, has suddenly dissopeared, leaving the Kentucky treasury minus several hundred thousand dollars. The case is all the more startling, because unlike Polk and Vincent, Tate is said to have held himself aloof from speculation and gaming. He was not an extravagant liver. How, then, did he come to take this money, and what did he do with it? Possibly he was ruined by his confidence in his friends. Men may have worked upon his sympathetic side, and borrowed the state's money. When the critical moment came, perhaps, they failed him. In the absence of anything more definite this theory of the case may be the correct one.

It is a sad business all the way through. orruption in high places is bound to work its way to lower levels. The morality of a people's rulers and office-holders will be accepted by the masses as their standard. It is evident, therefore, that our genuine reformers have a big job before them, and a little old-fashioned honesty will be found to be the thing most needed just now in politics, in business, and in all the relations

GENERAL ADAM BADEAU has placed himself in the position of claiming to have written General Grant's "Memoirs." It is a position from which he will never re-IT is announced that Congressman Scott,

of Pennsylvania, is disgusted with the Lonisiana congressmen. Owing to the fact that Scott is the only truly great man in the country, this announcement is very im-

The Whisky Ring's Work.

When Editor Watterson is asked whether the states of New York. Connecticut and New Jersey can be carried in the next campaign, with the president's message as the platform, he gayly, and in glowing terms, asks us to look at the populous and pulsating northwest.

Well, we have been asked to do this before. On several memorable occasions we have enthusiastically looked to the populous and pulsating northwest for democratic victories, but we have been disappointed. We were requested to look to that section in 1880, and likewise in 1884; but the result was always the same.

There was a good deal of democratic talk before the election, but when the votes came to be counted the result was the same-republicanism was on top in the northwest in those elections. Is there any reason for believing that the result would be different if the party were to commit itself to the Mills Here we see the beautiful workings of the

whisky ring, which is not in politics to any great extent, except so far as it can control western and southern congressmen. The whisky ring is on top, and it will finally carry out its purposes by defeating the democratic party.

EVEN the New York World requests Brer Morrison to stop his wire-pulling and attend to the business for which the government pays him. Coming from the World this is quite an attack.

EDITORIAL POSTSCRIPT.

THE STORM PREDICTED by Mr. Hicks came emptly on time, and fully satisfied the exectations of the public. WHEN THE COLD wave flag bobs up after a

long spell of rest it looks bigger, blacker and more blizzardy than ever. THE TEMPERANCE PEOPLE should bear in

mind the fact that nothing aids their cause more effectively than bad liquor. WE DO NOT know much about weather

signs, but the fact that spring poetry has begun THE INDIA RUBBER girl in tights who ties rself into all sorts of knots can beat Charles Dickens when it comes to drawing a crowd.

WALK AND TALKS.

"Evenin' papers-all 'bout de cyclone! yelled a small newsboy as he went into a Decatur eet saloon last night. "Don't wan't any of your papers," said a rather edy looking individual at the bar.
"Well," said the kid, eyeing him suspiciously,

"judgin' by your looks I guess you do know al A beer mug missed his head as he dodged out of

The Southern league schedule committee The Southern league schedule committee has finished its labors. Contrary to expectations the schedule confines the games to those cities having clubs. The season begins on April 7th, with Birmingham at New Orleans and Memphis at Charleston. Secretary Byrne, of the arbitration committee, telegraphed President Wilson that the right of protection and reservation had been granted to the Southern league.

Unless something is accomplished today by the gentlemen who are interesting themselves in the resusicitation of base ball interests in Atlanta, it may be taken for grauted that base ball is dead.

Tomorrow the meeting of Driving associations will be held in this city. Everybody hopes strong circuit may be formed.

An Atlanta jury has decided a man's leg to

Atlanta's streets got a good washing Tues day night. The storm did that much good.

Atlanta was full of politicians yesterday and the hotels presented livelier scenes than usual. Judging by appearances one is safe in saying that there are extant at least as many candidates as there

SO AND SO.

Poverty Flats, Jackass Prairie, Hell's Hole and Devil's Ranch are no longer western pos They have been renamed.

Hannibal Hamlin, at the age of eighty-nin is the only survivor of the eight statesmen who were on the national tickets of 1860. It is noticed in Mexico that the laying of railroad

tracks produces rain As fast as construction advances rain falls. One theory is that the large quantity of steel rails on flat cars produces rain. A eccentric individual named William Waits, who cied a few days ago at Burlington, Kan, had an idiosyneratic batred of a woman and a cook stove, and would tolerate neither about his house.

To "shell" the shell road at St. Augustine.

Florida, for 1½ miles, will tage 50,000 barrels of oyster shells. A tramway will be built to transport the material from the sea to the road, and it will be delivered for ten cents a barrel. A French bachelor advertised for a wife.

typographical error changed his age from 37 to 87, but it made no difference, for he received two hundred and fifty applicants from ladies ranging from the age of sixteen to sixty, and all promising love and devotion to the rest of his existence. Some years ago Miss Scragg was attacked when traveling alone on an English rallroad, and the public immediately demanded compartments for "ladies only," and they were introduced. ExTATE'S SHORTAGE.

Republicans Say It will Defeat the Demo

crats in Kentucky.

Louisville, Ky., March 21.—Up to 10 o'clock this morning there has been no startling development concerning the defalcation in the state treasurer's office. Conservative reports from the state capital place the amount of the deficit between \$125,000 and \$150,000, the former being the amount stated by Auditor Hewett. More sensational dispatches places the sum far above these ffigures, one placing it at \$197,000 and crediting Expert Samuels with the statement that it will probably reach a half million dollars. Beyond the fact that Tate left Louisville Friday night for Cincinnati, nothing is known of his whereabouts. It is believed that he fied from the city to Buffalo and thence to Canada. His friends think that when his papers are overhauled, a statement from him will be found. The republicans are claiming that Tate's defalcation will enable them to carry the state at the next election. them to carry the state at the next election, and they say Tate's shortage is but a proof of the charges made by the republicans on the stump that the democratic state government was rotten to the core. One well-known member of the republican party said: "When Tate went into office he found in the treasury \$1,300,090. He went out leaving it comparatively empty and carrying possibly several hundred thousand with him. Comment is unnecessary. The effect on the democratic party may not be of a wholesome character, but it will certainly cause the republicans to put forth new energy and gather in the democrats who believe in honest government, and m to carry the state at the next election but it will certainly cause the republicans to put forth new energy and gather in the democrats who believe in honest government, and will certainly stop that everlasting cry of democratic purity by democratic stump speakers. You can say for me that I believe Tate's shortage will be of much benefit to the republican party, and that if we don't carry the state for the republican nominee this fall we will make things hum at the next state election."

A dispatch from Frankfort to a morning paper says:
Some startling developments are promised when the private papers of the trea urer are looked into. It is said that these documents will show loans to various high officials, among them being \$5,000 to an ex-judge of the court of appeals. It is said by men who are conversant with the state's affairs that more men than one knew of Tate's mancial straits, and they were in a measure responsible in putting him to flight. One thing seems to be evident; that the governor means to lay open the whole thing.

that one of Tate's bondsmen some time ago was in a very close financial fix and that he suddenly braced up and went on sailing. This is connected with the shortage of money. Tate went to Louis-vill to awa t the result of the legislature's action of the extension, and that as soon as the extension resolution was adopted he decided to leave.

A dispatch from Frankfort this morning states that the senate judiciary committee and the special committee appointed yesterday by the house in their joint report to the legislature concerning the proper

appointed yesterday by the house in their joint report to the legislature concerning the proper measure to be taken in the Tate defalcation case recommended his impeachment. The report says the suspension by the governor does not vacate the office, and that impeachment is the only constitutional mode by which, in this case the absoluting treasurer may be n this case, the absconding treasurer may be

m this case, the absconding treasurer may be removed and his place made vacant.

A dispatch from Frankfort this morning states that the senate judiciary committee appointed yesterday by the house, in their joint report to the legislature concerning the proper measures to be taken in the late defalcation case, recommend impeachment. The report says supersion by the governor does not vacate. says supension by the governor does not vacate the office, and that impeachment is the only constitutional means by which the absconding treasurer may be removed and his place made

A dispatch from Frankfort to the Evening Times says the foregoing report was adopted and a special committee is now at work formuand a special committee is now at work formulating the proper mode of procedure. The resolution authorizing the offering of a reward of \$5,000 for Tate's apprehension was also adopted. Auditor Hewtet stated to a reporter this morning that he had worked almost three entire nights on Treasurer Tate's books, and found that the shortage would fall under \$200,000, but above \$190,000.

THE ICE BREAKING UP.

Gorges Form and Rivers Overflow, Doing Great Damage. RACINE, Wis., March 21.-The warm weather

RACINE, Wis., March 21.—The warm weather of the past week and the heavy rain of yesterday broke the immense volume of ice in the river above the Northwestern railroad bridge and in the afternoon jit began to move down the river. When the immense blocks reached Mead street bridge the outlet was not sufficiently wide, and a gorge was formed from forty rods west and from fifteen to twenty teet high. The cracking of the ice could be heard for blocks and hundreds of people visited the scene. The gorge having formed a perfect dam, the rapidly running river was soon forced over the adjoining docks property, and in less than an hour the land contiguous to the river was submerged. PEMBINA, Dak., March 21.—One of the se-

night. The fall of snow was tremendous and a damp, cold wind hurled it about at such a furious rate it was impossible for pedestrians to remain on the streets. Passengers on the th bound train report the storm worse north of here. The weather is growing colder and it is feared there will be loss of life on the

ST. VINCENT, Minn., March 21.—The worst storm of the winter set in yesterday and farmers who were in town were obliged to remain over night. The roads are becoming blockaded.
POPLAR RIVER, Mont., March 21.—The Missouri river broke yesterday. Ice dams formed, the river overflowed its banks and the formed, the river overflowed its banks and the whole river bottom, which includes millions of acres of lands, is inundated for over a hundred miles. There will be a great loss of cattle. The bridges on the Manitoba railroad are all right. Settlers living in the bottom lands have gone to the hills. The water is the highest ever known in this vicinity.

READING, Pa., March 21.—Seyfert's large rolling mill at Naomi, in this county, after a stop-page of over two months, will resume next week Notices were posted today stating the wages of all employes would be reduced ten per cent after April 1st. Manage s of Rockridge furnace, at Alburtis, have also announced a ten per cent reduction after April 1st. There is a general movement throughout eastern Penn ylvania looking towards a reduction of 5 to 10 per cent in wages of iron work (mployes after April 1st.

Refused a Second Reading. London, March 21.—In the house of com-nons today, Mr. Parnell moved a second reading of is arrears of rent bill. He said that he and his folowers still had an invincible objection to solving he rent question by the general bankruptcy of ten-nuts. The house refused to order the bill to a second cading by a vote of 328 to 243.

The Emperor Stronger.

Berlin, March 21.—The emperor passed a

good night, and feels much stronger today. He re-ceived the crown princess this afternoon. The empress will hold a mourning reception at Charlot-tenburg on Saturday. Prince Bismarck visited the crown prince at noon today, and was received by the emperor in the afternoon. Will Not Reject the Freight.

St. Louis, March 21.—Superintendent Dickinson, of the Missouri Pacific railroad, and General Manager Hayes, of the Wabash, have issued orders to their men to receive and handle all freight given them by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, the order to go into effect immediately. Deaths in Georgia.

COLUMBUS, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-Mrs. aged 70.

Mr. Nathan Short, of Madison county, died yesterday. He was 80 years old and a prominent citizen of the county. He was father of Hon. John R. Short, of Brantley, who represented the county in the lower house for a number of years.

Fled to South Carolina. RALIEGH, N. C., March 21.—[Special.]— overnor Scales today offered a reward of two hun-ired dollars for William E. McGinu, who, on the thirteenth instant, murdered Lercy Elli Charlotte, in Mecklinburgh county. Direc committing the crime McGinn fled, it is sup-South Carolina.

A Distinguished Visitor. Mr. Salem H. Wales, one of the most dis tinguished of New Yorkers, is at the Kimball for a few days. Mr. Wales was for many for a few days. Mr. Wales was for many years chairman of the pork commission of New York and chairman of the department of docks, and was republican candidate for mayor. He is a man of indomitable energy, rugged integrity and great influence, and enjoys the respect and confidence of all parties. Mr. Wales is a type of the best American, and has a number of friends in the south. IT WAS LOADED.

A Resolution Which Creates a Stir in the Committee.

The Tariff Question Sprung-Two Conventions to Be Held, Both in Atlanta-Full Report of the Meeting.

The oniet and harmony of vesterday's meeting of the democratic state executive commit ee was broken by a bomb It wasn't of the regulation dynamite variety, but if it had been, the excitement which pre-vailed for a few minutes could hardly have

been greater.

The meeting had almost come to an end, and Ham McWhorter had risen to move an ad-journment, when Senator Rankin said: "I have, Mr. Chairman, a little resolution which I would like to have read, and I move its

The resolution was little, but, judging by its reception and the disturbance it kicked up, it was of the "Oh, my!" variety.

It read as follows:

Resolved, that in the message of President Cleveland we recognize the wisdom of common sense, the details of common justice, the impetuoraness of moral courage—a bold and fearless, as well as fair, presentation of issues upon which the democracy may stand, and on it we may rest as a solid and safe platform, embodying, as it does, the time-honored principles and doctrines of the democratic party. In the person of President Cleveland we have a leader worthy of the confidence and support of the party whose principles he so boldiy and conspicuously maintains.

This resolution made a decided impression. For a minute or two nobody said a word, and there was a good deal of excitement, though of the variety known as "suppressed." Captain Harry Jackson, who held Dr. Spalding's proxy as a member of the com-mittee, broke the ice. "I move," he said,

that the resolution be referred to Mr. Walsh to report to the national committee.' A general laugh brought Larry Gantt to his feet. "I hope the committee will adopt the resolutions," he said. "I heartily indorse it and think we ought to let the president now that we agree with his views."

"Now, gentlemen," began Chairman Big-

am, "let's look at this a moment-" "There is no difference of opinion," interupted Mr. Walsh, who thought the chairman had finished. "No difference of opinion among democrats as to President Cleveland and th ability and purity of his administration. We all honor and respect him. But I would respectfully suggest that this resolution be not ushed at this time. Nobody goes farther than I in my admiration for Mr. Cleveland, but I do not think this the proper place for a resolution of this character. When we together and get the consensus

meet of the whole democratic party, a platform will be promulgated as the redoctrine of that party. No one man, no matter how high or how great, is appointed to singly and alone draw up a platform. That must be done by our national convention. There may be differences of policy, but there are none in be differences of policy, but there are none in the feelings of democrats toward the president. We know there are differences as to policy and we believe that these differences will be set-tled. But this is not, in my opinion, the place to discuss these matters, and it is not the place for such a resolution to be adopted. I hope the gentleman who introduced it will not press it." "I agree with Mr. Walsh in my high regard for the president," said Mr. McWhorter. "I came here with the intention of getting back

came here with the intention of getting back home some time this month, and not to have the whole question of the tariff opened up. I move to table,"

"I do not think we ought to take such action, but I do think we ought to unite in requesting the gentleman to withdraw the resolution," said Mr. Walsh.

"Now," said Chairman Bigham, "I want to say a few words. This is an executive committee, not a formulating or expressing committee, not a

say a few words. This is an executive committee, not a formulating or expressing committee. We are here for the purpose of putting the campaign machinery in motion, and that, it seems to me, is the limit of our duty. I don't desire anything we do or say in connection with this resolution to be taken, either by expression or inference, as what we believe either as to Mr. Cleveland's message we believe either as to Mr. Cleveland's message or as to the party differences. I have great admiration for Mr. Cleveland. I do not re-gard his message as having a tendency to change the party the least bit from the posi-tion taken by the party at the national conven-tion of 1884, and upon this I challenge discus-sion. But I do not believe that it is within the purview of the powers or duties of this comnittee to act upon questions of this nature. have the power to rule the resolution out of order, and would not do that because of my high regard for the gentleman who introduced it, but I unite with Mr. Walsh in requesting

hat it be withdrawn. Mr. Rankin had sat by enjoying it all, but and not said a word. Now he rose, and said:
"The executive committees of Virginia and
North Carolina have gained the disapproval of
a good many members of the party by passing
resolutions upon this question, but that was because their resolutions were condemnatory of the action of the president. There's one thing which prompted me to introduce this one. I want to show Mr. Cleveland that the one. I want to show Mr. Cleveland that the executive committee of Georgia stand by him. I see no impropriety at all in passing such a resolution. It expresses my views on the subject and the views, as I believe, of the vast majority of the democrats of Georgia."

Mr. Walsh—"I would suggest that it lays down a platform, a matter which may properly be considered by the state convention, but hardly here."

is not a platform," responded Senator

Rankin.

"But it is a declaration of principles—the same thing," said Captain Jackson.

"Now I want to say just a word," said Mr. Redd. "I heartily indorse the sentiments of that resolution, and if presented here or at the state convention shall vote for it. But I agree with the other gentlemen in asking that it be withdrawn, and in asking that I ask it as a friend of the resolution." friend of the resolution."
"Well," said Senator Rankin, "if that is
the sense of the members of the committee, I
will withdraw it."
And he did.

The Meeting in Detail. In accordance with the official call, the executive committee met at noon yesterday, but transacted no business, adjourning until half past three. At that hour Chairman Bingham

transacted no business, adjourning until half past three. At that hour Chairman Bingham called the committee to order.

"Gentlemen of the democratic executive committee of Georgia," he said. "In 1884 the friends of good government in America achieved a great victory. The democrats arraigned the republican party before the people of the United States, for their misdeeds. From the day our great leader, Mr. Hendricks, on his way homelfrom Chicago, sounded his first bugle blast the republicans were put upon the

his way homelfrom Chicago, sounded his first bugle blast the republicans were put upon the defensive. The campaign throughout was powerfully and irresistibly aggressive. It resulted in placing the democrats in power in the executive department, by the election of Grover Cleveland, president."

"The conditions in 1888 are substantially the same that they were in 1884. I am careful not to say that all men who have been, or are now republicans, are bad nen; but I do declare that this party, which for more than a quarter of a century rioted in power, remains responsible for each and every one of the measures that go to make up the unjust system of taxation, with its violent methods of collection, which they fastened upon the country as war measures; and which they have, through all the intervening years of peace, persistently refused and failed either to repeal or to modify. They also remain responsible for the frauds and perjuries and bribery and corruption with which the presidency was stolen when Tilden was elected; and which was allowed by them to enter openly into the very work of making laws favoring monopolies, and combines and so-called trusts. work of making laws favoring monopolie nbines and so-called trusts.

When the decision of the people in 1884 was pronounced against them at the ballot-box they remained disobedient to the popular wil pronunced against them at the ballot-box they remained disobedient to the popular will and they have been, all the time since, obstinate obstructionists against every good word and work and measure of reform. Notwithstanding this, under the benign influence of good principles, thousand of unsuitable men have been driven from offices and the country has made magnificent advancement in prosperity, and peace, and happiness.

"These, and like reflections, encourage us, unitedly and hopefully to continue the good

work so anspiciously began in prospect, as the result of the campaign upon which we are now entering, of another and still greater victory for the true principles of liberty."

The chairman spoke of the efficiency with which Mr. Ellis had performed the duties of secretary and that gentleman was re-elected.

A call of the roll showed the following gentlemen to be present: Hon. Patrick Waish, member of the national committee: Captain Harry Jackson, as proxy for Dr. R. D. Spalding, and W. R. Rankin, of Gordon, members for the state at large; G. A. Mercer and W. A. Wright, proxy for E. H. Crawly, of first district; O. B. Stevens and H. H. Cabaniss, proxy for Wm. A. Harris, of the second; U. B. Wilkinson and C. A. Redd, of the fourth; W. D. Ellis and J. B. Tillie, of the fifth; H. B. Ridley and J. Hunt, of the sixth; D. B. Hamilton, of the seventh; Hamilton McWhorter, of the eight; and R. H. Baker, of the ninth.

Mr. Walsh was asked to make such statement as he might think of interest to the com-

mittee. "I have only this to say," he began; "while there were differences among members of the national committee as to the time and place of holding the convention, there was no difference as to who would be the party's standard bearer at the next election. It seemed to be bearer at the next election. It seemed to be the unanimous opinion that Mr. Cleveland would be the unanimous choice of the party. There may be differences of opinion upon matters of policy within the party, but there is but one opinion as to the result of the next election, and that is that Mr. Cleveland will-

United States."

Mr. McWhorter introduced resolutions upon the death of the late J. T. Osborn, of Elbert county, who was a member of the committee, and the resolutions were adopted.

The question of a successor was brought up, and upon Mr. McWhorter's motion Mr. Larry Gantt, of Clarke, was unanimously elected.

Two conventions.

The question of "two conventions or one" then came up upon Mr. Redd's motion to fix the first Wednesday in May as the "date of the convention."

Dr. Hamilton raised the point that it would be anomolous to hold out one convention which would, in addition to other duties, choose elec tors to serve upon a presidential ticket not yet chosen and a platform not yet promulgated. Captain Jackson spoke forcibly in the same strain, and Mr. Redd accepted Dr. Hamilton's amendment, which set forth that the convention in May should be for the purpose of choosing delegates to the state convention, and May 8th was fixed as the date.

As TO THE PLACE.

"And now," said Mr. Walsh, "I propose Augusta as the place for that convention.", And in a few words he set forth the advantages and attractions of Augusta and the desire on the part of the people of that city to have the convention there. He pledged reduced rates on repiraces and reduced fare at duced rates on railroads and reduced fare at hotels. He urged that the invitation was extended in no spirit of hostility to Atlanta, but in other states conventions are migratory, and be thought an exception should be made in

he thought an exception should be made in favor of Augusta.

Mr. Redd suggested Macch as the proper place but later withdrew Macch, as that city found no other supporters, and seconded Mr. Bankin's motion for Atlanta.

Dr. Hamilton, Captain Mercer and Captain Wright each had a good word to say for Augusta. Mr. Walsh urged that Atlanta be generous and let Augusta have this one conven-

erous and let Augusta have this one conve tion as it might be of advantage to her since she is to have an exposition this fall. Mr. Cab-aniss objected to Atlanta's generosity being brought into question, as that had nothing whatever to do with the matter. "If the mem-bers of the committee think it best to come to Atlanta, why that settles it. Atlanta has noth ing to do with it.

ing to do with it."

Atlanta won, as usual, when the vote was taken. Those voting for Atlanta were Messrs.

Jackson, Rankin, Ellis, Cabaniss, Wilkinson, Redd, Tillie, McWhorter, Gantt and Baker—10. Those for Augusta were Messrs. Walsh, cer, Wright, Stevens, Ridley, Hunt and Ham-

ANOTHER FIGHT.

There was another fight over the time for holding the second convention. Mr. Walsh moved that it be held at the same time and place as the first, urging that this would mean a considerable saving of time and money to the people of the state. Mr. Redd thought the

Several dates were named in the course of the rather lively discussion which followed.
Mr. Walsh stuck to his one convention idea,
and thought there was nothing in
the anomolous condition of affairs mentioned by Dr. Hamilton and Captain Jackson as everybody knows who the nominess of both the state and national conventions will be, and the platform promulgated by the latter will doubtless be one upon which all good demo-

crats can stand.

Mr. Walsh finally withdrew his motion and Wednesday, August 8th was fixed upon as the date for the convention to nominate can

date for the convention to nonmate candidates for governor and statehouse officers, and to select electors for the presidential ticket.

For the purpose of ascertaining what had been done at meetings of former executive executive in meetings of several times in the convention of th committees in presidential years, the minutes of the meeting held in 1884 were read. The first business transacted in that meeting was the acceptance of the resignation of Captain Harry Jackson as chairman of the committee. "Reading those minutes," said Captain Jackson, when Mr. Ellis had finished, "brings up painful memories, and I have a bit of advice to give to the present chairman: Do not resign your office for the purpose of running for congress!"

"Yes," suggested somebody, "hold fast to what you have." And everybody

"Yes," snggested somebody, "hold fast to what you have." And everybody laughed.

RESOLUTIONS ADOPTED.

The following resolutions were unanimously adopted, upon Mr. Mercer's motion:
Resolved, That the state democratic executive committee recommend that the democratic executive committee recommend that the democrate of Georgia, in each county, select their delegates, in such mode as the executive committee of each county may adopt, for the first convention, on the first Tuesday in May, and for the second convention on the first Tuesday in July.

Resolved, That each county in this state be en titled to double the number of votes that the county has representatives in the lower house of the general assembly.

Resolved, That each county be requested to select as alternates the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time and in the same number of persons at the same time of its election of said delayed.

same time and in the same manner as it selects delegates; and that the committee recommend that each county at the time of its election of said delegates pass resolutions requesting the state convention not to admit any delegate unless he be regularly selected, either as a delegate or as an alternate, and shat no person not a clitzen of the county be allowed to represent said county us a delegate by proxy, and these resolutions apply to both conventions.

After thanking the management of the Markham for the use of the parlor the committee adjourned to meet on the morning of the 8th of May.

HOW CROPS HAVE INCREASED. Comparative Statistics for the Last Eighteen

Years.
BALTIMORE, March 21.—The Manufacturers' Record has copied and will publish in this week's issue statistics of southern crops in 1870, 1879 and 1887. Comparing the yields of 1870 and 1887, it is shown that the cotton crop advanced from 3,911,996 bales to 6,800,000 bales; corn, from 249,072,000 bushbales to 6,800,000 bales; corn, from 249,072,000 bushels to 49,2415,000 bushels; wheat, from 33,841,000 bushels to 52,384,000 bushels to and oats from ;31,973,000 bushels to 81,203,000 bushels, and oats from ;31,973,000 bushels to 81,203,000 bushels of exiton, and 311,000,000 bushels of grain. The percentage of increase in grain production in the south was greater than the percentage of grain in the rest of the country. The number of farm animals in the south in 1870, was 28,754,000, and in 1887 the number had risen to 44,830,000. Comparing the yields of 1579 and 1887 there was an increase of 1,044,000 bushels of cotton and 195,250,000 bushels of grain, the total grain production in the south, in 1887, having been 628,305,000 bushels, against 431,000,000 bushels in 1879, an increase of 45 per cent, while in all the rest of the ccuntry the increase in grain production was only 16,000,000 bushels, or less than 1 per cent, though live slock in 1887 shows an increase of 410,000,000 bushels of 182,228,296, and of agricultural productions of \$170,968,006.

Coffee Advancing. NEW YORK, March 21 .-- Cable advices from New YORK, March 21.—Cable advices from Havre received at the coffee exchange today reported an advance of 2½ francs on the day. As a consequence, coffee was very active on New York exchange, and closed from 35 to 50 points over yesterday's prices on sales of 78,750 bags. After the second call members voted to close the exchange on Good Friday and the following Saturday.

W. T. Miller & Co., cotton brokers, who falled yesterday, had some contracts on the coffee exchange, and today notified the superintendent that they would settle on the average prices of today.

Mrs. R. E. Jacobs died at her home on Venable street yesterday. In her will she left her property to her som—the one who was recently sent to the stockade for abusing her. He is to get the interest until he is forry years of age, and if he dies before that time the money will go to the Decatur

BLAINE AND SHERMA

How Would That Do for a Presidential Ticket?

Belief That They Will Be Nominated Lightning Stirs Up the Senate and House-Mr. Brown on the Tariff.

Washington, March 21-[Special.]-I learn tonight that notwithstanding Mr. Blaine's let-ter, some of the leading republicans here have expressed the opinion that he will be nominated with John Sherman occupying the second place on the ticket. They claim that Blaine and Sherman on a platform of protection to home industries and the prosperity of Ameri-

can labor are sure of success.

Congressman George D. Tillman, of South Carolina, made one of the most forcible and effective speeches today in opposition to the eight hour robbery bill that has ever been eard in the house. He was the first man who had the nerve to come out in direct oppo-sition to the bill, which he termed nothing more than a raid on the treasury, and a bill ntended to create an aristocracy of labor. FREAKS OF THE LIGHTNING.

His remarks practically defeated the bill. To say that his speech electrified the house is not expressing it too strongly, for hardly had ne completed his remarks when a flash of lightning struck the great iron dome of the capitol, glancing to the ground immediately in front and killing a cab horse and playing havoc among the cabs, a number of which were overturned. The stroke caused great consternaion, and for a few minutes proceedings were stopped. People in the galleries rushed out in the corridors, every one fearing that the entire roof was falling in, so great was the noise. In the press gallery, a ball of fire, as large as one's fist, flashed on the switch board. All wires were cut off and the electric lights all through the building were extinguished. In the senate a sheet of fire appeared to cover the entire roof, and that dignified body were on their feet in a moment. In fact, every one in the building seemed bewildered for a few seconds. However, no great damage was done and in a short while proceedings were going on as if nothing had happened.

SENATOR BROWN AND THE TABLET The ways and means committee were in sesion only about two minutes this morning. A avorable report on the Mills bill had not been completed, but he announced that it would be ady tomorrow. The bill will get into the

ouse Saturday. Senator Brown in discussing the tariff measures now pending in the house said today that neither the Mills nor the Randall bills, in his opinion, would pass that body. Of the two, he favored that of Mr. Randall, but did not hope for its passage, as it now stands. He says he stands squarely on the Chicago platform of 1884; that the democratic party is pledged to pass a tariff bill, and he thinks the only way to do this, and the correct way, will be for the two factions of the party to combine and pass a compromise measure which will prove satis factory to the democratic party. If they will do this the pledges of the party can be redeemed.

THE LUMBER COMPANY'S PETITION Senator Colquitt, Judge Crisp and Mr. Sexton, representing the Georgia Land and Lumber company, held an interview with Commissioner of Internal Revenue Miller, this morning, in regard to the recovery of the three thousand dollar assessment placed upon that company, and which was paid for the issuing \$30,000 of scrip to their hands, which was passed as money in the stores at Eastman. The assessment of ten per cent was made upon them for issuing a The commissioner circulating medium. The commissioner promised them a hearing, and Judge Crisp thinks, from a decision made by the attorney-general, in regard to the New York company for doing the same thing, will enable the recover the amount.

PETITION OF GEORGIA GRANGERS. Judge Crisp today introduced a petition from Webster county, Ga., grange, asking favorable consideration of the following measures: That the fourth clause of the interstate commerce law remain unchanged; that the oleomargarine law be sustained; the enactment of a law prohibiting the adulteration of lard, sugar and other articles of food; amendment of postal law so as to place bulbs, plants, corn, seeds, etc., in the third class, and the rate of postage be reduced thereon; the protection of the people from telegraphic monopoly; the amendment of the tariff law so as to put the agricultural on the same footing with that of the manufacturing interest; reduce the accumulation in the national treasury and increase the amount of money in circulation; asks an honest investigation of associations, trusts and monopolies, who are combining to depreciate the value of their toil, and who are increasing the cost of living and are determined to destroy the law of supply and demand; such amendments to the experimental bill as will make it of value to the whole country, and amend the national bank law so that national banks may lend money on real estate. Mr. Hugh Colquitt, who has been here for ome weeks, left for Atlanta tonight.

The New Orleans Cotton Report. NEW ORLEANS, March 21 .- [Special.]-At the opening of our market there was no dispatches from either Liverpool or New York, but we opened from either Liverpool or New York, but we opened steady at a slight improvement. New York opened about the same as yesterday, but afterwards declined, which we did also in sympathy. We had a dull market during almost all day, until near the close, and prices were depressed principally on account of the liquidation of long cotton, which was, however, freely bought. Later in the day advices showing a better market in New York and an improvement in prices there. A better feeling preprovement in prices there. A better feeling prevailed here, and quite a sharp reaction took place. All the decline of the day was recovered, and we closed firm at yesterday's prices. Since our market closed the closing of New York has been received, which had been delayed on account of the wires working hadly ond as it showed an improvement over yesterday's prices of five to six points, the bidding on the street was one to two points higher than official quotations. Spots closed one-sixteenth down. Sales 4,000. Futures closed steady. January 97 to 98,4 March 24 to 24, April 24 to 24, May 29 to 39, June 36 to 37, July 44 tu 49, August 43 to 44, September 12 to 13, October 93 to 94, November 88 to 89 Tecember 89 to 99.

New Orleans Races. NEW ORLEANS, March 21 .- The weather oday was cool and pleasant, and there was a good ttendance at the races. First race, five furlongs, Glendall won, Lily Vir-

gin second, Henry Hardy third. Time 1:05.

Second race. General Price and Handy Andy made a dead heat for the first place, Fairmount third. Time 1:20½. Handy Andy won the run-off by two lengths. Time 1:20½.

Third race, seven and one-half furlongs, Jim Nave won, Little Sullivan second, Kirklin third. Time 1:42. Fourth race, selling, six furlongs, Clara C won, Pritchett second, Duhme third. Time 1:192.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES. The carpenters of Chicago threaten to The lower house of the Prussian diet yesterday passed the budget in its entirety, and ad-journed until April 11.

In a game of baseball between the New York and Washington clubs, at Jacksonville, Fla., esterlay, the score stood Washington 6, New The Schuylkill and Lehigh railroad was

opened to travel yesterday from one end of to the other, for the first time since the he blockade. At the Lincoln spring meeting today, Lincolnshire, England, the handleap of 1,600 soverging was won by Veracity, Throne second, Lobster third, There were twenty-fiae starters.

Argument in the contest of the will of Samuel J. Tilden was begun yesterday in New York supreme court, before Judge Lawrence. John Bicelow and Andrew H. Green, executors of the will were present. STORM SWEPT.

Continued from First Pac be impossible for them to rebuild them unles they receive assistance. They must suffer un-less succor is speedily given them. And there are worthy men who have, in the destruction of their houses, lost all they had in the world.

It is not like their houses were burned, for in
that case they could have recovered insurance
money. As it is, very few will get anything in money. As it is, very few will get anything in this way. The facts I have given were hurriedly collected. But they are facts. I have not overdrawn the picture. The fair town of Calhoun lies in ruins.

I. E. O.

In Dulton DALTON, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-The storm last night did little damage in the city.

A very heavy rain fell and the wind was fierce. A roaring sound as of a mighty thunder was heard as the cyclone proper passed around Dalton. At Calhoun great damage is done. Half the stores and dwellings are unroofed and all the churches damaged. A car was blown from the track and trees torn up by the

CANTON, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.] -A ter rible wind storm, accompanied by considerable rain and hail, and almost equalling in force, but not in effect, those of February 9, and March 25, 1884., passed through Cherokee, from southwest to northeast, last night about 11 o'clock, doing considerable damage to property. So far as heard from, no one was killed, but one person hurt, Tom Townsend, near Tate. Pickens county. The greatest damage in Cherokee seems to have been done near Cher okee, mills, where it was reported that the dwelling and out houses of James McLarin were demolished, also the out building on the place of W. J. Galddard and Jeff Lovinggood. A stable blew down on a mule, but did not hurt him. A man was sleeping in the dwelling of McLarin, but was not hurt. But the blowing down of some fences and trees near town, unroofing an outbuilding at the pauper home, tearing off part of the tin roof of McAfee's warehouse and the breaking of

fruit trees. At Ball Ground, Roberts & McClure's guano house was demolished, leaving their guano exposed to the rain. The stable of I. M. Anderon and all of his garden fence were blown

A few negroes kept up a considerable noise praying, shouting and singing during and after the storm had passed. At Walesca and Wood-stock, and other places in the county, no material damage to person or property is re-ported, except the demolishing of a few old out-houses, fences and uprootting of a few one out-houses, fences and uprootting of a few trees. The howling, roaring wind and the heavy peals of thunder and vivid lightning were con-tinuous, and made the night hideous for a few minutes. Those who had storm pits or cellar darted in them, or else thought seriously of

doing so.
At Jasper considerable damage was done to property, but no one was hurt. The warehouse of A. W. Machin was demolished. Pickett's hotel was damaged, some chimneys blown down, and every house in the town-more or less damaged either by wind or rain being blown under the shingles. On Long Swamp the damage to property is said to be serious. Mrs. P. Crow's house, three miles west of Tate's, was blown down, and Tom Townsend badly hurt. dwelling and outbuildings of G. W. Little's, near Mrs. Crow's, were also blown down, and it is feared one of them was hurt or killed. Both these houses were in the track of the

cyclone of 1884.

No damage to person or property at Tate's is

reported. In Lawrenceville, LAWRENCEVILLE, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]
The storm of Tuesday night did great damage throughout this county. It was one of the fiercest, most violent and threatening that has visited this community in many years. The heavens were in a blaze for at least thirty minntes, and during this time the rain was pour-ing in torrents and the wind blowing with great force. Fences all over the country are

scattered to and fro. Mr. Charley Livesy, who lives south of this place, had every tenant house on his place and his dwelling blown down and demolished. Mrs. Livesy got hurt considerably in the fall of the dwelling. Many other small tenant houses at different points are reported to have been blown down and the timber scattered far and near. One of Mr. Livesy's negro tenants was blown away, but was found today under the timbers of one of the fallen houses. The storm came from the southwest.

In Clarksville, CLARKESVILLE, Ga., March 21,-[Special.]-At twelve o'clock last night a severe thunder, wind and rain storm struck this place, but done very little damage, only in throwing down fences and unrooting a few outhouses. The report from the surrounding country is nothing of an alarming nature.

In Toccoa. Toccoa Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-This morning between two and three o'clock Toccoa was visited by one of the severest storms that has ever past through northeast Georgia. It space of 50x80 feet, besides blowing down a number of signs and doing a good deal of other damage. M. Capp's loss will be one thousand

GAINESVILLE, Ga., March 21.- [Special. !-This section was visited by a severe storm this morning between twelve and one o'clock. Yesterday was warm and sultry, and at an early hour during the night, the thunder and lightning commenced to play, and the wind to rise. By twelve o'clock the elements were ablaze and the deep toned thunder, with the rushing wind and dashes of rain, told of coming danger. The heavens were lit up by flashes of lightning, and while the electric display was grand, it was awful to behold. The windows of heaven were opened wide, and the rain fell in torrents. The wind rushed with its moaning sound, and the armory of heaven was playing with its greatest power. Gainesville was not sleeping, but was up putting her house in order, to be ready for any and all danger. Numbers of citizens were stored away in storm pits, while others possessed with greater faith were robed, watching and pray-

ing for the storm to cease. On the 25th of March, 1884, we were visited by a severe cyclone, and our citizens remembered its awful destruction, and were alive to its terrors. From the best information obtainmain track, but was taken in by the left wing. A few miles south of Gainesville trees were twisted off and torn up by the roots, the space or track being a quarter of a mile wide. The wind came in gushes, and the rain poured down in waves, being wafted by the wind. The course of the storm was from southwest to theast, but it shifted and whipped around to the northwest. No one killed or wounded.

The First Baptist church, colored, was razed

to the ground and its timbers scattered. The Methodist church, colored, was slightly One end of a tenement house, belonging to Mr. A. F. Loden, was lifted off its foundation, and set on the ground. The house was 16x38 feet, and was occupied by Mr. Henry Emmett, wife, two children and his brother:

They were in the house, and were uninjured, but greatly excited. Numbers of outhouses and fences were leveled to the ground, but no great damage done. The storm was not in the sature of a cyclone, but was a pushing wind, lipping and rising. It traveled with terrific e, and was calculated to strike terror to the

The reports from the surrounding country

brought up, n Mr. Larry at it would

and Captain

and nothing

Wilkinson,

his motion and red upon as the

"hold fast to ly laughed. unanimously his state be en

ise of the gen quested to so clined, which we did also hay until near the close, and prices were depressed principally on account of the liquidation of long cotton, which was however, freely bought. Later in the day advices showing a better market in New York and an improvement in prices there. A better feeling prevailed nere, and quite a sharp reaction took place. All the decline of the day was recovered, and we closed firm at yesterday's prices. Since our market closed the closing of New York has been received, which had been delayed on account of the wires working badly end as it showed an improvement over yesterday's prices of five to six points, the bidding on the street was one to two points higher than official quotations. Spots closed one-sixteenth down. Sales 4,600. Futures closed steady. January 97 to 98, March 24 to 24, April 24 to 3, May 29 to 39, June 36 to 37, July 44 tu 49, August 43 to 44, September 12 to 13, October 93 to 94, November 88 to 89 Pecember 89 to 96. he morning of

Last Eighteen

New Orleans Races.

New Orleans, March 21.—The weather today was cool and pleasant, and there was a good attendance at the races.

First race, five furlougs, Glendall won, Lily Virgin second, Henry Hardy third, Time 1:05.

Second race. General Price and Handy andy made a dead heat for the first place, Fairmount third. Time 1:20.4. Handy Andy won the run-off by two lengths. Time 1:20.4. Third race, seven and one-half furlongs, Jim Nave won, Little Sullivan second, Kirklin taird. Time 1:42. of agricultura

In a game of baseball between the New York and Washington clubs, at Jacksonville, Fla., vester lay, the score stood Washington 6, New York 5. At the Lincoln spring meeting today, Lincolnshire, England, the handleap of 1,000 sovereigns was won by Veracity, Throne second, Lobster third. There were twenty-flae starters.

Argument in the contest of the will of Samuel J. Tilden was begun yesterday in New York supreme court, before Judge Lawrence. John Blandow and Andrew H. Green, executors of the will were present. erintendent that ices of today.

BLAINE AND SHERMA

How Would That Do for a Presidential Ticket?

A Belief That They Will Be Nominated Lightning Stirs Up the Senate and House-Mr. Brown on the Tariff.

Washington, March 21-[Special.]-I learn tonight that notwithstanding Mr. Blaine's let-ter, some of the leading republicans here have expressed the opinion that he will be nomina-ted with John Sherman occupying the second place on the ticket. They claim that Blaine and Sherman on a platform of protection to home industries and the prosperity of Amerian labor are sure of succ

Congressman George D. Tillman, of South Carolina, made one of the most forcible and effective speeches today in opposition to the eight hour robbery bill that has ever been heard in the house. He was the first man who had the nerve to come out in direct oppo-sition to the bill, which he termed nothing more than a raid on the treasury, and a bill ntended to create an aristocracy of labor. FREAKS OF THE LIGHTNING.

His remarks practically defeated the bill. To say that his speech electrified the house is not expressing it too strongly, for hardly had lightning struck the great iron dome of the capitol, glancing to the ground immediately in front and killing a cab horse and playing havoc among the cabs, a number of which were over-The stroke caused great consterpation, and for a few minutes proceedings were stopped. People in the galleries rushed out in roof was falling in, so great was the noise. In the press gallery, a ball of fire, as large as one's fist, flashed on the switch board. All wires were cut off and the electric lights all through the building were extinguished. In the senate a sheet of fire appeared to cover the entire roof, and that dignified body were on their feet in a moment. In fact, every one in the building seemed bewildered for a few seconds. However, no great damage was done and in a short while proceedings were going on as if nothing had happened.

SENATOR BROWN AND THE TARIFF. The ways and means committee were in session only about two minutes this morning. A favorable report on the Mills bill had not been completed, but he announced that it would be ready tomorrow. The bill will get into the

Senator Brown in discussing the tariff measures now pending in the house said today that neither the Mills nor the Randall bills, in his opinion, would pass that body. Of the two, he favored that of Mr. Randall, but did not hope favored that of Mr. Randall, but did not hope for its passage, as it now stands. He says he stands squarely on the Chicago platform of 1884; that the democratic party is pledged to pass a tariff bill, and he thinks the only way to do this, and the correct way, will be for the two factions of the party to combine and pass a compromise measure which will prove satisfactory to the democratic party. If they will do this the pledges of the party can be re-

THE LUMBER COMPANY'S PETITION. ton, representing the Georgia Land and Lumsioner of Internal Revenue Miller, this morning, in regard to the recovery of the three thousand dollar assessment placed upon that company, and which was paid for the issuing \$30,000 of scrip to their hands, which was passed as money in the stores at Eastman. The assessment of ten per cent was made upon them for issuing a circulating medium. The commissioner promised them a hearing, and Judge Crisp thinks, from a decision made by the attorney-general, in regard to the New York company for doing the same thing, will enable them'

recover the amount.

PETITION OF GEORGIA GRANGERS. Judge Crisp today introduced a petition from the Webster county, Ga., grange, asking favorable consideration of the following measures: That the fourth clause of the interstate commerce law remain unchanged; that the oleomargarine law be sustained; the enactment of a law prohibiting the adulteration of lard, sugar and other articles of food; amendment of postal law so as to place bulbs, plants, corn, seeds, etc., in the third class, and the rate of postage be reduced thereon; the protection of the people from telegraphic monopoly; the amendment of the tariff law so as to put the agricultural on the same footing with that of the manufacturing interest; reduce the accumulation in the national treasury and in-crease the amount of money in circulation;

asks an honest investigation of associations,

trusts and monopolies, who are combining to depreciate the value of their toil, and who are

icreasing the cost of living and are deter-

nand; such amendments to the experimental

Mr. Hugh Colquitt, who has been here for

NEW ORLEANS, March 21.—[Special.]—At the opening of our market there was no dispatches from either Liverpool or New York, but we opened steady at a slight improvement. New York opened about the same as yesterday, but afterwards declined, which we did also in sympathy. We had a dull market during almost all day, until near the class and prices were depressed principally on ac-

New Orleans Races.

Fourth race, selling, six furlongs, Clara C won, titchett second, Duhme third. Time 1:192

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

The carpenters of Chicago threaten to

The lower house of the Prussian diet esterday passed the budget in its entirety, and adourned until April 11.

The Schuylkill and Lehigh railroad was opened to travel yesterday from one end of the line to the other, for the first time since the heavy snow blockade.

ome weeks, left for Atlanta tonight.

nal banks may lend money on real estate.

ill as will make it of value to the whole coun

ned to destroy the law of supply and de-

storm came from the southwest. In Clarksville, CLARKESVILLE, Ga., March 21,-[Special.] At twelve o'clock last night a severe thunder, wind and rain storm struck this place, but done very little damage, only in throwing down fences and unroofing a few outhouses. The report from the surrounding country is nothing of an alarming nature.

Toccoa Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-This morning between two and three o'clock Toccoa was visited by one of the severest storms that has ever past through northeast Georgia. It blew the tin roof off the Capp's building for a space of 50x80 feet, besides blowing down a number of signs and doing a good deal of other damage. M. Capp's loss will be one thousand

GAINESVILLE, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.] This section was visited by a severe storm this morning between twelve and one o'clock. Yesterday was warm and sultry, and at an early hour during the night, the thunder and lightning commenced to play, and the wind to rise. By twelve o'clock the elements were ablaze, and the deep toned thunder, with the rushing wind and dashes of rain, told of coming danger. The heavens were lit up by flashes of lightning, and while the electric display was grand, it was awful to behold. The windows of heaven were opened wide, and the rain fell in torrents. The wind rushed with its moaning sound, and the armory of heaven was playing with its greatest power. Gaines-ville was not sleeping, but was up putting her danger. Numbers of citizens were stored away in storm pits, while others possessed with greater faith were robed, watching and pray-

On the 25th of March, 1884, we were visited by a severe cyclone, and our citizens remem-bered its awful destruction, and were alive to able it appears that Gainesville was not in the main track, but was taken in by the left wing. A few miles south of Gainesville trees were twisted off and torn up by the roots, the space or track being a quarter of a mile wide. The wind came in gushes, and the rain poured down in waves, being wafted by the wind. northeast, but it shifted and whipped around The First Baptist church, colored, was razed

The Methodist church, colored, was slightly Mr. A. F. Loden, was lifted off its foundation, and set on the ground. The house was 16x38 feet, and was occupied by Mr. Henry Emmett, wife, two children and his brother. They were in the house, and were uninjured, but greatly excited. Numbers of outhouses and fences were leveled to the ground, but no great damage done. The storm was not in the nature of a cyclone, but was a pushing wind, dipping and rising. It traveled with terrific force, and was calculated to strike terror to the

are meager, and it is impossible to obtain any information as to the amount of damage done by the storm.

In Harmony Grove. be impossible for them to rebuild them unless

STORM SWEPT.

Continued from First Page.

they receive assistance. They must suffer unless succor is speedily given them. And there are worthy men who have, in the destruction of their houses, lost all they had in the world.

It is not like their houses were burned, for in that case they could have recovered insurance

money. As it is, very few will get anything in this way. The facts I have given were hur-

riedly collected. But they are facts. I have not overdrawn the picture. The fair town of

DALTON, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-The

storm last night did little damage in the city. A very heavy rain fell and the wind was fierce.

A roaring sound as of a mighty thunder was heard as the cyclone proper passed around Dalton. At Calhoun great damage is done. Half the stores and dwellings are unroofed

CANTON, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-A ter-

rible wind storm, accompanied by considerable rain and hail, and almost equalling in force,

but not in effect, those of February 9, and

March 25, 1884., passed through Cherokee,

from southwest to northeast, last night about

11 o'clock, doing considerable damage to property. So far as heard from, no one was killed,

and but one person hurt. Tom Townsend, near

Tate, Pickens county. The greatest damage in

Cherokee seems to have been done near Cher-

dwelling and out houses of James McLarin

were demolished, also the out buildings on the place of W. J. Galddard and Jeff Lov-

inggood. A stable blew down on a mule, but

dwelling of McLarin, but was not hurt. But

little damage was done in Canton, other than

near town, unroofing an outbuilding at the pauper home, tearing off part of the tin roof

son and all of his garden fence were blown

stock, and other places in the county, no

out-houses, fences and uprooting of a few trees

minutes. Those who had storm pits or cellars

darted in them, or else thought seriously of

doing so.
At Jasper considerable damage was done to

property, but no one was hurt. The warehouse of A. W. Machin was demolished. Pickett's hotel

was damaged, some chimneys blown down, and

every house in the town more or less damaged, either by wind or rain being blown under the

house, three miles west of Tate's, was blown down, and Tom Townsend badly hurt. The

it is feared one of them was hurt or killed.

Both these houses were in the track of the

In Lawrenceville,

LAWRENCEVILLE, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]

The storm of Tuesday night did great damage

throughout this county. It was one of the fiercest, most violent and threatening that has

visited this community in many years. The heavens were in a blaze for at least thirty min-

Calhoun lies in ruins.

HARMONY GROVE, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.] Quite a severe cyclone visited the town last night about half-past twelve o'clock, which caused a great deal of excitement and terror among the citizens, as well as considerable damage to property. Several small dwelling houses were utterly demolished, but there was no loss of life or any one seriously injured. Messrs, C. W. Hood & Son's large brick cot-

ton warehouse was blown down and damaged to the amount of \$1,000.

The storm played havoc generally with small negro houses, stables, fences, signs, etc. The storm passed from southwest to northeast, and, judging from the surroundings, it was only 100 yards wide. The exact amount of damage will reach \$2,000. Nothing has been heard from the surrounding country, but grave fears are entertained of something more serious than was at first anticipated.

and all the churches damaged. A car was blown from the track and trees torn up by the In Athens ATHENS, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.] - About 2 o'clock last night the city was visited by an equinoxial gale, which lasted fully an hour, during which time nearly every citizen was aroused from his slumbers and awakened, anxiously waiting for the end to draw near. The course of the wind seemed to be from the east to west, and it is generally thought that the worst of the storm passed over the city with an occasional whirl, which would scoop down and make things very alarming for a little while. No serious damage to life or property has been reported as yet. Many thoroughfares were almost blocked this morning with fencing, bricks and awnings which fell victims to the storm. The large smoke-stack to the elevator mill fell last night with a fearful crash, greatly alarming the people living in that vicinity. Several small houses in the suburbs of the city have been blown did not hurt him. A man was sleeping in the down. A few windows have been damaged by the driving rain, which went through the roof like a sieve, injuring furniture, etc. Considerable damage has been done to the teleof McAfee's warehouse and the breaking of fruit trees.

At Ball Ground, Roberts & McClure's guano

At Ball Ground, Roberts & McClure's guano

house was demolished, leaving their guano exposed to the rain. The stable of I. M. Anderinto a tree this morning, which had been blown across the entrance to a cut. The smokestack and whistle of the engine were knocked off. A negro brakeman by the name of Bob Reese was sitting on the top of a box car, when the praying, shouting and singing during and after the storm had passed. At Walesca and Woodtree struck him in the back of the head, killing him instantly. A new engine was tele-graphed for immediately, and the freight ar-rivied in Athens six hours behind time. Reese

material damage to person or property is re-ported, except the demolishing of a few old will be buried tomorrow.

The velocity of the wind is estimated a The howling, roaring wind and the heavy peals of thunder and vivid lightning were con-tinuous, and made the night hideous for a few tifty miles an hour, which makes the storm the worst experienced in our city in many

FOUR MEN KILLED.

Terrible Destruction of Life Near Lumber City. EASTMAN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—A cyclone passed eastward through Telfair county this morning at four o'clock, taking everything in its path four hundred yards wide. The turpentine works of Whidden & Holland, two miles north of Lumber City, were completely demolished, the still, commissary and every

shingles. On Long Swamp the damage to property is said to be serious. Mrs. P. Crow's house and shanty being blown away. W. B. Whiddon, of this place, who had gone down to have a settlement with Holland, dwelling and outbuildings of G. W. Little's, near Mrs. Crow's, were also blown down, and was sleeping in a house with partner, and they rushed out to save themselves, but had ran only a few steps when the house was blown over on them and crushed them so that they seemed to have hardly an unbroken bone No damage to person or property at Tate's is left in their bodies, and were killed instantly, and all their clothing

was blown from their bodies, except a small fragment of Mr. Whiddon's under vest. Two other men, sleeping in another house, were also crushed and killed by the house being blown down upon them. Several other persons were wounded and injured, more or less seriously. A flat car, standing on the railroad track, was blown off and torn to utes, and during this time the rain was pour-ing in torrents and the wind blowing with

great force. Fences all over the country are A deputation of Masons went from Eastman today and brought back the mangled corpse of Mr. Charley Livesy, who lives south of this Mr. Whiddon, and it will be buried here tomorrow with Masonic honors and ceremonies. Mr. Whiddon will be greatly missed in this place, had every tenant house on his place and his dwelling blown down and demolished. Mrs. Livesy got hurt considerably in the fall community. He was an enterprising, useful

houses at different points are reported to have been blown down and the timber scattered far He leaves a widow and several children, the youngest being a babe only a few weeks old. and near. One of Mr. Livesy's negro tenants The night was very stormy here, but no harm was blown away, but was found today under the timbers of one of the fallen houses. The was done in this vicinity, as far as heard. Th wild roar was plainly heard.

What An Atlanta Man Saw. Mr. A. P. Blue, roadmaster of the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, reached the city last night and gives an interesting account of the storm between Lumber City and

On account of the storm his train had to lay over at Lumber City, and this morning he came up to Whiddon station, where the evelone seemed to have done its best. He says that at Whiddon & Holland's turpentine distillery and saw-mill the storm was most violent, completely destroying every building in that village. The storm struck the place about 3:30 p. m., and continued for some time. It first demolished the house of Mr. Whiddon leaving scarcely one stone on another, killing the father of the fam ily and severely injuring other members. The turpentine distillery and saw mills were completely destroyed, and the lumber was scattered for one-half mile around. There were about one thousand barrels of turpentine in the building, and these were sent up like rockets in the air, and some of them were blown a half mile and scattered everywhere.

There was a large raft of saw logs in Sugar creek. The storm blew the water out of the creek and turned the raft in a perpendicular position, and it may be seen standing there now as a monument to the strength and power of the wind.

This small village consisted of twelve or fifteen buildings and two stores, and yesterday morning there was not the sign of a house left. The goods from the stores are scattered every where. Bolts of calico and shoes and gro ceries are to be found in all parts of the storm

On the railroad sidetrack, before the cyclone came up, there were several cars standing, some of them heavily loaded with lumber, but in a few moments more they were one hundred and fifty yards away from the track out in an old field. One of the most remarkable things that occurred was the switch target. It was twisted off and carried away as if it had been a mere shrub.

"In fact, words cannot picture and mind cannot conceive," said Mr. Blue, "of the destruction that has taken place. Just imagine an area one-fourth of a mile wide and one-half long and not a tree, house, bush of shrub standing, and you will see what the storm left to tell the tale two and one-half miles above Lumber City. Several lives were

miles above Lumber City. Several lives were lost and a great many wounded. Messrs. Holland & Whidden, proprietors of the turpentine distillery and sawmill, were both killed. They were blown about two hundred yards, and when found, there was not a particle of clothing on them. Mr. Joseph Neible and Mr. W. L. Wilcox were sleeping in the same room. Mr. Neible said to Wilcox: "Listen, don't you hear the storm? There is one surely coming." Wilcox said: "No; it is

They both started to get up, and just as they jumped out of bed, the cyclone struck the house. Poor Neible made his last jump and that was into eternity. He never knew what killed him. Wilcox was blown about three hundred yards, but was not killed. His injuries may not prove fatal. Mr. Joseph Tur-

ner, an employe of Holland & Whiddon, was killed, being mashed and cut all to pieces. Mrs. C. Meltier is severely injured and not expected to live.

Those killed are B. B. Holland, W. B. Whiddon, Joseph Neible, Joseph Turner and it is thought that several others. The wounded are W. L. Wilson, Mrs. C. Meltier, J. D. Ralls, R. D. Ralls.

The killed were brought in a wagon to Lumber City and turned over to the undertaker. Several parties are missing. and it is feared when found that they will be under the debris. This was one of the most dreadful storms that ever swept over the country. It seemed to have depend out. the country. It seemed to have dropped out of the clouds and accomplished its dreadful work, then ascended, and traveled on. Its lines were so distinct that the boughs of the trees were toru or cut off on one side, while on the other they were left unharmed."

ALBANY, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]—A terrific storm struck this place at about 1 o'clock this morning. Angry looking black clouds, tinged with red, appeared in the southwest. They were preceded and accompanied by wind, thunder and lightning. They soon covered the beaucons. ered the heavens and the storm was terrible. The quick flashes of lightning and heavy detonations of thunder resembled discharges of artillery. The flashes were almost blinding. At one time a great ball of fire, about eighteen nches in diameter, was seen suspended in the air, about twenty feet from the ground. The rain poured down in sheets, and was mixed with hail. The storm continued for about two hours, and then passed off in an easterly direction. Great damage is expected from the neighborhood of Blakely. In the vicinity of Arlington many houses were blown down. At the cemetery there everything was laid pros-

Trees thirty inches in diameter were twisted like reeds and blown down. A man, name unknown, was killed on the river road about five miles below Albany. A negro woman at Hugarytown, west of this place, was struck by lightning and instantly

At J. M. Tift's plantation, two miles east of this place, the lightning struck a cabin where six negroes were asleep. The chimney was torn down, leaving only the base on the right of the chimney. The entire side of the house was torn out. A dog was tied to the corner but was unhurt. On the left seven planks were ripped off, and the head of the where two negroes were asleep, was split from top to bottom. No one was injured, and the darkies moved to a neighboring cabin and continued their interrupted slumbers.

The road bed of the Brunswick and Western

railroad was so badiy washed up by the storm that the morning trains to Albany had to be transferred to the Savannah, Florida and Western track at Waycross. The early passenger train came in five hours late. The rainfall last night was two inches. In Fort Gaines

FORT GAINES, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.] strong wind prevailed here last night, alarming some of our citizens, as it was rather In Fort Valley.

FORT VALLEY, Ga., March 21-[Special.]-A very heavy wind and rain passed over this own last night. No damage was done here or in vicinity. Some people were terrified, and passed a greater part of the night in watching

In Cuthbert.

CUTHBERT, Ga., March 21.—Speecial.]—A neavy storm of wind and rain passed over Cuthbert and Randolph county last night. Heavy rains fell during the day, but the storm was worst between the hours of ten and one at night. No material damage is reported. In Americas.

AMERICUS, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-A severe wind and rainstorm passed to the west of Americus last night, moving in a northerly direction. The damage done here was slight, but reports from Buena Vista say many small houses were unroofed and fences blown down The people generally were badly scared, fearing another cyclone In Quitman.

QUITMAN, Ga., March 21.—[Special.]--The storm of last night did no damage at all in this county. Heavy rain and light winds. In Dawson.

DAWSON, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-At this place, about 12:30 a. m., there was heavy rain, much wind, constant thunder and vivid lightning, but no damage to life or property.

BAINBRIDGE, Ga., March 21.-[Special,]-No damage was done by the storm here. barometer fell to 29 degrees at 1 o'clock this morning. Wind from the southeast to the southwest. The direction it took was northeast.

In Macon.

Macon, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-Between one and two o'clock a severe storm struck the city, coming from a northwest direction. Up to that hour the heat was oppressive, and sounds, long distances off, were so distinctly heard as to cause many people to remark, that there was something in the air, which would soon manifest itself in some way, maybe, as many feared, by an earthquake, or, perhaps, a tornadolor cyclone. Gloemy and woeful-look ing clouds had been collecting, then again would suddenly disappear, leaving numerous doubts as to what to look for. At half past twelve there was more cause for alarm, the sky was of inky darkness, the wind began to moan, then to howl and shriek. Trees shed their spring leaves, and houses rocked under the tremendous pressure. At one o'clock the wind gained considerable force, prompting many to seek some place of security, and not a few, but in fact a great many, sought the streets. It had been raining, in perfect rivers, up to this time, but now hail came, and united with these other forces. Vivid glares of lightning, in all kinds of shapes, illuminated the awful scene, and the shrieks of the frightened citizens united with the peals of thunder. Policemen, on duty during the storm, say that, undoubtedly, it is the worst one ever seen around the city. But, through the awful scene, there were many who did not know of its presence until today, when they would see some trees blown down, and other effects of the storm's visit.

The signal service pole of the Georgia music

house was blown down, striking the sidewalk, knocked a hole about 30x22 through it, then bounding into the street, luckily not hitting anyone. Up to this writing no loss of life in this city has been reported. Shield's 10-cent circus was blown down and badly torn. Telephone and telegraph poles are down every-where, in consequence of which all the trains on the East Tennesee, Virgina and Georgia were behind time, as they were unable to ocate each other along the route, this system being run by telegraph. By 12 o'clock every thing on this road was all right.

From the effects of the heavy rain the river is rising rapidly. The meat-box factory of Mr. William Elder, in the lower portion of the city, is under water to the depth of almost two feet. The swamp lands are nearly entirely inundated. The rain has packed everything

down hard and firm.

The tent of Shields' ten-cent circus disap peared, but particles of it were found caught on trees, house corners and roofs where it had Most of the human snakes, fire-eaters and

would have received an applause in reality few of the horses were bruised up, but will be able to walk on their ears and shoot pistols with blank cartridges as in days gone by. But tailors were put to work, and the many pieces of circus tent, combined with old costumes, scrap cloth, blankets, etc., were scraped to-gether and sewed up, and tonight the clown fooled the ringmaster more than ever with jokes that he learnt from Cain and Abel, the small boy laughed as of yore, and all is at peace

Davisboro, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-This morning, at three o'clock, a heavy storm

struck this place. The wind and roaring was terrific, but aside from fencing and trees blown down no serious damage was done. In re-membrance of the terrible cyclone that demol-ished our town in 1884, our citizens were very much frightened. At Riddleville, five miles south of here, the damage was greater, several houses being blown down, and a Mr. Carter, in trying to get out of his falling house, was struck by a piece of timber on the head and seriously but not dangerously hurt. No lives

In Milledgeville.

MILLEDGEVILLE, Ga., March 21.-[Special.] The heaviest rain and thunder storm that has eccurred here in years, visited this place after midnight last night. For about an hour the made fearful by the incessant flashes of lightning and roars of thunder. Some wind accompanied the storm, but not enough to do any reat damage. There was every indication of a fearful cyclone, but reports in this immediate section do not give much damage from winds. The wires have been down nearly all day, and it is almost impossible to get telegraphic communication. Yesterday was the twelfth anniversary of the great cyclone that passed through Milledgeville, the path of which was marked by death and destruction.

In Augusta. Augusta, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.] - Th storm in Augusta was all blow and bluster and sulted in no more serious damage than a terrible banging of shutters and cracking of blinds or the breaking of telephone or telegraph wires by swaying limbs. The wind was very high, the rain fell in torrents and the lightning flashes were rapid and blinding. Some of the printers left the Chronicle composingroom, fearing that the building was about to be toppled over by a cyclone, but no damage was done. People were waked up throughout the city by the noise of the high wind and heavy rains, and many were alarmed. The storm ame about three and lasted until four o'clock this morning. The streets were washed by the rain and swept by the wind, and the storm was beneficial rather than injurious. Today has been fair and springlike and radiant with sun-

In Warrenton WARRENTON, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-A evere rain and windstorm, accompanied with incessant thunder and lightning, visited this place last night. It commenced raining at an early hour, and continued the entire night. About two o'clock the rain fell in torrents and the wind blew with terrific force, coming from the southwest. Very little damage, however was done within our immediate vicinity, but a few miles south of here it is reported to have been more severe and destructive, houses being unroofed, fences swept away; large trees were blown up by the roots and carried some distance. Fortunately, no one was seriously injured. On account of the swollen creeks, by which we are almost entirely surrounded, only meagre details can be obtained.

In Washington WASHINGTON, Go., March 21.-[Special.] The storm struck here about two o'clock this norning, unroofing; Sims & Co's, steam mill and blowing down a colored church in process of construction. It appeared to come from the southwest. No one killed or wounded as far as heard from. The wind was terrific and the lightning was incessant. People got up and dressed themselves and prepared to seek shelter in gullies and cyclone pits. In Covington.

Covington, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-A very severe storm passed over this section last night, about 12 o'clock, coming from a southeast direction. The wind was very high, and a great deal of rain fell during the continuance of the storm, which lasted about an hour, but the only serious damage that was done, so far as heard from, was the destruction of a few fences, and some timber, and the washing of land in some portions of the county. The lightning was very vivid, and almost incessant during the storm.

Madison, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-About one o'clock fast night a violent wind storm, accompanied with hail and rain, struck the city and raged with great fury for a short while. Signs, fences, trees and a few outhouses were demolished. The lightning was very vivid, and the roaring of the wind and peals of thunder were terrible, and some of our people were greatly frightened.

In Conyers. CONVERS, Ga., March 21 .- [Special.]-A severe wind and rain storm passed over this place last night between eleven and twelve o'clock. The heavens were made bright by the continued lightning. The wind was very strong and seemed to come from the south, o rather from a little west of south. The rain literally poured for a while and things looked squally. No property was destroyed here, and no material damage done to the fields, through the county. While no one was killed or wounded, a great many were up and dressed,

In Lithonia. LITHONIA, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-Hail, rain, wind and lightning worked sad havoc at this place last night. Five persons were injured, one or two dangerous, and a dozen or more houses were blown down or damaged. The storm broke about 11 o'clock, and for a half hour there was the heaviest rainfal known here in years. The lightning was bright and almost incessant from the minute it began until the storm was over. The thundering was loud, one peal following another without any intermission. The wind ran high and hard and did great damage to the Nash house. A dozen other buildings were injured, some blown entirely down. The wind track was about one half mile wide and took fences and trees before it. Frank Boxby, his son, and son-in-law were in a house when it was blown down. The tim bers fell upon them, and they were all hurt Boxby's injuries are the severest and it is be lieved that he will die. His son-in-law's back was broken, and his condition is critical. Mrs. Sursin, living near the town, was struck by a piece of falling timber blown from

considerably damaged, In Elberton. ELBERTON, Ga., March 21.-[Special.]-The storm was not very severe in Elberton. Some nouses were unroofed, fences, trees, etc. blown down. Captain J. J. Burch had his chimneys blown down, damaging his house badly. No one is reported hurt. The direction was from southeast to northwest.

her house, and badly hurt. The county was

THE STATES AROUND. tches From the Carolinas, Alabai

and Tennessee. In Talladega. Talladega, Ala., March 21.—[Special.]—A terrible storm prevailed in this section last night, from 9 to 10 o'clock, accompanied by

torrents of rain and hail and lightning. The that would have far excelled any for rope walking or anything else in this line. The horse bulk of the storm seemed to pass north of this ing or anything else in this line. The horse city, but considerable damage was done in tent was first to collapse, next the dressing rooms and the main one. No one was hurt; a translated with the design of the desi state university for the deaf, dumb and blind had its gable end blown in, and covering the deaf mutes with the debris, breaking their beds into splinters without seriously inluring the boys. The main building was also seriously damaged in the roof and chimneys, several of which were blown down. Dr. Johnson, the president of the institution, says it will cost at least \$1,000 to repair these, and other damages done to property. The iron roof of the courthouse was also blown off, at considerable expense to the county. Mr. Julius Howe had his stable blown down, and several other small buildings in the city suffered a like devastation

Two miles from Talladega the beautiful iro oridge of the A. & A. R., spanning Talladega creek, was piled by the wind into a mass of ruins into the middle of the stream. The loss of the bridge will reach \$5,000 at least. The storm seems to have divided up into sec tional cyclones, taking various di switching, as it were, from the main body of the hurricane which swept northwest. The wind which passed over the asylum seems to have been about twenty yards in width, and was sweeping above the surface some forty feet, as it carried away the roof of the dormitory and other buildings without touching the shrubbery. Rumors come in of much damage from every direction, but nothing definite is rain came down in sheets, and the night was known here of the work of the storm else

Westminster, S. C., March 21.—[Special.] A severe windstorm visited this place this morning about two o'clock. Every family was proughly aroused, and many a heart quaked with terror at what seemed to be the approach of a cyclone. Trees were aprooted, blown down, and a number of small buildings lifted from their foundations. Colonel R. E. Mason's windmill was badly shattered and damaged. The wind was from the southwest, and the rain fell for a few minutes in torrents In East Tennessee.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 21.-Special.] Dispatches tonight state that the hurricance, which did such great damage at Calhoun, Ga., last night, passed over East Tennessee. At and near Lenoir's much damage was done, nd several lives lost. The residence of J. H. Williams, three miles east of Lenoir's, was completely swept away, and his wife carried off in the wreck and killed. The body of Mrs. Williams was found today in the Tennes-see river, where it had been blown. She was in bed when the house was blown away. The next residence struck by the storm was that of George W. Hardin. The building was demolished, but the family caped the storm, then crossed a timbered ridge, and tore up every tree by the roots in its track. The home of James Linginfolter was reduced to kindling wood. In it were James R. Smith, who was killed, and a little daughter of Linginfolter, who had a leg The dwellings of William King and John Gideon were blown down. Seven members of the King family were badly injured, and two of the Gideons were so seriously hurt that they cannot recover. The house of Lafayette Prater was a total wreck, and Jackson Prate was blown over the garden fence, but escaped

with slight injuries.

The cyclone traveled in a northeasterly direction. A bureau in the Williams house was found this afternoon half a mile from where the residence stood. At London, Tenn., the house of George Moses was completely destroyed, and every member of his family badly hurt. Andrew Worley's house was also carried away and the members of his family barely escaped with their lives. But they are all seriously injured. The bacon from Worley's smokehouse was blown two miles away.

The storm was very severe along the Tennessee river. The house of Joseph H. Wiliams, ex-trustee of Loudon county, was blown down. Mrs. Williams was instantly killed. Williams is missing, and it is reported that he was drowned. A later rumor says he was not at home at the time. A few miles distant, another dwelling was blown down, and a young man named Smith was killed, and several other members of the family injured. No other details are reported, but many persons were injured. The storm was severe in Knoxyille, but no damage was done. Knoxville, but no damage was done.

PERSONAL.

MR. D. W. BEATIE, of the Atlanta nursery, has given to the Grant park fifty choice roses.

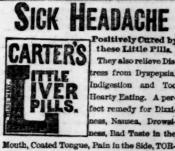
CARRY your old hats and bonnets to Bussey's now to avoid the rush. 21/2 Marietta street. MRS. M. C. ADLER, nee Miss Carrie Weil, has returned from New York, where she studied the latest styles and fashions in dresses, wishes to see all her friends.

Mr. J. E. Martin died at 6 o'clock Tuesday Mr. J. E. Martin died at 6 0 clock Tuesday evening at his residence, No. 98 Buller street. Mr. Martin has for several years been pressman for t.e Delbridge Printing company. He was twenty-four years of age and leaves a wife to mourn his loss. His funeral will take place from St. Faul's church this morning at 10 clocks.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 126 Wall St., New York.

At Wholesale by Wyly & Greene, Atlanta, Georgia.



PID LIVER, &c. They regulate the Bowe and prevent Constipation and Piles. Ti smallest and easiest to take Only one pill a dose. Purely vegetable. Price 25 cents.

-CURE-BILIOUSNESS, SICK HEADACHE, HEARTBURN, LIVER INDIGESTION, DISPEPSIA, COMPLAINT, JAUNDIUE,

Dr. C. McLANE'S -CELEBRATED-

BELIVER PILLS!

FLEMING BROS., Pittsburgh, Pa. LARGEST STOCK

LOWEST PRICES IMPROVED TIME PIECES. >> J. P. STEVENS & BRO.

AMUSEMENTS. OPERA HOUSE Thursday, March 22d,

47 Whitehall St.

MR. JOSEPH JEFFERSON

RIP VAN WINKLE The sale of seats begins Thurs lay morning, March 15th, at Miller's Book Store. Prices, \$1.50, \$1.00 and 50c, mehit 12 13 14 15 18 21 22 MONDAY EVENING, MARCH 26TH.

TUESDAY EVENING, MARCH 27TH-

announce the first and only appearance during the present season of the FAMOUS BOSTON-STARS,

THE ATLANTA ARTILLERY has the honor to

Comprising the following Eminent Artists MEDORA HENSON-EMERSON.

The Distinguished American Sopran WALTER EMERSON,

The Greatest Cornet-Player Living

NELLA F. BROWN, The Most Gifted and Popular American Reader.

Positively the Grandest Musical and Literary Or ganization in the Country.

Admission—75c., 50c. and 25c. Reserved seats
1.09. Tickets on sale at Miller's Book Store.
21 22 23 24

HAVE YOU A COUGH?

If so, attend to it at once, for it may become erious and end in consumption.
Hunnicutt's Throat and Lung Cure will permaneutly cure Colds, Cough, Asthma, Brochitis, Sore Throat and Whooping Cough.

NEW EVIDENCE.

Sore Throat and Whooping Cough Cured.

ATLANTA, Ga., January 16, 1888.
Hunnicutt Rheumatic Cure Co.:
Gentlemen—My two-year-old child had whooping cough in its severest form, and I could find nothing to relieve it until I procured a bottle of Hunnicutt's Throat and Lung cured a bottle of Hummicutt's Throat and Lung Cure. After taking about one-forth of same the dear little one was cured completely and has not had the slightest cough since. I have used the remainder of the bottle in my family since for colds and coughs, and in every in-stance a cure was effected, especially in my own case. I had an aggravated sore throat and backing cough of three weeks' standing, and hacking cough of three weeks' standing, and was cured with four doses. Wishing you'success. Respectfully, Mrs. T. K. FULLER, No. 20 Martin street.

Asthma Cured. TALLAPOOSA, Ga., December 24, 1887.-Hunnicutt Rheumatic Cure Co., Atlanta, Ga.: Gentlemen—My daughter has been afflicted with asthma for the past five years; nothing gave her any relief until she gave your Hunnicuit's Throat and Lung Cure a trial. Its effect was wonderful. I can heartly recommend it to all yearless with asthma. cmmend it to all people suffering with asthma. Yours very respectfully, R. L. CRANDALL. Price \$1.00 per lottle, 6 bottles for \$5.00. Trial

For sale by all druggists, and prepared only by Hunnicutt Rheumatic Cure Company, Atlanta, Ga.



Hammond, Ga., September 15, 1887. Canadian Catarrh Cure Co.:

Gentlemen—My wife was a great sufferer with Catarrh for over two years. She has been a little troubled ever since she was a child with the disease. About two years ago we were in Missisppi, and while there she was taken down with catarrhal fever; we had three of the best physicians we could get. They broke the fever and left her the worst case of catarrh of the head I ever saw. Her nose ran profusely, and for a year I despaired of her ever getting well. I tried several doctors and they could not cure her, and used every catarrh remedy I could hear of. I spent over \$50 the past year for remedies, and all to no effect. At last it became so offensive that you could hardly remain where she was. I offered \$400 to any doctor who would cure her, cand that would have left us homeless), but I would not have cared for that if she could only be cured. We saw an advertisement in the Atlanta Constintion of "Canadian Catarrh Cure." and thought we would try it, and went to your office, when you gave my wife a small sample bottle of your remedy, and told us to come and get a large bottle when that was out. I bonght the large bottle, and before she had used all of the bottle site was entirely wall, and her health fully restored, and now does more work than any woman I know. She used the medicine over six months go, and there has not been the slightest return or the disease. I hope everybody that has catarrh may find you and be cured. I am a traveling man and have told a great many of your wonderful cure. Yours truly,

Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, druggists, of Galnesville, Ga, on September 16, 1887, writes: "Send by ex. HAMMOND, Ga., September 15, 1887.

Dr. J. W. Oslin & Son, druggists, of Gainesville,
Ga., on September 16, 1887, writes: "Send by express one dozen Catarrh Cure. Two bottles cured a
case of fifty years standing.

We have hundreds of testimonials like the above Bend for our book of information.

Jarge size bottles, \$1; small, \$0c.

If your druggist does not keep it send direct \$2

CANADIAN CATARRH CURE CO.,

M. R. Hunter Street, ATLANTA, GA.

29 If you will call at office we will give you ria bottle

DAILEOAD TIME TABLE owing the arrival and departure of trains from this city—Central Time. EAST TENN. VA. & GA. R'Y.

DEPART. *No. 14—from Savannah, brunswick and Jackson-ville. Cincinnati, Nash-ville Cincinnati, Nash-ville Cincinnati, Nash-ville Cincinnati, Nash-ville Cincinnati, Nash-ville and Memphis. 26 p. m. *No. 14—for Rome, Nash-ville and Memphis. 7 40 am phis. 26 p. m. *No. 18—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jackson-ville. 8 / 6 p. m. *No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jackson-ville. 8 / 6 p. m. *No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jackson-ville. 8 / 6 p. m. *No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jackson-ville. 8 / 6 p. m. *No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jackson-ville. 8 / 6 p. m. *No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jackson-ville. 8 / 6 p. m. *No. 16 for Knoxville and Memphis. 20 m. *No. 16 for Knoxville and Memphis. 20 m. 10 m.

CENTRAL RAILROAD. CENTRAL RAILROAD.

TO Sav'n* 7 15 a m To Savannah* 6 50 a m

Bar'svillet, 8 15 a m To Macon* 10 00 pm

Bar'svillet, 9 50 a m To Hapevillet 1201 pm

Macon* 115 pm To Macon* 230 pm

Hapevillet, 140 pm To Barnesvillet, 300 pm

Bay'n* 540 pm To Barnesvillet, 500 pm

Macon* 10 35 pm

To Savannah* 715 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD. # ESIERN AND ATLANTIC RAHLROAD.

Chat'ga* ... 9.50 pm To Chattanooga*.7 50 a m

Chat'ga* ... 630 a m To Chattanooga*.1 40 pm

Marietta... 8 5: a m To Rome... 3 45 pm

Rome... 11 65 am To Marietta... 440 pm

Chat'ga* ... 146 pm To Chattanooga*.5 50 pm

Chat'ga* ... 648 pm To Chattanooga*.5 11 15 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAHLROAD.

Montg'ry*...1 20 a m To Montgomery* 2 00 p m Montg'ry*...1 25 p m To (oumbas*... 6 40 p m To Montgom'ry*...1 20 pm GEORGIA RAILROAD. PIEDMONT AIR-LINE mond and Danville Railroad,) From Lula 825 am "To Charlotte. 7 40 am
From Charlotte.12 20 pm To Lula 4 30 pm
From Charlotte.9 40 pm To Charlotte. 6 00 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD. *From Starkville...6 15 a m | To Birming m* ...1 25 pm From Tallapoosa......5 00 pm *From Birm g m ...5 45 pm | *To Starkville....11 00 pm CLARKSTON TRAINS-Daily except Sunday.12 10 p m Lv. Clarkston1 25 p m12 42 p m Lv. Decatur1 48 p m12 57 p m Ar. Atlanta2 20 p m Daily - Daily except Sunday - Sunday only All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time FINANCIAL.

W. H. PATTERSON, Bond and Stock Broker, 24 SOUTH PRYOR STREET. FOR SALE.

Atlanta and West Point Railroad stock. Atlanta City bonds. Americus, Freston and Lumpkin Rallroad bonds. Btate of Georgia fionds. Georgia Railroad bonds. Georgia Kailroad bonds. Atlanta Gas Light Company stock.

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK Of Atlanta, Ga.

-UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY. Capital and Undivided Profits, \$375,000.

Lecurs Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand with Interest Three per cent per annum if left four

Four per cent per annum if left six months. 41 per cent per annum if left twelve

NORTH SIDE SAVINGS BANK

No. 7 Pryor Street. DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS, ACcounts of manufacturers, country merchants and farmers received. Accommodations extended as far as consistent to sound banking. We draw drafts payable in all parts of Europe, pay interest on special deposits and make collections on all parts of burnited States and Canada.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED

CAPITAL GITY BANK, OF ATLANTA, GA.,

Capital and Undivided Profits, \$452,000. A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS

—) TRANSACTED (—

Collections made direct on all points in the United States and remitted for promptly. Particular attention paid to the business of correspondents. The business of Sankers, Merchants and Manufacturers is repectfully solicited. Special feature made of the Bavings' Department. Interest paid on time deposits.

HUMPHREYSCASTLEMAN Bond and Stock Broker,

12 East Alabama Street.

FOR SALE.

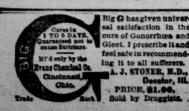
2,000 shares Tallapoosa Land, Mining and Manufacturing Com-

THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.

A little higher in price, but of unrivalled quality.







Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, March 21, 1888.
New York exchange buying at ½ premium and | New York exchange buying at \(\frac{1}{2} \) premium and solling at \(\frac{1}{2} \) premium \(\frac{1}{2} \) premium \(\frac{1}{2} \) | STATE AND CITY BONDS. \(\frac{1}{2} \) R. R. BONDS. \(\frac{1}{2} \) Bid \(\frac{1}{2} \) Asked. \(\frac{1}{3} \) 6a. 6a. 1899...101 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 101 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 20 years...105 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 106 \(\frac{1}{3} \) 6a. 5a. 1898...107 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Ca. C. A. 181. 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Ga. 7s. 1898...117 \(\frac{1}{2} \) A & C. 1st...118 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Rayannah 5s...103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 105 \(\frac{1}{3} \) A & C. 1st...118 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Rayannah 5s...103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 105 \(\frac{1}{3} \) Atl'ta 8s. 1892.107 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Ga. Rac. 1st...103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 107 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Atl'ta 6s. L. D.107 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Atl'ta 6s. L. D.107 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Atl'ta 6s. B. D.100 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 102 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Atlanta 5s....102 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Atlanta 4\(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Atlanta 7s...113 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Macon 6s....110 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 104 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Columbus 5s....95 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Attanta Nat'l. 200 \(\frac{3}{2} \) 300 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Attanta Nat'l. 200 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 300 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Attanta Nat'l. 200 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 300 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Attanta Nat'l. 200 \(\frac{1}{2} \) 300 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Attanta 18 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Railroad Bonds \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 102 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Citral \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Rayannah \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Rayannah \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Rayannah \(\frac{1}{2} \) 103 \(\frac{1}{2} \) Acc. Rayannah \(\frac{1}{2} \)

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK. March 21.—The stock market to-day was weak and declining almost throughout the entire time, and late in the day a heavy drive at Gould specialties broke the whole list, and prices are materially lower as a result of the day's operations. A great feature of the day was, of course, renewed weakness in Missouri Pacific, and the break in it this afternoon demoralized for a time the entire list. Missouri Pacific scored an extreme decline of six per cent, and Western Union, Pacific Mail, Texas Pacific and Manhattan all showed marked weakness, and are among the stocks showing the largest net declines this evening. Outside of Gould properties New England was the only stock prominent for its weakness, although in the last hour, when the demoralization became com-plete, weakness reached even those stocks which have been well supported for some time. Traders went round the room searching for weak sposs and were successful to a marked extent. The news of the day was not favorable to an advance in prices, though nothing of importance was received except advices from Chicago; but the discussion of the Missouri Pacific report overshadowed everything else as the topic of conversation, and the bears worked it up to a decided sensation. First sales were made at irregular changes from last evening's prices, but the temper of the room was bearish and buyers were holding off. Under the circumstances prices settled down with New England as a special feature. The business done suffered a marked in crease in the afternoon, however, and the decline gained force, but it was the last hour when the drive was made at Missouri Pacific and it was car-ried down 8 per cent and the rest of the list proportionate amounts. The close, after a slight reaction, was quiet but very weak at or near the lowest prices reached. Total sales 290,700 shares, the largest day's trading in a week. The most important net declines are Missouri Pacific 3½ per cent, New England and Wester Figure 344. Per cent, New England and Western Union 216, Pacific Mail and Tennessee Coal 2, Manhatan 13/a, Michigan Central 13/a, Norfolk-and Westeru preferred 13/a, Canada Southern, St. Paul and Texas Pacific 13/a, Reading and Luke Shore I and the rest of the list fractional amounts.

Exchange quie: but firm at 486@483. Money easy at 1½@3, closing offered at 2@3. Subtreasury balances: Coin \$129,943,000; currency, \$12,310,000. Governments dull but steady: 4s 125%; 4½\$ 106½. State nds entirely neglected. bonds entirely neglected.

Ala, Class A 2 to 5. 104½ N. O. Pac. 1st. ...
do. Class B 5s. ... 107
Ga. 7s mortgage ... 107
K. C. 6s. ... 120
do. 4s. ... 94
S. C. con. Brown ... 104½ Pacific Mail.

Tenn. settlement 3s. 68% Reading ...

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, March 21, 1888.

Net receipts for 4 days 26,375 bales, against 31,608 bales last year: exports 39,801 bales; last year 55,301 Below we give the opening and closing quotations

Every cotton futures in New York today.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations

1.22½ and closed at 7.15. bales: stock 728.014 bales: last year 608.311 bales.

o: cotton futures in New York today:		1
Opening,	Closing.	1
March 9.67@	9.72@	i
April 9.68@	9.75@ 9.76	N
May 9.80@	9.86@	J
June 9.88@	9.95@	. 0
July 9.97@	10.01@	1
July 9.97@ August 10.02@	10.05@10.06	J
September 9.71@ 9.72	9.74@ 9.75	9
October 9.54@ 9.55	9.55@ 9.56	N
November 9.42@ 9.43	9,44@ 9.45	j
December 9.43@ 9.44	9,45@ 9.46	3
Janaury 9.50@ 9.52	9.53@ 9.54	N
Closed steady; sales 173,500 baies.	0.000 0.01	
Local—Cotton quiet; middling 91/6c.		J
The following is our table of receip	ts and ship-	A
ents for two days:		N
RECEIPTS.		.14.
By wagon	2	M
Air-line Railroad	2	J
Canada Dallacad		

Central Railroad
Western and Atlantic Railroad.
West Point Railroad.
East Tennessee, Va. and Ga. Railroad...
Georgis Pacific Railroad...
A. and F

.102,638 Total.... Stock September 1... 102,769 Shipped today..... Shipped previously... Taken by local spinn

93,883

MANCHESTER, March 21.-The Guardian says MANCHESTER, Maren 21.—The Guardian says:
Quietness is the prevailing feature in the market,
although occasionally, when lower prices are accepted, buying is rather larger than of late. Business
is still far from important. Yielding of prices has
been much more marked in yarn than in cloth debeen much more marked in yarn than in cloth departments. Prices in the latter are already relatively worse for the producer than in yarn. The decline has not been general; and the market is weak and irregular rather than altogether easier. The business for the larger eastern markets has not reached the full amount, although in a few cases some previously impracticable orders have been put through. The bulk of the inquiries for these outlets are still at too low a figure. The demand for lesser foreign markets is moderate. The season's operations are backward, and, viewing the market as a whole, it must be observed, notwithstanding the late dullness, the production is still mostly under engagement, and consequently spinners and manufacturers are very strong and independent. Some orders, however, are expiring.

The export yarn department is rather idle, owing doubtless, in greater part, to the fact that the merchants have still to receive large quantities of stock under previous contracts, and have few important orders engine forward.

chants have still to receive large quantities of stock under previous contracts, and have few important orders coming forward. There has been some increase in business for home consumption. The business in the cloth departments is slow and is not easy to effect at previous rates, The manufacturers, however, are unwilling to yield, in view of the scantiness of the margin. Some moderate orders for India and China staples have been executed, but the movement was of no material importance. High reed finishing cloths are barely steady, with small sales. The business in heavy goods is not large, and the tendency of prices is in favor of the buyers.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, March 21—12:15 p. m.—Cotton flat and samewhat irregular; middling uplands 5%, middling uplands 5%, middling orleans 57-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculationiand export 1,100; receipts 8,000; all American; uplands low middling clause March and April delivery 5 17-64; April and May delivery 5 17-64; May and June deliv, ery 5 18-64, 5 19-64; June and July delivery 5 19-64

5 20-64; July and August delivery 5 22-64; August and September delivery 5 22-64, 5 22-64; September and October delivery 5 16-64; futures opened steady.

LIVERPOOL, March 21—2:00 p. m.—Middling uplands 5 3-16; middling Orleans 5½; ales of American 6,900 bales; uplands low middling clause March delivery 5 17-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 22-64, sellers; August and September 3 17-64, sellers; August 3 18-64, sellers; September 3 18-64, sell

NORFOLK, March 21—Cotton easy; middling 05; net receipts 807 bales; gross 907; stock 23,845; sales 266; exports coastwise 409.

BALTIMORE, March 21—Cotton quiet; middling 10; net receipts 503 bales; gross 1,289; sales none; stock 18,407; sales to spinners 214; exports to Great Britain 1,005; coastwise 100.

BOSTON, March 21—Cotton, quiet; middling 10½; net receipts 138 bales; gross 670; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 198.

WILMINGTON, March 21—Cotton quiet; middling 19½; net receipts 25 bales; gross 25; sales none; stock 5,637.

PHUADET PHAA March 21—Cotton quiet; mid.

PHILADELPHIA, March 21—Cotton quiet; mid dling 9%; net receipts 40 bales; gross 344; sale none; stock 20,441. SAVANNAH, March 21—Cotton easy; middling

32,333.

NEW ORLEANS, March 21—Cotton easy; middling 97-16; net receipts 3,800 bales; gross 3,905; sales 4,000; stock 267,730; exports coastwise 2,876.

MOBILE, March 21—Cotton nominal: middling 9½; net receipts 7 bales; gross 7; sales none; stock 25,945.

MEMPHIS, March 21—Cotton quiet and easy; middling 9½; net receipts 364 bales; shipments 764; sales 2,005; stock 95,931. AUGUSTA. March 21—Cotton dull; middling 9½; net receipts 122 tales; shipments—; sales 119. CHARLESTON. March 21—Cotton quiet: middling 9-16; net receipts 429 bales; gross 429; sales 50; stock 10 330.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

concentrated raids would be made in nearly all speculative articles. In corn the raiders had a good basis to work from. The crowd were very nervous on account of large roceipts which are expected during the next fifteen or twenty days and the unusually good inspection. An additional cause of weak ness was the large number of limited selling orders which came in over night. May corn opened at 50% 60% of the first ten minutes it sold off to 50c. The excitement was tremendous throughout the session, and an enormous quantity of long corn came out during the day. The selling started as soon as the board opened with a big flood of stop orders, and May was crowded down to 491/c during the first hour. Then followed a slight rally to 49%, but persistent pounding by a prominent operator soon broke it to 49%. Again a reaction to 49% occurred, followed by another break to 49% and finally closing at 4914c.

There was also wild excitement in wheat. Every-body had all they could do, and most of them were selling. There was a sale of 6,000 bushels of wheat in a lump by an operator early in the session, which was followed by the execution of a large number of stop orders, which broke prices wide open. May opened at 77%c, improved to 77%c and dropped to 77%c during the first hour. Wheat continued going down until May touched 76%c. By that time t appeared that all the long wheat had been sold out, and May firmed up to 77% @771/2c and closed Oats shared in the weakness of the other grains.

There was some realizing in futures, and May sold off from 30% 630% to 30% c.

There was a great deal of noise made in the provision pit, but there were no heavy individual transrations. A greater part of the stuff marketed came from longs. Shippers had fair orders for small lots, and their purchases created the impression that the consuming public are beginning to stock up. Prices of hogs were 5@10c higher, but the demoralization in grain overshadowed all other influence and in-duced free offerings. Pork received the most atten-tion, and was sold with increased freedom by scalpers, bears and tired longs. May opened at \$14.10, but started downward, and after \$13.85 was touched stop order holdings came in with such freedom that a drop to \$13.72½ was recorded. There were few sales, however, below \$13.80. Shorts came in on the decline and covered good sized lines, and a rully to \$13.95 was secured, the closing figure being \$13.21%. Lard remained comparatively steady at 7.50@7.85 and closed at 7.523%. Short ribs dropped loc, but ral-

VHEAT-	Opening.	Highest	Closing
fay	771/9	77%	771/4
une	78	78 .	7762
CORN-			
ay		501%	491/4
une	50%	501/8	493
OATS-			
lay	305%	303%	801/4
PORK—	305/8	30%	3018
ay	14 10	14 10	13 921/6
LARD-		14 00	13 971/2
pril	7 4716	7 47%	7 471/6
SHORT RIBS-	7 523	7 471/2	7 521/2
ay	7 221/6	7 211/6	7 15
une		7 281/2	7 25

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE. ATLANTA, March 21, 1333

Flour. Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, March 21—Flour-Best patent \$5.50; extra tancy \$5.25; fancy \$4.75; extra family \$4.50; choice family \$4.25; family \$4.00; extra \$3.75. Wheat — No. 2 red \$1.00; Georgia red 90c. Bran—Larre sacks \$1.15; small \$1.17. Corn Meal—Plain 72c; bolted 72c. Pea Meal—90c. Grits—\$4.25. Corn—Choice white 74c; No. 2 white Tennessee 72c; No. 2 mixed 70c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 40c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, \$1.10; small bales \$1.10; lover 95c; wheat straw baled 80c. Peas—Stock —
BALTIMORE, March 21.—Flour steady and quiet; Howard street and western superfine\$2.37@\$2.50; extra \$3.00@\$3.75; family \$4.00@\$4.50; city mills superfine\$2.37@\$2.60; extra \$3.00@\$3.75; family \$4.00@\$4.50; city mills superfine\$2.37@\$2.60; extra \$3.00@\$3.75; Rio brands\$4.75@\$0.00; Meat, southern firmer; white, \$7.60; yellow \$7%. Corn, southern firmer; white, \$7.60\$; yellow \$7%. Corn, southern firmer; white, \$7.60\$; yellow \$7.50. NEW YORK, March 21—Flour, southern dull; com-

(a) Fig. Corn, southern firmer; white, 57@55; yellow 505%635.

NEW YORK, March 21—Flour, southern dull; common to fair extra \$3.30@83.50; good to choice \$4.10 @\$4.90. Wheat, spb 1260%6 lower; No. 2 red March 88½; April 88½6.891½; May 89@39½. Corn lower; No. 2 March 385½6.891½; May 89@39½. Corn lower; No. 2 March 37.26.373½; May 86%635½. Hops steady; state 5@14; California 6@12.

ST. LOUIS, March 21—Flour quiet and easier. Wheat 26.3%; lower; No. 2 red fall cash 81½6.813½; May 81½6.813½. Corn-lower; No. 2 mixed cash 41½6.313½6.313½. Corn-lower; No. 2 mixed cash 41½6.313½6.313½. Corn-lower; No. 2 mixed cash 41½6.313½6.313½. Corn-lower; No. 2 mixed cash 41½6.315; May 23½.

CHICAGO, March 21—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour steady; winter wheat \$3.90@\$4.35; spring wheat \$8.40@4.25; spring patent \$3.50@\$4.80. No. 2 spring wheat 72½6.75½; No. 3 do.—; No. 2 red — No. 2 corn 48½6. No. 2 corn 48½6. No. 2 corn 48½6. No. 2 mixed 53. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 53. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 33. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 33.0 cats leady; No. 2 mixed 33.0 cats, new No. 2 mixed 33½6.00. Wheat, No. 2 red 8½6.10 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 88. Corn. No. 2 mixed 52; do. white 54½6.00 negberry 80.00 negberry 80.00 n

Groceries.

ATLANTA, March 21—Coffee—Lower and in good demand. We quote: Choice 18c; prime 18c; good 17c; fair 10c; low grade 10c. Sugar — Cut loar 8c; powdered 8c; standard granulated 72c; standard A74c; extra C 7c; yellow extra C64c. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50@50c; prime 3@35c; common 20@20c. Teas—Black 50@60c; green 35@60c. Nutmers 70c; Cloves 30c. Allspice 123c. Cinnamon 12c. Eago 50c. Ginger 10c. Mace 60c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oxyster 7%c; X soda 5c; XXX do 53c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. 3; bbls \$15.00; yellow 60c. Eagle 50c. Sugar — Cream 14c; fair 50c. Septem 50c. Stope 60c. Police 50c. Sprups—Cream 14c; fair 50c. Chees—Cream 14c; fair 50c. Septem 50c. Stope 60c. Strictly prime 40c. Strictly prime 40c. Multiply fair 4 9-16c. Mackerel — No. 3; bbls \$15.00; strictly prime 40c. Strictly prime 40c. Strictly prime 40c. Sugar quiet and steady; Louisiana open kettle choice 5c. Chees—Cream 14c; fair to good fair to goo

common 1:@17; centrifugals strictly prime 20@22; prime to good pr.m. 18; fair to good fair 16@17; 10: fer or to good common 14@18. Louisians syrup 20@26. Rice quiet but itm; Louisians ordinary to prime

NEW YORK. Merch 21—Coffee fair Rio quiet at 18½; options, No. 7 Rio March 10.80@10.50; April 20.0 @10.40; May 10.10@10.40; June 10.10@10.50; April 20.0 @10.40; May 10.10@10.40; June 10.10@10.50; April 20.0 @10.40; May 10.10@10.40; June 10.10@10.50; April 20.0 Right of the work of the firm; C 3½@5 11.10; yellow 5½; off A 5.94@6; mould A 7; standard A 6½; confectioners A 3½; cut loaf and crushed 7½; powdered 7; granulated 3½; cut loaf and crushed 7½; powdered 7; granulated 3½; cut loaf such 20.20; Rice steady; lomestic 4½@5%.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, March 21—Provisions weak. Pork 14.15. Lard 7.15. Dry sait meats, boxed lots shoulders 6.00; long clear 7.12%; clear ribs 7.25; short clear 7.40%, 7.15. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.50; long clear 5.75%; short ribs 7.95%, 7.95; short clear 5.12% 8.25; hams 10% 21.

7.87%; short ribs 7.99@7.95; short clear 8.12½@8.29; hams 10½@12.

NEW YORK, March 21—Pork in moderate demand; one year old mess \$14.75@815.09; new; \$15.00@\$15.25; Middles nominal. Lard quiet; western steam spot 7.95 refined to continent 7.99.

LOUISVILLE, March 21—Provisionssteady, Bacon, clear rib sides 7.90; clear sides 8.50; shoulders 6½. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 7.35; clear sides 8.60; partiy cured shoulders 6½. Mess pork \$14.75. Hams, sugar-cured 11½@12½. Lard, choice leaf 9½.

CHICAGO, March 21—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork \$13.80, Lard 7.50. Short squiloose 7.05. Dry salted shoulders boxed 6.00@6.10; short clear sides boxed 7.55@7.60.

ATLANTA, March 21—The following are ruling cash prices today: Clear rib sides 8½c. Sugar-cured hams 12½@11½c. Lard — Pure leaf, tierces 10c; refined 2c.

CINCINNATI, March 21 — Pork easy at \$14.50, Larl weaker at 7.50, Bulk meats quiet; short ribs 7.25. Bacon steady; short ribs —; short clear 3%.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, March 21—Turpentine firm at 35; rosin dull; strained 82½; good strained 87½; tar firm at \$1.10; crude turpentine firm; hard \$1.00; yellow dip \$2.00; virgin \$2.00. SAVANNAH, March 21-Turpentine steady at 351/4; CHARLESTON, March 21—Turpentine quiet at 35; good strained 85. NEW YORK, March 21-Rosin quiet at \$1.20@\$1.23;

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, March 21—Apples—\$4.75@\$5.00 % bbl. Lemons—\$3.75@\$4.25. Oranges—\$2.25@\$3.50. Cocoanuts—6c. Pineapples—\$2.20 % doz, Bananas—Selected \$1.75@\$2.00; grapes \$7.50 % borel. Figs—13@18c. Raisins—New London \$3.25; % boxes \$1.75; ½ boxes 90c. Currants—73@88c. Leghorn citron—27c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@14c. Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—12½c. Walnuts—13c. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples \$5.6014c, sundried peaches 85.6014c, sundried peaches 85.6014c.

Hardware. Hardware.

ATLANTA, March 21— Market steady. Horseshoes \$4.256/\$4.50; mule shoes \$5.256/\$5.50; horseshoe nails 12@20c. Ironboundhames \$3.50. Trace-chains 22@70c. Ames shovels \$9.00. Spades \$10.00. Well-buckets \$3.50@\$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed fron-5c; rolled or merchant bar 29.c rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails, iron, \$2.50; steel \$2.50. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, \$b.56@5/c. Powder, rifle \$5.00; blasting \$2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot\$1.60.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, March 21 — Eggs —12½c. Butter—
Glit edgo 20@22½c; choice Tennessee 22@25c; othes grades 10@15c. Poultry—Hens 25@90: young chickens large 12@20c. Irish Potatoes—\$3.00@3.50. Sweet Potatoes—\$6.00c. Honey —Strained 6.38c; in the comb 10c. Onions—\$1.00@\$1.25. Cabbage—2.63%. Live Stock.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, March 21— Horses—Plug \$65.@90; good drive \$150@\$200; drivers \$125@\$140; fine \$250@\$200. Mules—14% to 15 hands \$115@\$125; 15 to 15% hands \$135@\$160.

CINCINNATI, March 21—Hogs steady; common and fight \$4.00@\$5.30; packing and butchers \$5.35@\$5.06. Whisky. CINCINNATI, March 21—Whisky steady at \$1.09. ST. LOUIS, March 21—Whisky steady at \$1.09. CHICAGO, March 21—Whisky \$1.14.

OFFICE OF THE COMMISSION FOR THE CON No. 145 East Capitol street, Washington, D. C. March 1st, 1888. arch 1st, 1888. Sealed proposals will be received at the office of Sealed proposals will be received at the office of this Commission until 12 noon on the 31st day of March, 1888, for furnishing the dimension stone required for the walls of the cellar or sub-basement story of the Congressional Library building, to be constructed in Washington, D. C., upon the form of proposals and in accordance with specifications and plans therefor. Copies of specifications, etc., will be furnished to intending bidders on application to the architect at this office, and detailed plans of the same may be seen at the same office on and after Thursday, March 8th, 1888.

WILLIAM F. VILAS, EDWARD CLARK, A. R. SPOFFORD, Commissioners.

Receiver's Sale.

TLANTA MACHINE WORKS AND FOUNDRY. UNLESS SOONER DISPOSED OF, THE ABOVE works will, under the order of the Smerior Works will, under the order of the Superior Court of Fe on county, and subject to confirmation by the same, be sold to the highest bidder on WED-NESDAY, the 28th DAY of MARCH, 1888, at 12

NESDAY, the 28th DAY of MARCH, 1888, at 12 o'clock noon upon the premises.

Lot of land nearly two acres, only 80 yards from center of Atlanta, fronting on Hunter and King streets and the Georgia railroad, with spur tracks directly into the grounds. Largest works in Atlanta, commanding the trade of the entire South! The most complete plant in the south for manufacturing every variety of machinery, including engines, boilers, marble-cutting and gold-mining machinery, with other specialties, the demand for which is daily increasing. Substantial brick buildings with metal roofs. Apply soon for a bargain and easy payments. For full particulars address,

PURE English Acid Phosphate!

WE OFFER THIS FAVORITE ARTICLE, DE-liverable from a small cargo to arrive soon.

—ALSO,—
Offer, for immediate delivery, a moderate quantity of our Manipulated and Excellent Georgia Standard uanos.

THE WILCOX & GIBBS GUANO CO.
Savannah, March 5th. mch8—th sa tu

First-Class Coal and Plenty of It O SUPPLY ALL MY OLD CUSTOMERS AND AS many new ones as will favor me with their or-anywhere in the state of Georgia. For the best STEAM COAL AT LOWEST PRICES. Prompt delivery on positive contracts or trial lots.

J. S. LESTER, Atlanta, Ga.,
Gen'l Agt. for State of Ga. for Tenn, Coal, Iron & R.,
R. Co. thur sun Im

IMPORTANT To Florida Tourists and Settlers

(THE F. R. & N.) The Florida Railway and Navigation C

MAKES DAILY CONNECTION WITH THE S. F. & W. fast mail train at Callahan (connection sure) and with all other trains at Jacksonville, leaving the latter place at 9:00 a. m., 12:20 p. m. and 8:30 p. m., for all points in south Florida, viz: Hawtorne Galoscylle, Codex Vac Stille. leaving the latter place at 9:00 a. m., 12:20 p. m. and 8:30 p. m., for all points in south Florida, viz: Hawthorne, Gainesville, Cedar Key, Silver Springs, Blue Springs, Ocala, Wildwood, Panasoffkee, St. Catherines, Owensboro, Dade City, Plant City, Tampa, Bartow, PuntaGo da, Leesburg, Eldorado, Tavares, Apopa, Orlando, Titusville and the Indian river country. The only line giving a choice of three routes to points on the west coast of Florida, viz: Through Cedar Key, Lacoochee, Plant City and Orlando. The most beautiful and picturesque portions of the state are traversed by this line. Hundreds of bearing orange groves are tassed and seen from the cars. The lovely lakes of Lochlosa, Orange, Harris, Griffin, Eustis, Dora, Panasoffkee and Apophs are located on this line. The only line reaching most of the points named, Zand close and direct connections made to all others. The famous Silver Spring, the head of the Ocklawaha river, can only be reached all rail via this line. The short and direct route to the beautiful Homosassa country, abounding in fish and game, and passing Blue Springs, the head of the Wekiva (Blue river). The only line to Fernandina, with its celebrated beach of twenty-two miles drive, and only thirty-six miles from Jacksonville, three daily trains. The only line to Tallahassee, the capital of the state, Madison, Monticello and Quincy. Florida's great tobacco industries are located on this division of the F. R. & N. In fact, there is hardly an important point in the state not reached by this great trunk line system. First-class road beds and excellent train service. Through tickets at low rates and baggage checked to all points.

MISS A. VAN DUSEN IMPORTER OF

Wraps and Costumes. DRESSMAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES 62 West 46th St., NEW YORK.

DR. RICE, For 15 years at 37 Court Place, now at

Bet. Third and Fourth, Louisville, Ky Arequarty educated and logally qualified physician and the most associated, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE, PRONIC and SEXUAL DIS-EASES.

Spermatorrhoa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in manurer years, or other causes, and producing some of the failowing effects: Nerrousness, Seminal Emissions, (night emissions by drawns), Dinness of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Pace, Aversion to Society of Fennier, Confusion of Ideas, Iones of Sight, Defective Memory, Physical Decay, Pimples on Pace, Aversion to Society of Fennier, Confusion of Ideas, Iones of Sight, Professional Feore, & rendering mentify cured. Say PHIL IS positively cured and entirely cardiosted from the system: Gonorrhoca, GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Heruis, for Rupture, Piles and other private diseases quickly cured.

Is is self-orident that a phy sician who pays special attention to a certain class of diseases, and treating thousands annually, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend persons to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for creatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases under the commendation of the private of the constitutions personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR Of 200 pages, sent to any address, securely scaled, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 2 to 4 P. M.

PETER LYNCH 95 Whitehall Street. ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA.

Retail Dealer in Foreign and Domestic Liquors. Fine Liquors and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty. Also bottled English Ale, Dublin Porter and Lager Beer. Tobaccos, Cigars and Sautf; Gua-and Ammunition; Pistols and Cartridges; also Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons; Glass and Crockeryware, Boots and Shoes, and many other goods too numerous to mention. A perfect Variety Store. Terms cash. Prices as low as the lowest.

Biora Terms cash. Frices as Determined Peter Lynch.

PLANTS New JLLUSTRATED CATAding Plants, Roses, etc., is now ready. Our stock of
plants, etc., is the plargest and most extensive in
the south. Catalogue mailed free on application.
Address P. J. BERCKMANS,
Fruitland Nurseries,
Augusta, Ga.

N. B.—We employ no agents.

Notice to Debtors and Creditors. Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

Notice Is HEREBY GIVEN TO ALL PERSONS having demands against Dr. Louis E. Borcheim, late of Fulton county, deceased, to present them to me, properly made out, as required by law, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are hereby required to make immediate payment.

MORRIS #IRSCH,
Executor of Louis E. Brocheim.

Thur oew 4w

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILWAY.

-VIA--BIRMINGHAM, ALABAMA The Most Splendidly Constructed and Equipped Line, Affording the Most Luxurious Traveling Accommodations East of the Mississippi River. | No. 50. | No. 52. | No. 54.

THROUGH CARS.

No. 50—Mann Boudour Steeping Cars Atlanta to Shreveport and New Orleans, La.

No. 52—Mann Boudour Steeping Cars Atlanta to Birmingham. Passenger Coaches Atlanta to Memphis without change. For further particulars address

B. F. WYLY, JR. Ga.

A. A. VERNOY,

ALEX. S. THWEATT.

Gon'l' T. P. Agt.

Gon'l' T. P. Agt. A. A. VERNOY, ALEX. S. THWEATT.
Pass. Agt.

G. S. BARNI M.
Gen. Pass. Agent.
Gen. Pass. Agent.
Birmingham. Ala.

B. F. WYLY, JR. on.
ALEX. S. THWEATT.
Gen'l T. P. Agt.
Gen'l T. P. Agt.
General Maager.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD. THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GROBGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., Sept. 17th 1857.
Commencing sunday, 18th 10stant, the following
assenger schedule will be operated:
43-Trains run by 90th meridian time.

No. 27 WEST-DAILY. No. 28 EAST-DAILY. Arrive Athens...... ...8 15 p m DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No. 2 EAST-DAILY. | No. 1 WEST-DAILY.

No. 4 EAST-DAILY. | No. 3 WEST-DAILY. Lv. Atlanta 9 05 p m Lv. Angusta — .10 15 p m Ar. Augusta 5 00 a m Ar. Atlanta 6 30 a m MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—DAIL.

No. 8: WESTWARD. No. 32 EASTWARD.

CHATTANOOGA, ROME & COLUMBUS RAILROAD. TIME TABLE NO.). 4 In Effect November 22, 1887.

South Bound No. 1. | No. 3. Holmes..... Holders..... Chambers... New Bethel

Lake Creek. Dyars..... Cedartown..... Daily. No. 2 | No. 4. Cedartown.

Rome.

All trains run to East Tennessee, Virginia and corgia passenger depot in East Rome.

Connect at Rome with East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, and with Rome railroad a Cedartown with East and West Railroad of Ala-

TAST TENNESSEE VA.& GA. RAILWA Crunswick to the Virginia and Easter Cities via. the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia Railway 5 Hours and 45 Minutes Quicker From Jacksonville to Atlanta than any other Line.

Schedule in Effect March 1, 1888. VIA THE PICTURESQUE SHENANDOAH VAL 10 00 p m 2 00 a m 3 30 a m 6 20 a m 8 33 a m 12 40 p m

C. V. Railroad. Arrive Harrisburg.. 3 15 p m 1 00 a m VIA THE GREAT KENNESAW ROUTE VIA THE GREAT KENNESAW ROUTE.

E. T., V. & G. Railroad.

Leave Chattanooga. 10 00 a m 10 00 p m

Leave Cleveland. 11 20 a m 11 25 p m

Arrive Knoxviie 42 0 p m 2 00 a m

N. & W. Railroad. 1 36 a m d12 40 pm

Virginia Midland Railroad. | Virginia Midland Railroad. | Leave Lynchburg... | 3 50 a m | 3 00 p m | Leave Charl'sville... | b6 05 a m | 5 30 b m | Arrive Alexander... | 10 20 a m | 9 10 p m | Arrive Washington... | 10 45 a m | 9 40 p m | Pennsylvania Railroad. Pennsylvania Ratiroad.

Le & · e Washington. 11 00 a m 11 00 a m 10 00 p m

Arrive Baltimore... 12 46 p m 12 65 p m 11 25 p m

Arrive Philadelp'a. 3 10 p m 2 20 p m 3 00 a m

Arrive New York... 5 50 p m 4 5 · p m 6 20 a m

B. & O. Railroad.

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company.)

(Richmond & Danville Railroad Company.)

The Favorite Route East.

Double daily trains and elegant coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON, with Pulman Buffet Sileeping Cars.

ATLANTA to NEW YORK —AND— MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON.

Only thirty-one hours transit Atlanta to NewYork, Schedule in effect November Mail. Express 20, 1887. No. 53. 7 40 am 6 90 pm 8 40 am 7 00 pm 6 25 pm 5 06 am 9 40 pm 8 28 am 11 29 pm 10 10 am 2 00 am 1 15 pm 14 10 am 3 40 pm 8 10 am 8 23 pm 10 03 am 11 25 pm 12 25 pm 6 20 am 3 20 pm 6 20 am 10 30 qm 3 00 pm

Through trains from the East Leave Atlanta (city time)...

LULA ACCOMMODATION.

LULA ACCOMMODATION.

Dally except Sunday.

Leave Atlanta (city time.

Arrive Gainesville (city time).

Arrive Lula (city time).

ETURNING. Leave Lula (city time ...6 40 am

ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD.

Daily | D'y ex S'y Daily D'y ex S'y No. 50. No. 52.

7 35 am 5 00 pm 12 20 pm 9 40 pm Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office and Kimball House, corder Pryor and Wall streets.

JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Agt.,

Washington, D. C.

L. L. McCLESKEY,
D. Pass. Agt.,
City Pass. Agt.,

A TLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO

The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New Orleans, Texas and the southwest. The following schedule in effect March 11th, 1888: SOUTHBOUND. No. 50 No. 52 No. 56 Daily Fast D'ily

 Leave Atlanta
 2 00 pm
 12 00 pm
 6 40 a m

 Arrive Newnan
 3 17 pm
 1 47 a m
 6 49 pm

 " LaGrange
 4 15 pm
 3 05 a m
 8 46 a m

 " West Point
 4 45 pm
 3 42 a m
 9 13 a m

 Opelika
 5 23 pm
 3 49 a m
 10 05 a m
 Arrive Columbus 6 40 pm 11 05 am 11 05 am Arrive Montgomery... 7 20 p m 7 00 a m 12 00 m

Arrive Pensacola..... 5 15 a m 2 2 30 p m

Arrive Mobile...... 1 50 a m 2 15 p m

Arrive New Orleans, 7 10 a m 7 20 p m

Arrive Houston, Tex 2 45 a m 8 40 a m TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT Arrive Seima. 11 10 pm 12 65 pm 2 45 pm 4 Akron 11 10 pm 12 65 pm 6 60 pm 10 10 00 pm 10 10 10 pm 1

NORTHBOUND. Daily No. 53 No. 57 Daily Fast D'ily Leave New Orleans... 8 10 p m 8 05 a m 125 p m 1 25 p m 1 2 30 p m 1 3 05 p m

Trains 50 and 51 carry Pullman Buffet Sleeping
Cars between Atlanta and New Orleans.
Trains 52 and 53 carry Pullman Buffet Sleeping
Cars between Washington and New Orleans.
Train 56 runs solid daily from Atlanta to Colum-Train 57 runs solid daily from Columbus to At-CECIL GABBETT, CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen'l Manager.

JOHN A. GEE, Passenger Agent.

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA R. R.

Arrive Zebulon. NORTH BOUND. Trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V. & G. R'y assenger Depot.

JOHN N. DUNN,
President.

H. L. COLLIER,
Chief Enginesa
H. C. HARRIS. Gaparal Managas.

ANOTHER CYCLONE.

The Story of the One Which Destroyed Mt. Vernon, Ill.

Rev. J. Merritt Driver Visits Atlanta in the

of the Chamber of Commerce. There will be a meeting at the hall of the chamber of commerce at noon today, in the in-terest of the sufferers from the cyclone which

recently swept away Mt. Vernon, Illinois. Rev. J. Merritt Driver, pastor of a Metho dist church in that stricken town, reached At-lanta a day or two ago, in the interest of the sufferers. He has arranged for a meeting to-day, and it is to be hoped that he will be greeted by a good crowd.
"The cyclone struck Mount Vernon at 4:45

"The cyclone struck Mount Vernon at 4:45 o'clock, Sunday afternoon," said Dr. Driver, last night, "some three weeks ago. It was a lovely day, and nearly all of the five thousand inhabitants were making the most of their opportunity to exercise and enjoy themselves in social intercourse while promenading. Others had grown weary, gone to their homes. Suddenly, and without a moment's warnsing, the cyclone swept down upon the little city. The heavens were for an instant overcast with inky darkness; there was a rushing, whirring noise, which arose and passed overcast with inky darkness; there was a rush ing, whirring noise, which arose and passed over so quickly that it can but faintly be remembered. Within the short space of one minute the terrible devastation was accomplished, and the sun again shone forth as brightly as though nothing had occurred to mar his reign. According to the scientists who study such matters, the wind traveled at the rate of 120 miles a minute, and that it struck Mount Vernon at that speed I do not doubt. It occupied but thirty sconds to bring desolation and ruin to a section of the town covering eighty acres and one mile in length.

"Scenes followed the awful visitation cannot be described. People were dazed and

"Scenes followed the awful visitation cannot be described. People were dazed and paralyzed with fear, and for several moments stood perfectly listless. Women and children, promenading the streets, screamed with terror, and brave, hardy men trembled like an aspen. Mingled with these were the aconizing groans of those caught in the wrecked building. It was not long before those who had escaped injury were aroused to a realization of what had occurred, and heroically set to work to relieve the suffering, extricate the dead and wounded from the debris, and care for the homeless. To add to the horror of the occasion, fire broke out in a dozen places. People were penned up, and before assistance could reach them broke out in a dozen places. People were penmed up, and before assistance could reach them
three or four were burned to a crisp. We telegraphed to Evansville, Ind., and Nashville,
Ill., for fire engines, which came as rapidly as
steam engines could bring them. In looking
back upon the scene now my blood runs chill,
and I wonder how the loss of life was so small.
It can only be accounted for by the presence of
so many on the streets. As it was, thirty were
killed outright, and two hundred sustained
broken legs, arms and bruised heads, requiring
surgical aid.

"Every public building in the place was

"Every public building in the place was nterly demolished. We at first thought there were any number of people beneath the ruins, but happily there were not so many as expected. In addition five hundred and eighteen residences, and all the business houses, save two, were destroyed. Two of the handsomest churches in the city were blown down, one of them every splinter, and the other's site being marked by only a standing door. This can be seen for several blocks, and reminds the beholder of a grim specter guarding the scene where once stood monuments of wealth and holder of a grim specter guarding the scene where once stood monuments of wealth and refinement. The county courthouse, a new and handsome brick and stone structure, that cost \$75,000 and was surmounted by a large and beautiful dome, was probably more roughly handled by the wind than any other building. It seemed to receive the full force of the shock. The house was literally raised from its foundation, carried eight or ten feet and hurled away. The roof dangled in the air momentarily, reversed positions and came momentarily, reversed positions and came down, dome underneath.

down, dome underneath.

"People ran around the streets in a half nude condition, too freightened to realize their predicament. We found 2,500 people thrown out of house and home, with nothing but the clothes on their backs. Relief committees were at once organized for viceorus, action and temperarily. nized for vigorous action and temporarily nized for vigorous action and temporarily stayed the ravages of want, but the task was too herculean. Fitteen hundred of these have since arranged matters so as to care for themselves, but 1,000 still linger. We have cared for them cheerfully and to the best of our ability so far, but our resources are now exhausted. I therefore took it upon myself, at the request of the committee, to visit the various cities and call for sid.

Dr. Driver does not ask for contributions to be delivered to him, but prefers that they sent direct to Mt. Vernon. He came to Atlanta

GOING TO A DRY COUNTY

With Ten Quarts of Whisky, a Funnel and The sheriff of Campbell county is expected down this morning for Robert Carr, of Fair-

Carr has been wanted there for about a week Carr has been wanted there for about a week for larceny. It is said that he accompanied his married sister from her home on a visit, and knowing there was no one at home he left her to go back and rob his brother-in-law of \$50. At any rate the money was missing, and so was Carr, and the brother-in-law, Mr. Bill Harmond, came to Atlanta and told Chief Connolly. Since that time they have been looking for Carr, and yesterday he was arrested in the depot by Patrolman Starns.

"What's your name?" asked the patrolman.

"Jones," answered the young man nervously.

He said, as they started:
"I'll just leave this valise here, and come back for it after a while. I've got something in there that belongs to the fellow that's with ma."

As soon as he entered the stationhouse he was identified by Call Officer Thompson, formerly of Campbell county, and then he acknowledged that his name was Robert Carr, of Fairburn. He strenuously denied having stolen the money.

When the valise was searched there were found ten quarts of whishy was and corn.

when the valise was searched there were found ten quarts of whisky, rye and com, a small funnel, a tin half pint cup, a small bar glass and a ticket to Douglasville. "That's a dry town he was going to with ten quarts of liquor," said the 'colonel' suspic-ionsly. quarts of liquor," said the 'colonel' suspiciously.

"I wasn't going to sell," said the young man quickly, "I bought it for another man, and he made me promise not to tell his name."

"And who did you buy the funnel and the glass for?" asked the "colonel."

"Oh," he answered, "that was for something else."

A MAN WITH A PISTOL

Gets Locked Up.

Gets Locked Up.

Last night about 12 o'clock a man rushed out of the Tremont house on Marietta street, and ran up the street at the top of his speed.

He was in his shirt sleeves, bareheaded and barefooted, and without stopping he shouted: "Police!" Police!" Patrolmen McGee and Corine heard the cries and ran to meet him.

"There's a drunk man up there in the Tremont house with a pistol and they are all scared to death."

As the patrolmen entered the room with the man in his shirt sleeves following cautiously, the man who was said to have caused the trouble was sitting quietly on his bed, and the pistol could not be found.

The man in his shirt-sleeves gave his name as W. B. Gossip, and the drunken man says his name is Irving Taylor, lately of Anniston, Ala., but now on his way to Augusta, Ga. He told a pitiful story of a wife and family dependent upon him, but located them in so many different places that if his own testimony would convict him, he would go up for bigamy. He had stated also that he had no money, but when searched at the stationhouse a number of dollars in silver were found. He was booked with a case of drunk and disorderly conduct.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated nedicine only; very small; very easy to take; pmoain; no griping; no purging.

But the valise was carried down with him.

Takes Possession of the Tremont House and

CAST TENNESSEE VA.& GA. RAILW USEN umes Schedule in Effect March 1, 1888. BRANCHES VIA THE PICTURESQUE SHENANDOAH VAL E. T., V. & G. Railway. VIA THE GREAT KENNESAW ROUTE. NCH N. & W. Railroad. Liquors. Virginia Midland Railroad. Pennsylvania Ratiroad L PERSON AILWAY. I (Richmond & Danville Railroad Company.) The Favorite Route East. Double daily trains and eigant coaches without change between ATLANTA and WASHINGTON, with Pullman Buffet Sileeping Cars. ATLANTA to NEW YORK .ABAMA and Equipped MONTGOMERY to WASHINGTON. s thirty-one hours transit Atlanta to NewYork. LULA ACCOMMODATION. Daily except Sunday. ATLANTA TO ATHENS VIA NORTHEASTERN RAILROAD. Tickets on sale at Union Ticket Office and Kimbali House, corder Pryor and Wall streets. JAS. L. TAYLOR, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Washington, D. C. L. L. McCLESKEY, D. Pass. Agt., City Pass. Agt., VEST-DAILY. sta......10 45 a m A TLANTA AND NEW ORLEANS SHORT ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO WEST-DAILY. The most direct and best route to Montgomery, New The following schedule in effect March 1tth, 1888: SOUTHBOUND. | No. 50 | No. 52 | No. 56 | Daily | Fast D'ily except Sunday EASTWARD. Arrive Columbus 6 40 pm 11 05 a m 11 05 a m Arrive Montgomery. 7 20 p m 7 00 a m 12 00 m Arrive Pensacola. 5 15 a m 2 30 p m Arrive Mobile. 1 50 a m 2 15 p m Arrive Houston, Tex 2 45 a m 8 40 a m guall d stop a Sundayy, TO SELMA, VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT Arrive Seima. 11 10 pm 12 65 pm 2 45 pm 4 kron 6 00 pm 11 10 pm 12 05 pm 2 45 pm 6 00 pm 11 00 pm 12 05 pm 11 00 pm 12 05 pm 11 00 pm 12 Vicksburg 90 30 am 8 15 pm 13 pm 14 Vicksburg 8 15 pm No. 53 No. 57 Daily Fast D'ily NORTHBOUND. & COLUMBUS Trains 50 and 51 carry Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New Orloans. Trains 52 and 53 carry Pullman Buffet Sleeping Cars between Washington and New Orleans. Train 56 runs solid daily from Atlanta to Columbus 6 30 am 2 30 pm 6 40 am 2 40 pm 6 51 am 2 51 pm 7 62 am 8 62 pw 7 15 am 3 15 pm 7 26 am 3 26 pm 7 33 am 3 39 pm 7 52 am 3 32 pm 8 10 am 4 10 pm ants. CECIL GABBETT, CHAS. H. CROMWELL, Gen'l Manager. Gen'l Pass. Agent. JOHN A. GEE, Passenger Agent. ATLANTA AND FLORIDA R. R. Schedule in effect March 18, 1888. SOUTH BOUND. No. 2 | No. 4 8 50 am 5 00 pm 9 08 am 5 18 pm 9 21 am 5 31 pm 9 26 am 5 36 pm 9 35 am 5 45 pm 9 44 am 5 54 pm

ORK.

Il Cases

Daity.

ee, Virginia and

ANOTHER CYCLONE. The Story of the One Which Destroyed Mt. Vernon, III.

Interest of the Sufferers-A Meeting of the Chamber of Commerce.

There will be a meeting at the hall of the chamber of commerce at noon today, in the interest of the sufferers from the cyclone which recently swept away Mt. Vernon, Illinois.

Rev. J. Merritt Driver, paster of a Methodist church in that stricken town, reached At-

lanta a day or two ago, in the interest of the sufferers. He has arranged for a meeting to-day, and it is to be hoped that he will be greeted by a good crowd. "The cyclone struck Mount Vernon at 4:45 o'clock, Sunday afternoon," said Dr. Driver,

last night, "some three weeks ago. It was a lovely day.

and nearly all of the five thousand inhabitants were making the most of their opportunity to exercise and enjoy themselves in social intercourse while promenading. Others had grown wearly, gone to their homes. Suddenly, and without a moment's warning, the cyclone swept down upon the little city. The heavens were for an instant overcast with inky darkness; there was a rush ing, whirring noise, which arose and passed over so quickly that it can but faintly be remembered. Within the short space of one minute the terrible devastation was accomplished, and the sun again shone forth as brightly as though nothing had occurred to mar his reign. According to the scientists who study such matters, the wind traveled at the rate of 120 miles a minute, and that it struck Mount Vernon at that speed I do not doubt. It occupied but thirty speonds to bring desolation and ruin to a section of the town covering eighty acres and one mile in length.

"Scenes followed the awful visitation cannot be described. People were dazed and paralyzed with fear, and for several moments stood perfectly listless. Women and children, promenading the streets, screamed with terror, and brave, hardy men trembled like an aspen. Mingled with these were the azonizing groans of those caught in the wrecked building. It was not long before those who had escaped injury were aroused to a realization of what had occurred, and heroically set to work to relieve the suffering, extricate the dead and wounded from the debris, and care for the homeless. To add to the horror of the occasion, fire broke out in a dozen places. People were penned up, and before assistance could reach them three or four were burned to a crisp. We telegraphed to Evansville, Ind., and Knashville, Ill., for fire engines, which came as rapidly as steam engines could bring them. In looking back upon the scene now my blood runs chill, and I wonder how the loss of life was os small. It can only be accounted for by the presence of so many on the streets. As it was, thirty were killed outright,

Driver does not ask for contributions to be delivered to him, but prefers that they sent direct to Mt. Vernon. He came to Atlanta from New Orleans. GOING TO A DRY COUNTY

With Ten Quarts of Whisky, a Funnel and The sheriff of Campbell county is expected down this morning for Robert Carr, of Fairburn.

Carr has been wanted there for about a week for lareeny. It is said that he accompanied his married sister from her home on a visit, and knowing there was no one at home he left her to go back and rob his brother-in-law of her to go back and rob his brother-in-law of \$50. At any rate the money was missing, and so was Carr, and the brother-in-law, Mr. Bill Harmond, came to Atlanta and told Chief Connolly. Since that time they have been looking for Carr, and yesterday he was arrested in the depot by Patrolman Starns. "What's your name?" asked the patrolman. "Jones," answered the young man nerv-ously.

18iy. But the patrolman's suspicions were aroused, and the man was carried to police head-

quarters.

He said, as they started:
"I'll just leave this valise here, and come back for it after a while. I've got something in there that belongs to the fellow that's with

me."

But the valise was carried down with him.

As soon as he entered the stationhouse he was identified by Call Officer Thompson, formerly of Campbell county, and then he acknowledged that his name was Robert Carr, of Fairburn. He strenuously denied having stolen the money.

of Farburn. He strenuously defined having stolen the money.

When the valise was searched there were found ten quarts of whisky, rye and corn, a small funnel, a tin half pint cup, a small bar glass and a ticket to Douglasville.

"That's a dry town he was going to with ten quarts of liquor," said the 'colonel' suspiciously.

"I wasn't going to sell," said the young man quickly, "I bought it for another man, and he made me promise not to tell his name."

"And who did you buy the funnel and the glass for?" asked the "colonel."

"Oh," he answered, "that was for something else."

A MAN WITH A PISTOL

Takes Possession of the Tremont House and Gets Locked Up.

Last night about 12 o'clock a man rushed out of the Tremont house on Marietta street, and ran up the street at the top of his speed.

He was in his shirt sleeves, bareheaded and barefooted, and without stopping he shouted:

"Police!" Police!"

Patrolmen McGee and Corine heard the cries and ran to meet him.

"There's a drunk man up there in the Tremont house with a pistol and they are all scared to death."

As the patrolmen entered the room with the man in his shirt sleeves following cautiously, the man who was said to have caused the trouble was sitting quietly on his bed, and the pistol could not be found.

The man in his shirt-sleeves gave his name as W. B. Gerriical and the patrol of the said of the sa

Pistol could not be found.

The man in his shirt-sleeves gave his name as W. B. Gossip, and the drunken man says his name is Irving Taylor, lately of Anniston, Ala., but now on his way to Augusta, Ga. He told a pitiful story of a wife and family dependent upon him, but located them in so many different places that if his own testimony would convict him, he would go up for bigamy. He had stated also that he had no money, but when searched at the stationhouse a number of dollars in silver were found. He was booked with a case of drunk and disorderly conduct.

WITH THE POLICE.

George Amos Talks-Other News of Interest About Police Headquarters.

George Amos, whose attempted suicide in the Kimball house barroom was chronicled in yesterday's Constitution, is still at Ivy street "Why did you try to commit suicide?" he

was asked yesterday.
"I was just too drunk to know what I was
"I was just too drunk and doing. I had the stuff before I got drank and drank it before I knew what I was doing. was out of money and out of spirits, any-

The young man persists in saying that his real name is Amos, and that his father in Bal-timore will help him. He is reticent about the whole thing, and says he has suffered enough already.

enough already.

Not Much Hurt.

Lizzie Hudson, alias Lizzie Brannen, the woman who fell from the third story of the Ryan building, corner of Broad and Mitchell streets, night before last, is progressing favorably at the Ivy street hospital. The doctors now say that the woman is not dangerously hurt. She is said to be crazy, and the hospital authorities say that she will be sent to the asylum in a few days.

Under an Alias.

Under an Alias.

Ella Rodgers, alias Hamilton, was booked last night at the stationhouse as a suspect. It seems that the real name of the woman is Ella Rodgers, though of late she has called herself Ella Hamilton, pretending to be the wife of some railroad negro named Hamilton. Upon these representations she obtained quite a lot of goods from Mr. J. S. Hardy, on Smith street. Mr. Hardy ascertained yesterday that the woman was not married and that her real name was Rodgers, and last night Patrolmen Looney and Steward arrested her.

As the morning watch left and the evening watch began coming in last night, the policemen had a big serenade by Holmes's band. The music was elegant, and even the tired patrolmen all stopped to enjoy it.

"Boys," gallantly remarked Captain Couch, in acknowledgment, "may your music be always outside the cells."

THE DRAY CASE.

THE DRAY CASE.

A Peculiar Case in Judge Landrum's Court

Yesterday.

Joe Hopp and Henry Ogletree are two draymen who were bound over in Judge Landrum's court yesterday for failing to abate a nuisance; the nuisance consisting in a blockade of Marietta street between Peachtree and Broad.

of Marietta street between Peachtree and Broad.

For a long time the draymen and drivers of furniture wagons have held possession of the north side of the street, and to the great inconvenience of the business houses near them.

In court yesterday it was shown that the drays and furniture wagons were huddled so closely together—often two or more abreast—that it was impossible to drive a carriage from the middle of the street to the curbstone, or for a pedestrian to cross, except at the regular crossings, without passing under the necks of the horses.

It was also shown that the drivers would

It was also shown that the drivers would lesert their wagons, and congregate in con-cenient stairways, to the great inconvenience of ladies and others

f ladies and others.
On the other hand, it was claimed that Chief

On the other hand, it was claimed that Chief Connolly had placed the hackmen there, with instructions to keep far enough apart to allow vehicles to pass between them, and that if his instructions had not been properly carried out, the offense was one to be dealt with in the police court. Moreover, there was no direct testimony against the two negroes named in the warrant—the testimony was all general. Major Mims, Mr. T. L. Johnson, Dr. W. J. Tucker, Mr. P. H. Snook, Mr. T. C. Mayson, and others appeared as witnesses. Judge Landrum considered the case a proper one for a jury, and the two darkies were bound over under \$50 bonds. It is understood that the plaintiff, Mr. T. C. Mayson, has consented to suspend the prosecution, as his sole object is to have the nuisance abated.

During the trial the room and passage out-side was crowded with draymen and Judge Landrum's decision was a surprise to them. HE WAS PERSISTENT.

He Throws Rocks and Keeps on Till the Patrolmen Catch Him.

Sam Simpson is the name of a darky who was accountable for a good deal of trouble yesterday afternoon on Collins street.

It seems that the darky had for some reason or other made up his mind to thrash his sister, Emma Simpson, who works at Cora Howard's bagnio on Collins street. The girl heard of her brother's threat and sent for a hack in order to be protected, but the irate brother order to be protected, but the irate brother chased the hackman off and catching his sisthe seat the maximan of and catering his sister began beating her. A white woman ran out to assist the girl, and the negro ran his hand into his coat pocket, drew out a handful of broken glass and dashed it into the faces of the two women. Both were cut about the neck and began screaming. Simpson then ran off.

off.

In about half an hour, the girl again sent for a hack, and as she stepped to the front door, followed by a negro woman named Anna Smith, her brother began throwing rocks. The woman, Smith, was struck on the head, and seriously injured. After the door was shut, he continued to throw rocks at the house, and a number of pages of glass were shattered.

he continued to throw rocks at the nouse, and a number of panes of glass were shattered. Then he ran off again.

In a short while he came back and took positive the street, this time with a loaded In a short while he came back and took position across the street, this time with a loaded pistol. He was seen there by the inmates of the house, and the police were telephoned for. Patrolman 1 vy went down Decatur street and Abbott went down the railroad. The darky saw the one on the railroad and started for Decatur, running into the arms of the patrolman on the other corner. He was handcuffed and carried to police headquarters. Eesides the city case for disorderly conduct, there is a state case for the concealed weapons.

"I had sech good luck de fus two times," he said last night, "dat I jes didn't watch like I oughter. I might er knowed bettern dat."

DEATH OF DR. THOMPSON.

A Short Sketch of the Life of an Old and Well Known Citizen. Dr, Warren R. D. Thompson died yesterday morning at 7 o'clock at his home, at 285 Fair

street.

The doctor has been suffering from paralysis for about a year, and his sad death yesterday was not unexpected. For several days past he has been sinking slowly, and his death was a reinless one.

has been sinking slowly, and his death was a painless one.

Dr. Thompson was born February 18, 1823, and spent his boyhood and youth in South Carolina. There he married Miss Hudgins, and after her death he came to Atlanta in 1864 and began the practice of medicine. On the 20th of March, 1868, he married Miss Rachael Alexander. The doctor was in his youth a member of the Methodist church, but about a month ago he joined the Catholic church. The doctor was widely and favorably known as a successful physician, and the news of his death will carry sorrow to many friends and acquaintances in Georgia.

The funeral services will be performed in the Church of the Immaculate Conception today at ten o'clock, and the body will be laid to rest in Marietta.

COLLARING COLLARS.

The Charge Against a Marble Cutter who is Locked Up. Hugh Simpson is booked at the station-

Hugh Simpson is booked at the station-house with larceny.

Simpson is a white man living in Jamestown, on Culver street, and a marble-cutter by profession. Yesterday afternoon the police was informed that two horse collars had been stolen from Mr. Huff, on Whitehall street, and from the description obtained from a little boy, who saw the callars taken, the police suspected that Simpson was the man. Patrolman Starnes ascertained that the collars had been sold by Simpson, and finally located him. Simpson is well known in police circles land has twice been convicted of drunkenness since the new ordiance was passed. The only case book against him yesterday was the one for larceny. larceny.

The marble-cutter says he never stole a horse-collar in his life.

in silver were found. He was booked with a case of drunk and disorderly conduct.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are free from all crude and irritating matter. Concentrated aedicine only; very small; very easy to take; pmoain; no griping; no purging.

The W. C. T. U.

The week of prayer under the auspices of the Woman's Christain Temperance Union, of Allanta, has been in progress at the First Methodist Episcopal church during the week. The meetings have been of deep interest, and will be continued every evening at 3 o'clock. A Bible reading this evening on "Our work, its plans and alms." All friends are most cordially invited by the Woman's Christain Temperance Union.

- JEWELER, 55 WHITEHALL ST. Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing.

Our stock of plain and fancy

Bottom Prices.

BASKETS

surpasses anything of the kind ever shown in Atlanta before. NUNNALLY'S, 36 Whitehall st.

They Say It is So.

Several leading tobacco men were standing on Whitehall street yesterday morning, consulting as to the merits of certain brands of tobacco. They decided that Harralson Bros. & Co., 25 Alabama street, had the best brands, and that their cigars were the most popular. R. J. B., Maid of Athens, Peerless and Man's Pride are the best brands of tobacco, while Rabbit Foot and Three Kings are the best cigars.

We have a limited amount of high grade Ammoniated Fertilizers for sale for spot cash; also a few tons of Animal Bone Meal, the best fertilizer in the world for grapes, fruit trees of all kinds, flowers and grasses, in fact good for everything, and enriching the land after making the crop besides. Pure Ground Animal Bone is the base of our fertilizers, hence they are much more valuable in the soil than ordinary fertilizers made from phosphate rock, as the insoluble phosphoric acid becomes soluble and therefore available in the soil, and permanently enriches the land, while the soluble is taken up the first year as plant food. Also a few tons of pure Ground Animal Bone, dissolved with sulphuric acid. For Sale for Cash.

PENDLETON GUANO Co., Rooms 50 and 51 Gate City Bank, Atlanta, Ga. mchi5-1w 7r un barksr bros

COURT AND CAPITOL.

ments.

The state treasurer yesterday received the following amounts: \$71.57, capital tax, Lumnkin county; \$500, general tax, Richmond county; \$49.75, liquor tax, Dade county: \$224, general and capital tax, Paulding county; \$24.65, insurance tax; \$64, insurance fees.

GENERAL QUIET EXISTED in the several departments of state vesterday.

The Courthouse.

IN FULTON SUPERIOR COURT yesterday the ury in the case of Henry Williams vs. T. G. Donaldson and J. S. Garmany, for \$10,000 damages for a frozen foot, rendered a verdict for the plaintiff for \$500. Colonel W. S. Thomson, counsel for the defendants, will move for a new trial, and should the motion be denied the case will be carried to the supreme court.

THE JURY IN THE case of Mrs. Motton Fouche vs. Inman, Smith & McBurney, found the deed to be genuine, and the case will be tried on its merits reday.

In the city court the jury is out in the case of Mrs. White vs. the Central railroad.

Hon. W. L. Calhoun, ordinary, will hear a habeas corpus case at 10 e'clock this morning.

Mr. J. H. Martin, the man alleged to be a charge restriction of the restriction. sharper, petitions for release through his counsel, R. T. Jordan.

The Federal Building.

The Federal Building.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT of the United States yesterday George Stephenson, of Whitfield county, was acquitted of the charge of illicit distilling; Isaac Richardson, of the same county, was convicted of illicit retailing and remanded to jail; Joseph McWilliams, of Fulton county, pleaded guilty to illicit distilling and was remanded to jail.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT Thomas S. Terrell, of Banks, pleaded guilty to illicit distilling, and was sentenced to one month; simprison.

of Banks, pleaded guilty to illicit distilling, and was sentenced to one month's imprisonment in Fulton county jail. Mitchell Hensley, of Haralson county, was acquitted of illicit distilling. Riley Davis, of Lumpkin county, pleaded guilty to working in a distillery; sentence suspended.

The case against Will Clemmons, of Henry county, for illicit distilling, was dismissed.

Newt Davenfort, or Glimer county, was brought in yesterday by Deputy Marshal John Edmundson for violating the revenue law and committed to jail in default of bond. George Underwood, of White county, was brought in by Deputy Marshal Cape and committed to jail. John Cristian, J. N. Hall and Garret Booth were arrested in Elbert county, while working

jail. John Cristian, J. N. Hall and Garret Booth were arrested in Elbert county, while working at an illicit distillery. A 70-gallon still and 1,000 gallons of beer were seized. The men were committed to jail.

John Brooks, of Henry county, had a preliminary hearing yesterday before United States Commissioner Will Haight on the charge of presenting a false pension claim, and required to give a bond of \$500.

W. Graham, of Elbert county, had a partial hearing on a similar charge.

THINGS ABOUT TOWN.

Mr. Chaney will speak of "Avarice, the Foremost Peril of Man and Society Today," at the Church of Our Father this evening at 7:30. Scats free. All are mede welcome.

The congregation of St. Paul's church will have the pleasure of listening to a sermon from Bishop Key next Sunday.

On Monday evening next at eight o'clock, in the hall of the Atlanta female institute, Mr. M. L. Rouse, of the English bar, will lecture on discoveries made by him showing that yowels are musical notes and consonants muvowers are musical notes and consonants musical instruments, as also upon a perfectly phonetic way of spelling English. As the lecture embraces subjects of general interest, the price of admission has been put at twenty-five cents, so as to be within the reach of everyone.

Today is ladies' day with the Wagner festival chorus. The ladies will meet at 3:30.

Rev. Dr. Tupper preached at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and again last night at the First Baptist church. At the evening meeting one person was received as a member and two others professed conversion and will join in a few days. Dr. Tupper's preaching is quite interesting as well as showing ability of a high order. Dr. Hawthorne is exceedingly active in the work. The meetings will continue as folthe work. The meetings will continue as follows: Eleven a. m. for ladies only, 4 p. m. lecture for all, and preaching at 7:30 p. m.

Yesterday Messrs. Sam'l W. Goode & Co. sold at auction the Burekel property, on McDaniel, Rockwell and Burckel streets, near the East Tennessee. Virginia and Georgia railroad shops, just outside the city limits. It was sub-divided into 81 lots averaging 25 feet front each. These sold from \$16 to \$167 each, making a total of \$4,679, averaging \$57.75 a lot. This is at the rate of about \$700 an acre. It was a highly satisfactory sale and goes to show how steadily property in that locality is enhancing in value. A substantial dinner was served on the grounds, Mr. Fowler acted as auctioneer.

Colonel Thomas C. Howard, although not able to leave his bed for several days past, remains in a condition that causes his friends to have more hopes of his recovery. Prompt relief in sick headache, dizziness

nausea, constipation, pain in the side, etc., guaranteed to those using Carter's Little Lives Pills. One pill a dose. 25 cents. The Nature of the Crab.

all who dip for this ugly creature have observed All who dip for this ugly creature have observed how snappish he is. He seems to be pleased in nothing. So one easily understands what is meant by a crabbed man or woman; but it is not so well known that the crabbed are made so by indigestion, dyspepsia, sluggish liver, kidneys, skin, weak nerves, poor appetite, Invigorire will regulate, not purge the liver, bowels, kidneys and skin, makes healthy blood, strong muscles, steady nerves, cure stek headache. A boon to woman, regulating, quieting, strengthening, restores men weak from over dissipation, chewing, smoking, excesses, or other causes. Your druggists keeps Dr. Woolley's Invigorine. Price \$1.00.

STILSON, MY SPRING AND SUMMER STOCK

Suits for Men, Boys and Children

IN GREAT VARIETY. Prices Always the Lowest.

George Muse, 38 Whitehall Street.

MATCHES, JEWELRY AND

STERLING SILVERWARE. The latest Novelties for the Holidays. The best \$5.00 Watch in the world. Watch repairing a Specialty. J. S. DOYLE, Jeweler, 51 Whitehall Street.

THE HAMMOND TYPE WRITER.

The best Writing Machine in the world. Type Writer supplies for all machines, cabinets and desk. Fine grades paper. A. F. COOLEDGE, Agent Georgia and Alabama, No. 21 Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.

Look After Your Teeth.



DR. BROCKETT'S

DE-LEC-TA-LAVE! sitively the only preparation for the teeth i ne market that is absolutely indorsed by home dentists and physicians. Its merit has been estab-

lished beyond doubt, Why, then, will you be persuaded to use any other dentifrice?

It will whiten and preserve the teeth and keep the gums in perfect order, and should be used by everybody. For sale by all druggists at Fifty Centsa bottle.

ASA G. CANDLER & CO., Wholesale Drug gists, Gen'l Agts., Atlanta, Ga. feb!2—dly un thorn t7p

W. R. JONES & CO.

PRACTICAL SLATE ROOFERS! Plain and ornamental roofing done in the bemanner, and repairing old slate roof a specialt Address, Box 316, Atlanta, Ga. Office 12 Loyd stree Janis—d3m 7p

HYGEIA TOBACCO. -Manufactured by-

Thomas C. Williams & Co., Richmond, Va. Guaranteed to prevent heartburn, nervousness and malaria. For testimonials and prices, address Frank E. Block, and Harralson Bros, & Co., Atlanda, febly-d.2m-5p

Medora Henson-Emerson, the eminent prima donna.

A SPLENDID OPPORTUNITY. Complete Soda Water Establishment for

A complete and nearly new outfit, soda water and bottling machines, shipping and delivery cases, bottles, syphones, extracts, and horse and wagon, all complete and ready for use. Reasonable price. Apply to Well & Brandt, lw Attorneys at Law. 23% Whiteball St. A Beautiful Lot, Well Graded,

with nice little cottage, on West Peachtree, to be sold at auction, on the premises, Friday, March 23rd at 4 p. m. Call for plats. SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.

A Lunatic at Large Several days ago a wild man was discovered who seemed to be an escaped inmate of a luna-tic asylum. At times he would have lucid in-tervals, and then it was found that the insanty was caused by smoking impure cigars. Moral: Always smoke the Yellow Label cigar and

Walter Emerson, "The King of the Cornet."

An Elegant Cooper Street Home of Nine Rooms, with large lot and beautiful shady lawn, at auction on the premises, Tuesday, March 27, at 11 a.m. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

Bible Reading at the Daily Temperance Prayer Services.

It is expected that this afternoon, if consonant with other arrangements, a Bible reading on "Scriptural Warrants for Woman's Work" will be given at the union prayer service, held by the W. C. T. U.s, at the First Methodist church (pastor's study) at 3 p. m. All ladies cordially invited to attend this and all other services of the week at the same hour and place.

MISS STOKES, Cor. Sec. A Choice West Peachtree Home at Acution

on the premises, No. 291, Friday, March 23rd, 4 p. m. SAM'L W. GOODE & Co. If you wish to know a specific for nervou ness and insomnia apply to dealers in the "Yel low Label Cigar."

The Atlanta Artillery. The greatest event of the year. Monday and Tuesday nights, the famous Boston Stars. Love Scrape.

If you wish to know what Cupid saw when peeping through the keyhole, apply to dealers in the Yellow Label Cigar. Our Unqualified Challenge REMINGTON

TYPEWRITER.

For speed and Durability—UNRIVALVED.
For ease of Manipulation and Quality of Work
UNEQUALED.
HE RIGHT-HAND OF STENOGRAPHERS.
Finest stock of typewriters and typewriter supplies in the South at No. 2½ Marietta street.

Exclusive Dealer for Georgia, South Carolina, Alabama and Florida.

HOYT & THORN HOWARD PLACE!

FANCY GROCERS.

90 WHITEHALL ST. 90

We invite your inspection. Our Prices-Best Goods, Dove Breakfast Bacon, per lb 2 lb cans Armour's Corned Be 5 cans Columbia River Salmot 1 doz 2 lb cans Tomatoes... 13 bars Glory Soap...... Preserves, pure fruit, per lb to close out...
4 lbs. any kind Jelly.
Vermont Maple Syrup.
Parched Rio Coffee, per lb, fine.
Arbuckle's Coffee, Imported Macaroni, per lb..... Jersey Butter, Dr. Alexander's... I lb Royalor Dr. Price B'k'gP'd'r...

Apple Butter, per lb. 7
These are only a few of our low prices. We sell lower than any house in the south. Our goods are fresher on account of quick sales. Goods all guaranteed or money refunded.

Be wise and do not listen to misrepresentation, but come and see for yourself. We do the largest business in our line in the south. Write for printed catalogue. Hotels supplied and 20 per cent saved.

HOYT & THORN. 90 Whitehall St.

JOHN KEELY'S

Superb stock of Embroideries. The most attractive in the State. It is winning the

plaudits of hundreds of Delighted Customers. No such assortment of these can be shown by any three houses in

\$2,500 WORTH Of New Torchon and Medici Laces opened vesterday at JOHN KEELY'S.

Atlanta.

A second installment of LACE FLOUNC-INGS with all the narrow laces to match, just opened at JOHN KEELY'S

TANSY PILLS



ADVANCE STYLES SPRING CLOTHING

NOW READY. Worsted Cutaway and Prince Albert oats. Cass and Cheviot Cutaway and Sack

Suits. Children's Suits (short pants). Boys' Suits, 14 to 17 years, long pants. Gent's Extra Pants. Boys' Extra Pants. The above goods are Tailor-made and the

OUR MERCHANT TAILORING DEP'T Is now complete with all of the Latest Styles C. G. GROSSE & HARRY M'KAY, CUTTERS JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO. 41 WHITEHALL ST.

REAL ESTATE.

SAM'L. W. GOODE, ALBERT L. BECK. R. H. WILSON

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO. N. R. FOWLER, Auctioneer.

No. 179 East Fair Street,

Between Crew and Capitol Aver AT AUCTION Thursday, March 22d, 11 a.m.,

ON THE PREMISES. This handsome, central home contains eight large rooms, besides closets, kitchen, pantry and servant's house. All modern conveniences. The lot is large and level. The neighborhood is the best in the city, Judge George Hillyer, Captain Milledge, Mr. Patillo, Major Campbell Wallace, Mr. Haygood and Mr. George M ise living in the imme-

diate vicinity. THE CUMMING PLACE NO. 64 COOPER STREET,

AT AUCTION, This is a complete home in a first-class neighborhood. The dwelling is comparatively new, has nine large rooms, all modern conveniences, closets, wide halls up and down stairs, wide verandas, good servant's room and kitchen, carringe house, barns and stables. The lot, is 112216 feet, high, well drained, and really very choice; only a short distance from Whitehall car line, and a pleasant walk from the business center of the city.

Sam'l W. Goode & Co., Agents. N. R. Fowler, Auc-Desirable West Peachtree Property at Auction-No. 291 West Peachtree, East Side, on the Premises, Friday, March 23d, at 4 P. M.

March 23d, at 4 P. M.

This very desirable property on one of the best improved streets in the city. Offers rare opportunity to those seeking a home in this choice neighborhood. The lot is 40x10 feet, high, well dia ned, and absolutely first-class. Only a short distance from the Hill statue, and within one block of Peachtree car line. Property on this street is certain to daily enhance in value Plats being prepared at our office.

21.600 for a large lot, 60x15s feet, with nice 5-room house close in Courtland avenue.

83.000 will buy a nice 7 room house with 2½ acres of choice land in Kirkwood, just in front of Goy, Gordon's elegant country home, nice fruit, splendid vinyard and best of water. A rare chance for a beautifu subbrhan home, accessible at all hours, day and night

\$200 for a nice vacant lot 42½,230 feet on Jones street, just 100 feet west of Kelly street—in good neighborhood.

\$3,000 For a very choice and comortable house of seven rooms, large hail and front and back verandas, with water, gas and tath; on nice, large lot, 60x200 feet; with side alley, on E. Harris street; close in; a bargain.

\$8,000 For a Central Store

\$4,750 for one of the prettiet and most complete cot-ta e homes on Whitehall street, within 3 blocks of Trinity chuch. Handsome, high, level lot, 50,230 feet, with all modern conveniences; nice iron fence enclosing it. Will rent for \$40 per month.

month.

acres near the dummy line, elevated and in sight of the city. This property can be bought at a bargain, and if a capitalist or syndicate would buy it and cut it up in small lofts, they can double their money on it this spring. Will sell the whole or part to suit purchasers. Call and see me about it. Plenty of good fruit on it.

SAM'L W GCODE & CO.

ARTISTS' MATERIAL, A. P. TRIPOD,

Paints, Oils, WINDOW GLASS. Artists Materials

A SPECIALTY.

Agents for Anti-Kalsomine

The best and cheapest preparation for finishings, walls and ceilings of dwellings, churches, stores, etc. Send for color cards, testimonials, etc.

45 Decatur Street, Atlanta, Ga,

WALTHAM Nº ELGIN WATCHES

IN NEW AND ATTRACTIVE CASES, At Extremely Low Pr. FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW, JEWELERS.

For Rent.

Salt Springs Hotel, at Austell, Ga. The Hotel is an elegant brick building, conveniently arranged and well furnished throughout Apply to W. E. Shelverton, Aus

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Indications.

Indications for Georgia: Light to brisk, westernly winds; co'der, followed by stationary temperature; fair weather.

Daily Weather Report. OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A., U. S. CUSTOM HUU'E, March 21, 9 p. m. Observations taken at 9 p. m., Central time.

	Ba		6		IND.	F	We
STATIONS.	rometer	hermometer	w Point	Direction	Velocity	infall	cather
Mobile	30,18	54	18	NW	8	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	0.14				8 8	.00	Clear.
New Orleans	30.18					.00	Clear.
Galveston	30.28	56	44	NE	6	.00	Clear.
Palestine	30,38	50	36	NE	10	.00	
Pensacola	30.12	66	10	N	Light	.00	
Corpus Christi	30.25	64	34	E	16	.00	
Brownsville	30.24	56	58	E	6	.00	Clear.
Rio Grande	30.26	66	58	SE	6	.00	Clear.
LOC	CAL	OF	SE	RV.	ATION	S	
6 a. m	29.72	50	40	NW	24	.49	Cloudy
2 p. m	29.91	51	26	NW	22	.00	Clear.
9 p. m	30.05	45	80	NW	13	.00	Clear.
St. Lane The		-4					01

W. EASBY SMITH, Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. Army.

Note —Parometer reduced to sea level.
The T indicates the precipitation inappreciable, Indicates traces of rainfall.

PILES, FISTULA AND ALL RECTAL DIS easos treated by a painless process. No loss of time from business. No knife, ligature or caustic, A RADICAL CURE guaranteed in every case treated. Reference given. DR. R. G. JACKSON, un section of the decision of the particular o

UNDERTAKER.

No. 62 South Pryor street. On call day or night. e 780. Iy FRANK X. BLILEY. OUSE OWNERS, ARCHITECTS AND CON-tractors: You cannot afford to ignore Wads-h's Slice Paint. Its advantages are double of others. Its use is a constant revelation. For f of value call at Depot, 35 Broad street.

MEETINGS. Masonic Notice.

Masonic Notice,

ATLANTA, Ga., March 22, 1888.—A reg
ular communication of Atlanta Lodge No.
50, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic
hall, over corner Marietta and Broad
streets, at 7:30 o'clock this p. m.
Usual business and work in the fellow craf s de
gree. Master Masons in good standing cordially in
viied.
Z. B. MOON, Secretary.

The W. C. T. U. of the second ward will meet as usual in Steward's room of Trinny church at 3 p. m. Thucsday, of this week. Next week at same time and place the several unions of the city will meet together in mass meeting, it being the last Thusday in the mouth.

Mrs. N. A. McLinden, President.

Mrs. Miller, Secretary.

HYMENEAL.

COOKE-CONYERS-Married, March 21st, at the PORE—CONYERS—MATRICA, March 21st, at the residence of the bride, Mr. C. W. Cooke, of Chicago, to Miss Willie Conyers, of Covington, Ga. There were present Mrs. M. C. Frazer, Miss Mamie Cornell and C. Roy Frazer, of Chicago, besides relatives of the bride, The happy couple left on the 11:40 train for their new home.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

THOMPSON-The friends of Dr. W. R. D. Thom COMPSON—The friends of Dr. W. R. D. Thompson are requested to attend his funeral at the church of the Immaculate Conception today at 12 m. The remains will be carried from the church to Marietta for interment. Pall-bearers Dr. J. McF. Gaston, S. A. Warreu, E. J. Roach, M. L. Collier, J. C. Martin, J. B. Stepp, Joe Gatius, C. P. Johnson.

THOMSON'S CELEBRATED



GLOVE-FITTING

equal to present make.

MORE POPULAR THAN EVER.

PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED Three Lengths. Twelve Grades. Highest Awards Granted

THE BEST GOODS and CHEAPEST for QUALITY FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. Thomson, Langdon & Co.

NEW YORK, Sole Manufacturers.

THOS. H. WILLINGHAM & SON REAL ESTATE.

house, on S. Pryor street.
house, on Walker sireet,
house, on Jackson street,
house, on E. Peters street,
house, on W. Peachtree street,
house, on Highland avenue.
house, on F. Hunter street,
house, on F. Hunter street,
house, on Jackson street,
house, on Fornwall street,
house, on Fornwall street,
house, on Gapitol avenue,
house, on Boulevard,
house, on E. Harris street,
house, on E. Harris street,

ouse, on Bollievard, ouse, on E, Harris street, ouse, on Howard street, ouse, on Fort street, ouse, on Richardson street, ouse, on Richardson street,

THE STOCK LAW.

The Laws Which Govern the Sub. ject in Fulton County.

Matters of Great Interest to the Farmers the County-Fence and No Fence-The Various Statute Provisions.

The following communication is one of many upon the same subject which have been received by THE CONSTITUTION: ceived by The Constitution:

Editors Constitution: Please tell me something about the stock law of Fulton county. Stock law is talked about at every gathering and nobody knows anything about it. Can the farmers tear gown their fences, if it is really stock law, and get pay for damages of other people's stock now? Please publish a full account of it, not only for my-self but for thousands of others.

The act referred to by E. L. J. was approved October 3, 1887, and simply makes operative within the limits of Fulton county sections 1449, 1450, 1451, 1452, 1443 and 1454 of the code. We give the substance of the sections made

e give the substance of the sections made erative in order that the full scope of the

operative in order that the full scope of the law may be clearly seen.

Section 1449 declares the boundary lines of each lot, tract or parcel of land a lawful fence.

Section 1450 provides that no horse, mule, cow or hog, or any other animal or animals, used or fit either for food or labor, shall be permitted to run at large beyond the limits of the lands of its owner or manager.

Section 1451 provides that if any animal commit a trespass or damage, or by going at large on the premises of any other person than the owner of such animal or animals, whether enclosed or unenclosed, and whether the animals wandered from the premises of the owner in the county in which the trespass is committed or from another county, it shall be lawful for the owner of such premises to impound such animals and retain them until full satisfaction or reparation for the damages committed by such animals, including all costs and expenses, unless disposed of according to the provisions of sections 1452-3-4.

Section 1452 makes it the duty of the party impounding the stock to give them all necessary feed, care and attention; to give the owner, it known, notice of such impounding

Section 1452 makes it the duty of the party impounding the stock to give them all necessary feed, care and attention; to give the owner, if known, notice of such impounding within 24 hours, and if the owner islunknown, three days after taking up, then the stock is to be disposed of as provided for by law in cases of estrays, the proceeds of such sales to be devoted to the payment of the damages sustained by the aggrieved party, including reasonable compensation for feeding, care and attention. Section 1453 provides that parties who, under the pretext of the provisions of this law, shall unnecessarily, or out of mere vexation take up and impound any animal or animals, or who, after taking up and impounding, shall fail to give the owner, if known, the notice required, or to give the proper feed, care and attention, or to estray them, or shall injure or maltreat them in any manner, upon conviction shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$100, or imprisonment not exceeding one month, and in addition shall pay to the owner of such animal or animals double the amount of damages actually sustained. Section 1454 provides that claims for damages and compensation for care and attention may be determined by a justice of the neason. ion for care and attention may be

compensation for care and attention may be determined by a justice of the peace.

This is the tenor and effect of the law now operative in the entire county of Fulton.

Prior to July 7th, 1886, at elections held in nine militia districts the stock law had been adopted. Three district, Buckhead, Cook's and Oak Grove stuck to the fence. At the request of the nine stock law districts, an election was held on the 7th of July, 1886 to make the stock law operative all over the county, with the following result:

Fence. No Fence.

North Atlanta.

		T. CHI
	North Atlanta	
	South Atlanta	256
	Oak Grovs	72
	Cook's	169
r-).	South Bend	, il
c	Collins	15
d	Adamsville	
	East Point	
-	Buckhead	
-	Bryant's	13
		-
-		559

only 1,422 votes were polled and fence was victorious by 358 majority. But the election left the matter just as it was before it was held, that is, nine districts with no fence and three districts fence. Thus it stood until the act of October, 1887, was passed.

There are some who contend that as section 1,455 of the code provides "that sections 1,449 to 1,454 inclusive shall become operative in a county whenever fifty freeholders shall petition the ordinary for an electin, and a lawful majority is cast for it, the law shall take effect within six months thereafter," and that as paragraph one, section four, of article one of the constitution provides that "laws of a general nature shall have uniform operation throughout the state, and no special law shall be enacted in any case for which provision has been made by an existing general law," the act of October, 1887, is unconstitutional The current opinion, however, is that the act is constitutional and now of force in every district is the carm. This are is not an invaled to the constitution of the constitution and now of force in every district is the carm. one. Numbers have been passed for other counties, and have been in force for years. It is safest for the people to obey the law, until the proper legal tribunal declares it void.

Death a Welcome Release.

Must it not be to those who endure life-long bodily suffering? From childhood to old age many persons are tormented with rheumatism and neuralgia. Ordinary medication and topical remedies are of slight, and always of topical remedies are of slight, and always of temporary efficacy. To escape the extreme torture of these agonizing complaints, they should be annihilated at the outset with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which expels from the system the acrid impurities that beget them. The evidence as to its efficacy as a blood depurent in this particular is very ample, and strongly concurrent and convincing. In violent forms of these diseases the nerves are terribly racked. A wineglassful or two of the Bitters before the hour of retiring usually brings a respite from pain, and enables the sufferer to secure much needed repose. For kidney troubles, malarial complaints, indigestion, liver complaint and constipation, the Bitters is likewise beneficial.

Nella F. Brown, the greatest reader in the world.

Your Best Chance for a Choice Home t your own price today at auction, near new capi pl, in test neighborhood, at 11 a. m. on the prem es, 179 East Fair street. SAM'L W. GOODE & Co.

Are All Hearts Diseased Because there are pains and flutterings at the eart, sinking spells, intermitting pulse beats? Cerneart, sinking spens, internitting pulse beats? Certainly not. A weak nervous system, a poor digestion, inactive liver, bowels, kidneys, and skin may be, and generally is the cause. Don't take heart stimulants or sedatives, but use Invigorine. It quiets the nerves, gives natural appetite, good digestion, regulates liver, kidneys, bowels and skin, purifies the blood, tones and strengthens the heart and circulation. Your druggist keeps Dr. Woolley's Invigorine. Price \$1.00.

A Rare Chance for a Home in Best Residence Portion of the City at Auction.

We sell 179 East Fair street tomorrow at 11 a. m.,
Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

Special Notice to Ladies

finishing makes crape proof against water and SOUTHERN DYE HOUSE,

24 Walton street. Call at Our Office for Plats and go with us to sale at auction of the choicest home in the city at 11 a. m. Sam'l W. Goode & Co

Cheap rates to Florida and return, March 27th.

How married women go to bed. Apply to dealers in "Yellow Label Cigars." A Large, Elegant 9 Room Residence Near Capitol at Auction
On the premises tomorrow at 11 a. m. Sam'l W. Goode & Co.

The oyster supper which was to be served at the parsonage of St. Paul's Methodist church tonight is postponed on account of the death of Mr. Ed Martin, a member of St. Paul's church. 179 East Fair, at Auction, Tomorrow room residence and 3 servant houses, with all odern conveniences. Sam't W. Goode & Qo.

RIP VAN WINKLE TONIGHT.

The prediction that Atlanta would give Joe Jefferson a triumphal reception will be verified to-night. The opera house will be filled with one of the largest crowds ever there, and with the clite of the city. The performance will be a great treat. For artistic merit nothing can excel Mr. Jefferson's rendition of that character of "Rip." As for the company it is always a first-class one, well trained and giving to the play a perfectly smooth interpre-tation. It may be well to add for those who have never seen the piece that it is of a high moral standard and that no man ever came out of a theater when it was given without feeling himself a better being than when he entered it.

Mrs. Langtry.

The New York Evening News gave the following fine appreciation of this lady's acting in "A Wife's Peril": following fine appreciation of this lady's acting in "A Wife's Peril":

A genuine success was achieved last evening at the Firth Avenue theater by Mrs. Langtry as Lady Ormond in "A Wife's Peril." The play is an unusually good one, and was acted with smoothness and finish all through. When Mrs. Langtry played the part at this same theater over two years ago, she gave an intelligent, graceful and pleasing personation, the great drawlack being lack of experience, which cramped her efforts. This condition has passed away, the fetters which bound the amateur have been burst asunder, and Mrs. Langtry now gives scope to her intentions with a free dom and breath that is euchanting. 'She portrayed with equal skill, delicacy and effect all the valying emotions of the part, and in the strong scenes, she displayed unlooked-for force. In the third act she was so intense and acted with such power that the audience, moved by surprise and admiration, fairly rose at her. Mrs. Langtry, now judged by histronic tests, has passed the ordeal and st-nds before the world an actress—one-whose future is in her own hands. Mr. Charles Coghlan was artistic and forcible as Capitain Bradford and Mr. Fred Eyerill splen did as Dr. Thornton. The others in the cast were very good."

Carter's Little Liver Pills will positivel cure sick headache and prevent its return This is not talk, but truth. One pill a dose To be had of all Druggists. See advertise.

SOCIAL GOSSIP.

Mr. Thomas Waddill, of Resaca, and Miss Jennie Nance, of Tilton, were united in marriage last evening at the residence of the bride's brother. Mr. John S. Nance, 65 Jones avenue. Rev. W. C. McCall, performed the ceremony.

The "Ylo" club will meet at the residence of the Rev. W. D. Payne, 276 West Peachtree street, on Friday evening, instead of this evening, as has

"You may anticipate a genuine treat," said

marvels." These dress are enumerated as follows: Green silk-velvet train dress, lined with pale green satin. Front, pearl embroidered. Gray plush walking tress trimmed with old gold

Pink and white low cut brocade, gold embroidered nt, and wraps of black silk velvet, lined with Gray silk velvet evening dress with gold and steel embroidery, and trimmed with feathers. Front of

"Brown's Bronchial Troches" are widely known as an admirable remedy for Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Coughs, and Throat troubles. Sold only

upreme Court of Georgia .- March Term, 1888.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 21, 1888. Order of circuits, with the number of cases reaining on docket of October term, undisposed of: Brunswick...... 10 Eastern.....

The following judgments were rendered, and head-notes of decisions will appear tomorrow.

SOUTH BN CHECUT.

NO. 1. Pedrick, administrator, vs. McCall et al. Re-OCONEE CIRCUIT.

No. 1. Jones vs. Graham. Affirmed.
No. 3. Frick & Co. vs. Davis et al. Reversed.
No. 5. Brown, administrator, vs. Joiner, administrator, et al. Reversed.
No. 6. Meinhart Bros. & Co. vs. Muller. Affirmed.

No. 6. Meinhart Bros. & Co. vs. Muller. Affirmed.
The following eases were argued:
Ocones chacut.
No. 8. Jones vs. Grantham. Complaint for land.
From Pulaski. Grice & Winslow, for plaintiff in
error; Martin & Cochran, for defendant.
No. 9. Hodge vs. Brown. Continued.
No. 10. Rogan & Co. vs. Holton. Continued.
No. 11. Rawlins et al. vs. Bush & Bro. Foreclosure
of landford's lien. From Pulaski. W. I. Grice,
T. C. Taylor, for plaintiffs in error; A. C. Pate,
by J. H. Lumpkin, for defendants.
The court adjourned to Friday, morning at pine

The court adjourned to Friday morning at nine clock. During the Process of Teething every mother should give her child MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

Rudolph King, the eminent J. U.

JOHN KEELY'S Superb stock of Em-

broideries. The most attractive in the State. It is winning the

plaudits of hundreds of Delighted Customers. No such assortment

of these can be shown by any three houses in Atlanta.

\$2,500 WORTH

Of New Torchon and Medici Laces opened yesterday at

JOHN KEELY'S.

A second installment of LACE FLOUNC-INGS with all the narrow laces to match, just opened

JOHN KEELY'S. FOR SALE AT AUCTION

Tuesday, 27th, at 3 O'clock P. M.

A 7-room house, new and convenient. Lot 50 by 160 feet, to 10-foot alley. Situated on Formwalt street, between Glenn and Crumley. Here is a nice, sweet home, handy to horse caus on Pryor street, and near schools and churches. A first-class neighborhood and one of the most prosperous portions of the city. Now is the time to buy real estate. It will never be cheaper than how. Terms, ½ cash, balance 6 and 12 months.

H. L. WILSON, Real Estate Agent, mch22 6t 8r

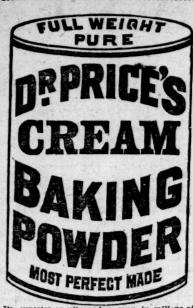
No. 28 Peachtree Street.

OFFICES FOR RENT. TRADERS BANK BUILDING.

OFFICES AND. BUSINESS ROOMS, SUITABLE for physicians, lawyers, brokers, etc., can now be secured in the Traders Bank building, on Decatur street, opposite Kimball house. These offices will be ready for occupancy May Ist, and are fitted with every modern convenience and appointments—elevator, gas, electric lights, etc. A few offices can be finished at an earlier date if necessary. Desk room can be had in a large room on second floor at a low rextal. For terms apply to

K. F. GOULD, Kimball House, or at building.

PRICE'S BARING POWDER,



Its superior excellence is proven in milions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,

NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS

5 or 80 fol and n r m last n wk

G. W. Adair, Real Estate Agent.

1 have property of every class for sale. I also have some little demand for every class of

I invite parties who wish to sell or buy to come in and let me know your wants. I have every facility and a complete corps of assistants, and am always ready to transact real estate business. I have two beautiful, well shaded, West Peachtre

4 vacant residence lots on Peachtree. 4 very best vacant lots on Jackson street, near

Houston street, 3 vacant lots on Boulevard. 3 vacant lots on Decatur street.

5 pretty residence lots on Pryor street. 5 vacant lots on Smith and McDaniel streets 4 vacant lots on Walker street.

Several well located vacant lots in third ward, or ng time and small payments 12 splendid vacant lots on Georgia avenue

Residences and vacant lots in every ward in the city at from \$100 to \$30,000. . 2 splendid brick residences in center of city, on outh side. 4 cottages, near First Methodist church.

3 nice 4-room houses on Davis street. 4 nice 4-room houses on W. Feir street. I also have property in West End, Edgewood Kirkwood, Decatur, and in the country. Come and see me. G. W. ADAIR, 5 Kimball House, Wall street.

G. W. ADAIR, Auctioneer.

6-ROOM HOUSE. 267 Jones Street.

WILL sell upon the premises on Thursday afernoon: March 22d, at 3 p.m., a lot 57x209 feet.

pon which is a 6-room house. This property is convenient to Fair street school and street car line, and near the new capitol. A pleasant neighborhood. Titles indisputable

Terms cash. W. ADAIR, Auctio neer

THE BIG AUCTION,

At Auction, Thursday, 29th, at 3 P. M.

Every lot a choice one; no colored brothers in the neighborhood; every lot overlooking the city and surrounding country. The lots are all large and suitable for good homes. The property in this vicinity that we sold last year the same lots are now selling at an advance of 25 per cent. Next year will prove a greater increase. The new Hawkinsville road shops are being located adjoining some of these lots. Don't buy until you see our sale plats at our office. Terms, ¼ cash; balance 6, 12 and 18 months, 8 per cent interest.

On Monday, 26th, at 3:30,

On We dnesday, 28th, at 3:30 P. M.

We will sell eleven lots on Venable, "Gresham and Orchard streets, near Technological school. All the lots shaded, and in one of the best localities for renting property in the city. Terms. \(\frac{1}{2} \) cash, balance 6 and 12 months. Titles to all this property absolutely good.

P. J. KENNY.

KENNY & WERNER NO. 40 DECATUR ST., ATLANTA, GA.

Agents for PICKWICK CLUB and J, W. HARPER WHISKIES and BUDWEISER BOTTLED BEER. Wholesale Liquor Dealers All orders from a distance promptly attended to dec30—dif 8thp un u o rob

EXIT Paper Cigarettes.

Absolutely pure, hand-made and all tobacco of choicest quality. For sale everywhere. Five in a package for 5 cents. Try them. J. STEINHEIMER & CO.,

Wholesale Agents, Atfanta. Ga,

CZOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

Our Tailoring Department booming with the

Choicest Fabrics of the Season's Production

This stock embraces all the leading varieties of Worsteds, Cheviots and Cloths, in the most carefully selected patterns, and well merit your early inspection.

HIRSCH BROS.

42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET. GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, ETC.

BROWN & KING,

MANUFACTURERS OF AND DEALERS

COTTON, WOOLEN AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES,

MACHINERY AND TOOLS, LEATHER AND RUBBER

BELTING, HOSE, PACKING, ETC., PORTABLE FORGERS, PRESSURE BLOWERS

AND EXHAUST FANS, WROUGHT IRON PIPE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS. Send for Prices and

S. BROAD STREET.

HOLLIS



LIME, CEMENT AND COAL.

Terra Cotta Stove Flue, absolutely fire proof: Terra Cotta Chimney Tops and Stove Thimbles.

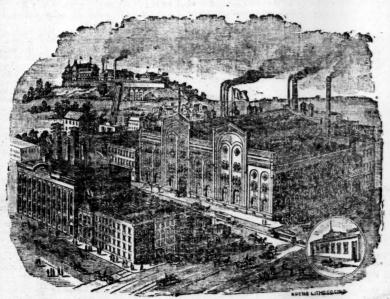


CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN, Prest. JNO. GOETZ, Jr., Sec'y.

LAGER BEER.

CAPACITY 350,000 BARRELS YEARLY.

BEER.



For Sale Everywhere in Atlanta. Particular attention is invited to our "NATIONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the fined grade of imported and domestic hope and mail, and pre and according to the most approved methods. It is a genuine and pure old lager; does not contain a particle of any injurious ingredients, and being abbolutely free from all adulterations is invariably prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the convalencent, the weak and the aged. The "NATIONAL EXPORT" was breved originally for the Australian trade exclusively, but, with our increased facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our customers throughout the world.

MORRILEINS "NATIONAL EXPORT" was breved originally for the distinction of the containing the containin proughout the world.

MOERLEIN'S "NATIONAL EXPORT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnati
moistion over all competitors, proving it the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently the finest in the
stition over all competitors. Exposition over all competitors, proving it the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in two world. The barrel beer of THE CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be equal, if not superior, to any beer brewed at home or abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dozen Pints, and is guaranteed to keep in any climate.

Emil Selig, Atlanta Agent. ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

-JACOB HAAS, Cashier

CAPITAL CITY BANK

W.A. HEMPHILL, President.

Open on Saturdays and Mondays Until 7 p. m

Drafts issued on England, Germany, France and all parts of Europe at lowest market rates.

VOL. XIX.

BARNES'S TRIUMPH.

in Securing a Federal Court for Augusta.

DOES BLOUNT WANT TO BE GOVERNOR

He Says That No Arrangement to That Effect Exists—The Blair Bill Sleep-

Washington, March 22.—[Special.]—The Georgia federal judges only get an increase over their present salaries of \$500, making the amount \$4,000 each. The house judiciary committee decided the matter this morning. The judge of the southern district of New York gets an increase from \$4,000 to \$5,000; those of Illinois, from \$4,000 to \$5,000; Pennsylvania, Ohio, Missouri and Massachusetts, from \$4,000 to \$4,500. The salary of all the other districtingless is fixed at \$4,000, the same as Georgia's judges is fixed at \$4,000, the same as Georgia's.

Major Barnes sustains his well-earned repu-Major Barnes sustains his well-earned reputation as one of the best of Georgia's congressmen. Today he added to the good work already accomplished by him for Augusta by getting his bill through the house to divide the northern judicial district of Georgia into two divisions, and having a federal court held at Augusta. The bill will undoubtedly pass

the senate and become a law in ample time to hold court in Augusta, as soon as the public building at that place is completed. THE COLORED EXPOSITION. THE COLORED EXPOSITION.

Philip Joseph, ex-Representative Smalls and Recorder Trotter appeared before the house appropriation committee today in the interest of Representative Kelley's bill for a \$400,000 appropriation to aid the national colored exposition to be held in Atlanta next winter. They presented a well prepared array of facts and figures, and impressed the committee with the advancement made by the colored was since the war. All three are time red race since the war. All three are fine talkers, and the chances of a favorable report

are good. BLOUNT FOR GOVERNOR. The Critic of this afternoon says: 'There is a budding boom in Georgia for Congressman Blount for governor. Governor Blount sounds well, but Congressman Blount

pays better.' Mr. Blount says he has never yet announce himself a candidate, and that, although he has been accused of desiring the office of governor, and has heard it said that he and Gov ernor Gordon had arranged a little scheme by which the latter should come to the senate at the expiration of his second term, and that he should succeed him in the gubernatorial chair; however, Mr. Blount says, those who have made the statement seem to know more about it than He says no such thing has ever occurred.

THE BLAIR BILL. Of late considerable pressure has been brought to bear upon the committee on educa-tion to have them report the Blair bill. In order that the house may have an opportunity to satisfy these clamors, Mr. Crain, chairman of the sub-committee, called a meeting for this morning, but no quorum having been present, the bill has again gone over. The committee have evidently determined to THE BLECTION OF SENATORS.

The house committee on the revision of the laws has decided to report favorably the joint

resolution providing for the election of sena-tors by a popular vote instead of delegating their choice to state legislatures. This was done because the people have come to look apon the senate as a council of millionaires, who, by their wealth rather than their services to their constituencies, hold their seats in the highest legislative body in the country.

The republican members of the ways and means committee have begun the preparation of a tariff bill, upon which their party can unite in opposition to the democratic represented the first district of Tennessee, as a republican, has removed to the Chattanooga district, and will, it is said, seek the nomination on the republican ticket in that district this year. The district is close, and Pettibone thinks he can carry it against Mr. Neal, the present representative, or any one else whon the democrats may nominate. E. W. B.

SENATOR SAULSBURY SPEAKS.

Me is in Favor of Retaining the Tax on Whisky and Tobacco.

Washington, March 22.—A bill was reported from the committee and placed on the calcular to authorize the construction of a ross the Tennessee river at Chatta-

ported from the committee and placed on the calsendar to authorize the construction of a bridge across the Tennessee river at Chattanooga. (A house bill).

Mr. Saulsbury addressed the senate on the subject of the president's annual message. The democratic party, he said, had always maintained, and still held, that the only proper motive of taxation was to provide the necessary revenue for the wants of the government; and that every man was bound to contribute his just share. Taxation for any other purpose was unjust and indefensible. The democratic party was in favor of revision and the reduction of the tariff, and would carry it out unless thwarted in its purpose by the combinations of democratis (actuated by local interests) with republicans who favored high rates. The republicans arty, judging by statements of its leader and of its press, would oppose any proposition of reduction, and if it could reduce the surplus by large and unnecessary appropriations it would do so. He thought he stated the views of the two parties throughout the country fairly when he said democrats favored a tariff in the interest of the people, and that the republicans favored it in the interest of protection. There might be a few democratis who were protectionists. How anybody could assert that the president or democratic party was in favor of free trade was beyond his comprehension. Such statements, however, had been recklessly made in the senate, with the full knowledge on the part of those who made them that, there was nothing in the history of the democratic party, past or present, that justified them. The democratic party was not in favor of free irade, but it was earnestly in favor of reducing tariff rates so that no grenter taxation would be imposed on the people, but he would vote for any measure that would obviate the objectionable methods of collecting those taxes. At the close of Mr. Saulsbury's remarks, Mr. Riddleberger offered a resolution that the rules providing for executive sessions be suspended during the considerat

The senate then proceeded to the considera-tion of bills on the calendar in their regular order, to which no objection was made, and passed a number, principally of a local or pri-vate character. Among the bills so passed are

the following:
Authorizing the construction of bridges over the Tennessee river between Bridgeport and Shaffield, in Alabama, and over Carey Fork Tree, between Rock Island and Carthogeiu,

Tennessee.

Té provide for a commission on the subject of the aicoholic liquor traffic. The commission is to be "non partisan." Its members chall be chosen with regard to personal fitness.